



RoHS

# **MS5525DSO** (Digital Small Outline)

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

- Integrated Digital Pressure Sensor
   (24-bit ΔΣ ADC)
- Fast Conversion Down to 1 ms
- Low Power, 1 μA (standby < 0.15 μA)</li>
- Supply Voltage: 1.8 to 3.6V
- Pressure Range: 1 to 30 PSI
- I<sup>2</sup>C and SPI Interface

The MS5525DSO is a new generation of Digital Small Outline pressure sensors from MEAS with SPI and I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface designed for high volume OEM users. The sensor module includes a pressure sensor and an ultra low power 24-bit  $\Delta\Sigma$  ADC with internal factory calibrated coefficients. It provides a 24-bit digital pressure and temperature value and different operation modes that allow the user to optimize for conversion speed and current consumption. The MS5525DSO can be interfaced to virtually any microcontroller. The communication protocol is simple, without the need of programming internal registers in the device.

This new sensor module generation is based on leading MEMS technology and latest benefits from TE proven experience and know-how in high volume manufacturing of pressure modules, which have been widely used for over a decade.

The rugged engineered thermoplastic transducer is available in single and dual port configurations, and can measure absolute, gauge, compound, and differential pressure from 1 to 30psi.

## FEATURES

- Small Outline IC Package
- Barbed Pressure Ports
- Low Power, High Resolution ADC
- Digital Pressure and Temperature Outputs

## **APPLICATIONS**

- Factory Automation
- Altitude and Airspeed Measurements
- Medical Instruments
- Leak Detection

## STANDARD RANGES (PSI)

FS Pressure	Absolute	Gauge	Differential
1		DB, SB, ST, DH,FT	DB, SB,ST, DH
2		DB, SB, ST, DH,FT	DB, SB,ST, DH
5		DB, SB, ST, DH,FT	DB, SB,ST ,DH
15	DB, DH,FT	DB, SB, ST, DH,FT	DB, DH
30	DB, DH,FT	DB, SB, ST, DH,FT	DB, DH

See Package Configurations: DB= Dual Barb, DH= Dual Hole, SB=Single Barb, ST=Single Tube, FT=Front Side Tube

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit	Symbol/Notes	
Supply Voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-0.3	3.6	V	V <sub>DD</sub>	
Storage Temperature		-40	125	°C		
Overpressure	$T_A = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ , both Ports		60	psi		
Burst Pressure	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, Port 1			psi	See Table 1	
ESD	HBM	-4	+4	kV	EN 61000-4-2	
Solder Temperature		250°C, 5 sec max.				

#### Table 1- BURST PRESSURE BY RANGE AND PORT DESIGNATION.

Range	Port 1	Port 2	Unit
001	10	10	psi
002	20	20	psi
005	50	15	psi
015	120	60	psi
030	120	120	psi

# ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Conditions
Mechanical Shock	Mil Spec 202F, Method 213B, Condition C, 3 Drops
Mechanical Vibration	Mil Spec 202F, Method 214A, Condition 1E, 1Hr Each Axis
Thermal Shock	100 Cycles over Storage Temperature, 30 minute dwell
Life	1 Million FS Cycles
MTTF	>10Yrs, 70 °C, 1 Million Pressure Cycles, 120%FS Pressure

# PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

#### Supply Voltage<sup>1</sup> 3.0 Vdc

#### Reference Temperature: 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS	NOTES
Operating Voltage	1.8		3.6		
ADC			24	bits	
Pressure Accuracy	:	See Table 2 Below		%FS	2,5
Total Error Band (TEB)	-2.5		2.5	%FS	3
Temperature Accuracy (Reference Temperature)		±1.5		°C	4,5
Temperature Accuracy		±2.5		°C	4,5
Supply Current	Se	e OSR Table Belov	N	mA	
Compensated Temperature	0		85	°C	
Operating Temperature	-40		+125	°C	
Conversion Time	Se	e OSR Table Belov	N	mS	
Weight		3		grams	
Media	Non-Corrosive	Dry Gases Compati	ble with Silicon,	Glass, LCP, RTV,	

Non-Corrosive Dry Gases Compatible with Silicon, Glass, LCP, RTV, Gold, Thermo-Epoxy, Silicone Gel, Aluminum and Epoxy. See "Wetted Material by Port Designation" chart.

#### Notes

- 1. Proper operation requires an external capacitor placed as shown in Application Circuit. Output is not ratiometric to supply voltage.
- The maximum deviation from a best fit straight line(BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the pressure range at 25°C. Includes all errors due to pressure non linearity, hysteresis, and non repeatability.

3. The maximum deviation from ideal output with respect to input pressure and temperature over the compensated temperature range. Total error band (TEB) includes all accuracy errors, thermal errors over the compensated temperature range, span and offset calibration tolerances. TEB values are valid only at the calibrated supply voltage.

- 4. The deviation from a best fit straight line (BFSL) from 25°C. to 85°C.
- 5. Six coefficients must be read by microcontroller software and are used in a mathematical calculation for converting D1 and D2 into compensated pressure and temperature values.

#### Table 2- TYPICAL ACCURACY SPECIFICATION BY PRESSURE RANGE

Range	Port 1	Port 2	Unit
001	±0.25	±1.0	%FSS
002	±0.25	±0.5	%FSS
005	±0.50	±1.0	%FSS
015	±0.25	±0.25	%FSS
030	±0.25	±0.25	%FSS

## OVERSAMPLNG RATIO (OSR) PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

## SUPPLY CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
Supply current (1 sample per sec.)		OSR 4096		12.5		
		2048		6.3		
	I <sub>DD</sub>	1024		3.2		μA
		512		1.7		
		256		0.9		
Peak supply current		during conversion		1.4		mA
Standby supply current		at 25℃		0.02	0.14	μA

## ANALOG DIGITAL CONVERTER (ADC)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
		OSR	4096	7.40	8.22	9.04	
			2048	3.72	4.13	4.54	
Conversion time	tc		1024	1.88	2.08	2.28	ms
			512	0.95	1.06	1.17	
			256	0.48	0.54	0.60	

# INPUT/OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

# DIGITAL INPUTS (CSB, I<sup>2</sup>C, DIN, SCLK)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
Serial data clock	SCLK	SPI protocol			20	MHz
Serial data clock	SCL	I2C protocol			400	kHz
Input high voltage	VIH	Pins CSB	80% V <sub>DD</sub>		100% V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Input low voltage	VIL		0% V <sub>DD</sub>		20% V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Input leakage current	I <sub>leak25℃</sub> I <sub>leak85℃</sub>	at 25℃			0.15	μA
Input capacitance	CIN				6	pF

## PRESSURE OUTPUTS (I<sup>2</sup>C, DOUT)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
Output high voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	$I_{source} = 0.6 \text{ mA}$	80% V <sub>DD</sub>		100% V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Output low voltage	Vol	$I_{sink} = 0.6 \text{ mA}$	0% V <sub>DD</sub>		$20\% V_{DD}$	V
Load capacitance	CLOAD				16	pF

## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

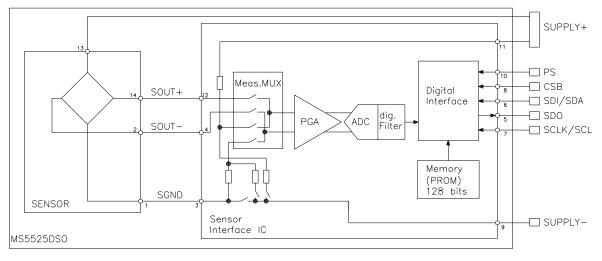


Figure 1: Block diagram of MS5525DSO

#### GENERAL

The MS5525DSO consists of a piezo-resistive sensor and a sensor interface IC. The main function of the MS5525DSO is to convert the uncompensated analog output voltage from the piezo-resistive pressure sensor to a 24-bit digital value, as well as providing a 24-bit digital value for the temperature of the sensor.

#### FACTORY CALIBRATION

Every module is individually factory calibrated at two temperatures and three pressures. As a result, six coefficients necessary to compensate for process variations and temperature variations are calculated and stored in the 128-bit PROM of each module. These bits, partitioned into six coefficients, C1 through C6, must be read by the microcontroller software and used in the program converting D1 and D2 into compensated pressure and temperature values.

The coefficients C0 and C7 are for factory calibration and CRC.

#### SERIAL INTERFACE

The MS5525DSO has built in two types of serial interfaces: SPI and I<sup>2</sup>C. Pulling the Protocol Select pin PS to low selects the SPI protocol, pulling PS to high activates the I<sup>2</sup>C bus protocol.

Pin PS	Mode	Pins used
High	I <sup>2</sup> C	SDA, SCL CSB
Low	SPI	SDI, SDO, SCLK, CSB

#### **SPI MODE**

The external microcontroller clocks in the data through the input SCLK (Serial CLocK) and SDI (Serial Data In). In the SPI mode module can accept both mode 0 and mode 3 for the clock polarity and phase. The sensor responds on the output SDO (Serial Data Out). The pin CSB (Chip Select) is used to enable/disable the interface, so that other devices can talk on the same SPI bus. The CSB pin can be pulled high after the command is sent or after the end of the command execution (for example end of conversion). The best noise performance from the module is obtained when the SPI bus is idle and without communication to other devices during the ADC conversion.

#### I<sup>2</sup>C MODE & ADDRESSING

The external microcontroller clocks in the data through the input SCL (Serial CLock) and SDA (Serial DAta). The sensor responds on the same pin SDA which is bidirectional for the I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface. So this interface type uses only 2 signal lines and does not require a chip select, which can be favorable to reduce board space. In I<sup>2</sup>C -Mode the complement of the pin CSB (Chip Select) represents the LSB of the I<sup>2</sup>C address. It is possible to use two sensors with two different addresses on the I<sup>2</sup>C bus. The pin CSB must be connected to VDD or GND do not leave these pins unconnected.

Pin CSB	Address (7 bits)
High	0x76
Low	0x77

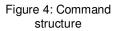
#### COMMANDS

The MS5525DSO has only five basic commands:

- 1. Reset
- 2. Read PROM (128 bit of calibration words)
- 3. D1 conversion
- 4. D2 conversion
- 5. Read ADC result (24 bit pressure / temperature)

Size of each command is 1 byte (8 bits) as described in the table below. After ADC read commands the device will return 24 bit result and after the PROM read 16bit result. The address of the PROM is embedded inside of the PROM read command using the Ad2, Ad1 and Ad0 bits.

	Comr	nand I	oyte						hex value
Bit number	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Bit name	PRM	COV	-	Тур	Ad2/ Os2	Ad1/ Os1	Ad0/ Os0	Stop	
Command									
Reset	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0x1E
Convert D1 (OSR=256)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0x40
Convert D1 (OSR=512)	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0x42
Convert D1 (OSR=1024)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0x44
Convert D1 (OSR=2048)	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0x46
Convert D1 (OSR=4096)	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0x48
Convert D2 (OSR=256)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0x50
Convert D2 (OSR=512)	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0x52
Convert D2 (OSR=1024)	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0x54
Convert D2 (OSR=2048)	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0x56
Convert D2 (OSR=4096)	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0x58
ADC Read	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0x00
PROM Read	1	0	1	0	Ad2	Ad1	Ad0	0	0xA0 to
									0xAE



Start 5525DSO-pp005GS Example Tmin=-40°C , Tmax=125°C

/ariable	Coefficient Description	Recommended	Size [1]	Va	alue	Example/	
andbie	Coencient Description	Variable Type	[Bit]	Min	Max	Typical	
C1	Pressure Sensitivity, SENS <sub>⊺1</sub>	unsigned int 16	16	0	65535	36402	
C2	Pressure Offset, OFF <sub>T1</sub>	unsigned int 16	16	0	65535	39473	
C3	Temperature Coefficient, Pressure Sensitivity, TCS	unsigned int 16	16	0	65535	40393	
C4	Temperature Coefficient, Pressure Offset, TCO	unsigned int 16	16	0	65535	29523	
C5	Reference Temperature, T <sub>REF</sub>	unsigned int 16	16	0	65535	29854	
C6	Temperature Coefficient Temperature, TEMPSENS	unsigned int 16	16	0	65535	21917	

Read Dig	ital Pressure and Temperature Data						
D1	Digital Pressure Value	unsigned int 32	24	0	16777216		5240585
D2	Digital Temperature Value	unsigned int 32	24	0	16777216		3869265
I				Ţ		L	

L

Calcula	ate Temperature					
dΤ	Difference between actual and reference temperature dT = D2 - T_{RE F} = D2 - C5 * $2^{Q5}$	signed int 32	25	-16776960	16777216	47953
TEMP	Measured temperature TEMP=20 °C+dT*TEMPSENS=2000+dT*C6/2 <sup>Q6</sup>	signed int 32	41	-4000	12500	2501 =25.01 <sup>°</sup> C

5218046194
2415906558
24996 =2.4996psi

**Display Pressure and Temperature Value** 

Figure 1: Flow chart for pressure and temperature reading and software compensation.

## **Qx Coefficients Matrix by Pressure Range**

Part Number	Pmin	Pmax	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	T <sub>RES</sub>	P <sub>RES</sub>
									(°C)	(PSI)
5525DSO-pp001GS	0	1	14	16	7	5	7	21	0.01	0.0001
5525DSO-pp001DS	-1	1	15	17	7	5	7	21	0.01	0.0001
5525DSO-pp002GS	0	2	14	16	8	6	7	22	0.01	0.0001
5525DSO-pp002DS	-2	2	16	18	6	4	7	22	0.01	0.0001
5525DSO-pp005GS	0	5	16	17	6	5	7	21	0.01	0.0001
5525DSO-pp005DS	-5	5	17	19	5	3	7	22	0.01	0.0001
5525DSO-pp0015AS	0	15	16	17	6	5	7	22	0.01	0.0001
5525DSO-pp0015GS	0	15	16	17	6	5	7	22	0.01	0.0001
5525DSO-pp0015DS	-15	15	17	19	5	3	7	22	0.01	0.0001
5525DSO-pp0030AS	0	30	17	18	5	4	7	22	0.01	0.0001
5525DSO-pp0030GS	0	30	17	18	5	4	7	22	0.01	0.0001
5525DSO-pp0030DS	-30	30	18	21	4	1	7	22	0.01	0.0001

## **MEMORY MAPPING**

Address	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0		Reserved for Manufacturer														
1							C	Coefficie	ent 1 (C	1)						
2							C	Coefficie	ent 2 (C	2)						
3							C	Coefficie	ent 3 (C	3)						
4							C	Coefficie	ent 4 (C	4)						
5							C	Coefficie	ent 5 (C	5)						
6							C	Coefficie	ent 6 (C	6)						
7						<u> </u>	Γ	Γ					Γ	С	RC	

# Figure 2: Memory PROM Mapping

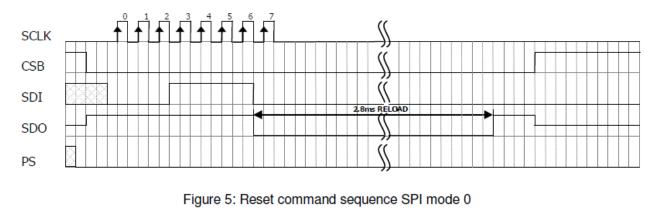
Notes

[1] Maximal size of intermediate result during evaluation of variable.

## SPI INTERFACE

## **RESET SEQUENCE**

The Reset sequence shall be sent once after power-on to make sure that the calibration PROM gets loaded into the internal register. It can be also used to reset the device ROM from an unknown condition



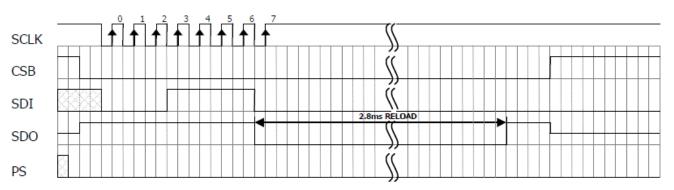


Figure 6: Reset command sequence SPI mode 3

## **CONVERSION SEQUENCE**

The conversion command is used to initiate uncompensated pressure (D1) or uncompensated temperature (D2) conversion. The chip select can be disabled during this time to communicate with other devices.

After the conversion, using ADC read command the result is clocked out with the MSB first. If the conversion is not executed before the ADC read command, or the ADC read command is repeated, it will give 0 as the output result. If the ADC read command is sent during conversion the result will be 0, the conversion will not stop and the final result will be wrong. Conversion sequence sent during the already started conversion process will yield incorrect result as well.

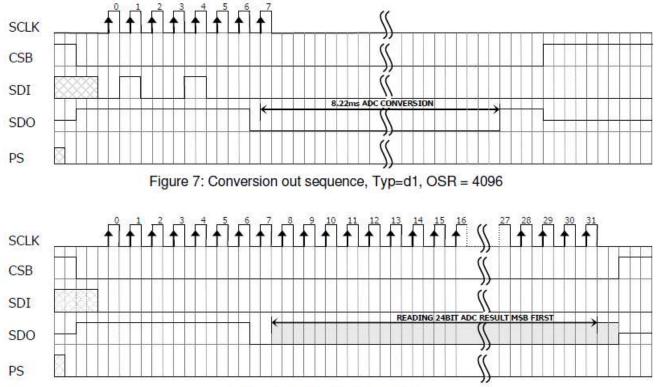
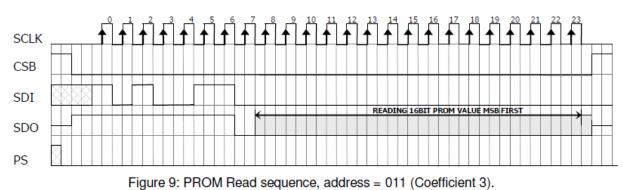


Figure 8: ADC Read sequence

#### **PROM READ SEQUENCE**

The read command for PROM shall be executed once after reset by the user to read the content of the calibration PROM and to calculate the calibration coefficients. There are in total 8 addresses resulting in a total memory of 128 bit. Address 0 contains factory data and the setup, addresses 1-6 calibration coefficients and address 7 contains the serial code and CRC. The command sequence is 8 bits long with a 16 bit result which is clocked with the MSB first.



## I<sup>2</sup>C INTERFACE

#### COMMANDS

Each I<sup>2</sup>C communication message starts with the start condition and it is ended with the stop condition. The MS5525DSO address is 111011Cx, where C is the complementary value of the pin CSB. Since the IC does not have a microcontroller inside, the commands for I<sup>2</sup>C and SPI are quite similar.

#### **RESET SEQUENCE**

The reset can be sent at any time. In the event that there is not a successful power on reset this may be caused by the SDA being blocked by the module in the acknowledge state. The only way to get the MS5525DSO to function is to send several SCLKs followed by a reset sequence or to repeat power on reset.

1 1 1 0 1 Device Addres		1 0 1 0 0 1 command	1 0 0	
S Device Addres	ss W A	cmd byte	A P	
From Master From Slave	S = Start P = Stop (		W = Write R = Read	A = Acknowledge N = Not Acknowledge



#### **PROM READ SEQUENCE**

The PROM Read command consists of two parts. First command sets up the system into PROM read mode. The second part gets the data from the system.

	1 0 1 /ice Add	1 CSB 0 ress	0	L 0		0 Iman		1	0	0		_			
S De	/ice Add	ress W	A		cmo	l byt	е			Α	Ρ	Ι			
From I From S		S = S P = S							= W Rei			-	A = Ack N = Not	5	ge

Figure 11: I2C Command to read memory address= 011 (Coefficient 3)

1 1 1 0 1 1 CSB Device Address	0 1 1 0 0 X data	x x x 0 x	X X X X X X X data	0
S Device Address	R A Memory bit 1	5-8 A	Memory bit 7 - 0	ΝP
	= Start Condition = Stop Condition	W = Write R = Read	A = Acknowledge N = Not Acknowled	ge

Figure 12: I2C response from MS5525DSO

#### **CONVERSION SEQUENCE**

A conversion can be started by sending the command to MS5525DSO. When command is sent to the system it stays busy until conversion is done. When conversion is finished the data can be accessed by sending a Read command, when an acknowledge appears from the MS5525DSO, 24 SCLK cycles may be sent to receive all result bits. Every 8-bit the system waits for an acknowledge signal.

1 1 1 0 1 1 CSB Device Address	0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 command	0 0 0	
S Device Address	W A cmd byte	A P	
	= Start Condition = Stop Condition	W = Write R = Read	A = Acknowledge N = Not Acknowledge

Figure 13: I<sup>2</sup>C Command to initiate a pressure conversion (OSR=4096, typ=D1)

1       1       1       1       CSB       0       0       0       0       0       0       0         Device Address       command       command       A       P							
From MasterS = Start ConditionW = WriteA = AcknowledgeFrom SlaveP = Stop ConditionR = ReadN = Not Acknowledge							
Figure 14: I <sup>2</sup> C ADC read sequence							
1 1 1 0 1 1 CSB 1 0 X	x x x x x x x x x		0				
Device Address data data data							
S Device Address R A	Data 23-16 A	Data 8 - 15	A Data 7 - 0 N	Р			
From Master S = Start Condition W = Write A = Acknowledge							

Figure 15: I<sup>2</sup>C response from MS5525DSO

N = Not Acknowledge

R = Read

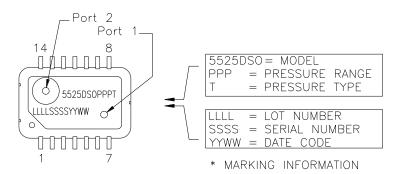
#### CYCLIC REDUNDANCY CHECK (CRC)

P = Stop Condition

From Slave

MS5525DSO contains a PROM memory with 128-Bit. A 4-bit CRC has been implemented to check the data validity in memory. The application note AN520 describes in detail CRC-4 code used.

## PINOUT, MARKING, AND PRESSURE TYPE CONFIGURATION



Pressure Type	Pmin	Pmax	Description
Absolute	0psiA	+Prange	Output is proportional to the difference between 0psiA (Pmin) and pressure applied to Port 1.
Differential/ Bidirectional	-Prange	+Prange	Output is proportional to the difference between Port 1 and Port 2. Output swings positive when Port 2> Port 1. Output is 50% of total counts when Port 1=Port 2.
Gauge	0psiG	+Prange	Output is proportional to the difference between 0psiG (Pmin) and Port 1. Output swings positive when Port 2> Port 1.

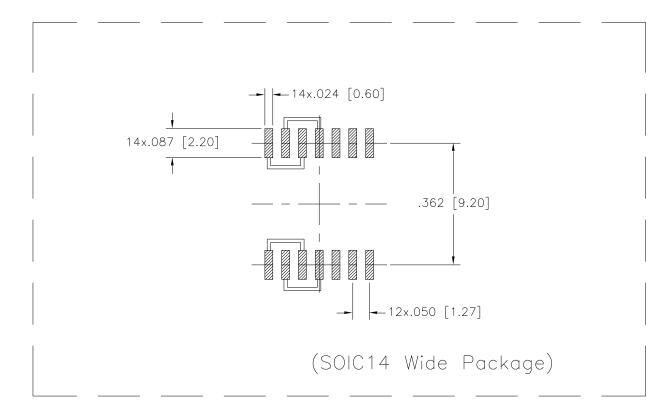
Pin Name	Pin	Function			
		12C	SPI		
SGND	1,3	Sensor Ground			
SOUT-	2,4	Sensor Outputs, Negative			
SDO	5		Serial Data Output		
SDA/SDI	6	I <sup>2</sup> C Data Input and Output	SPI Serial Data Input		
SCL/SCLK	7	I <sup>2</sup> C Clock	SPI Clock		
CSB	8	Defines I <sup>2</sup> C Address	Chip Select (Active Low)		
GND	9	Ground			
PS	10	Protoco	Protocol Select		
		PS = (VDD)	PS = (GND)		
		I <sup>2</sup> C Protocol Selected	SPI Protocol Selected		
		CSB= (VDD) I <sup>2</sup> C Address =1110110X (0xEC, 0xED)			
		CSB= (GND) I <sup>2</sup> C Address=1110111X (0xEE, 0xEF)			
Supply+	11,13	Positive Supply Voltage			
SOUT+	12,14	Sensor Outputs, Positive			

## WETTED MATERIAL BY PORT DESIGNATION

	Material							
Style	Port         LCP         Thermo-Epoxy         Epoxy         RTV         Glass         Silicon         Silicone           Style         Resin         Glass         Silicon         Gel							
All	Port 1	Х	Х	Х				Х
All	Port 2	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	

"X" Indicates Wetted Materials

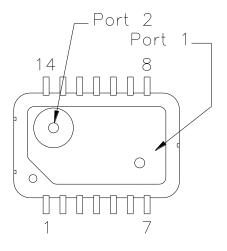
# **RECOMMEND PCB LAYOUT**



PAD NO.	FUNCTION	PAD NO.	FUNCTION
1	SGND	8	CSB
2	SOUT-	9	SUPPLY-
3	SGND	10	PS
4	SOUT-	11	SUPPLY+
5	SDO	12	SOUT+
6	SDI/SDA	13	SUPPLY+
7	SCLK/SCL	14	SOUT+

FUNCTION PINS THAT SHARE THE SAME NAME (SGND, SOUT+, SOUT-, SUPPLY+) MUST BE CONNECTED TOGETHER ON PCB FOR PROPER OPERATION.

NEED TO PLACE 0.1uF DECOUPING CAPACITOR BETWEEN SUPPLY+ AND SUPPLY- ON PCB AND AS CLOSE AS POSSIBLE TO SENSOR



## APPLICATION CIRCUIT

The MS5525DSO is a circuit that can be used in conjunction with a microcontroller. It is designed for low-voltage systems with a supply voltage of 3 V.

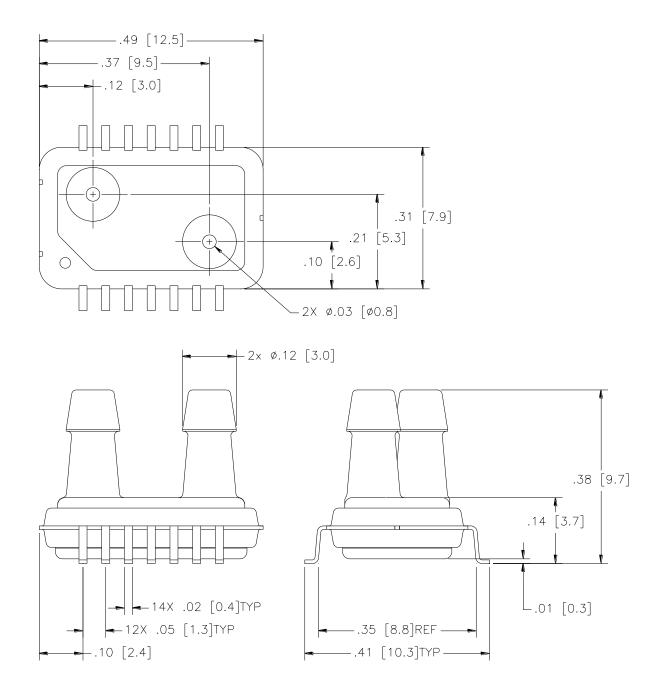
Figure 17: Typical application circuit with SPI / I<sup>2</sup>C protocol communication

## Note

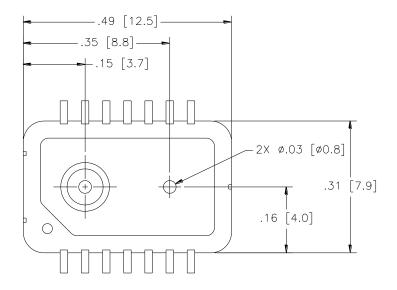
1. Place 100nF capacitor between Supply and GND to within 2 cm of sensor.

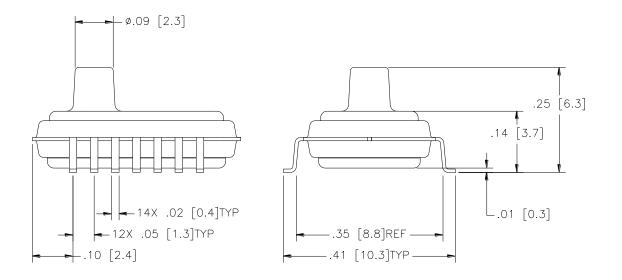
## DIMENSIONS

## MS5525DSO-DBxxxyS

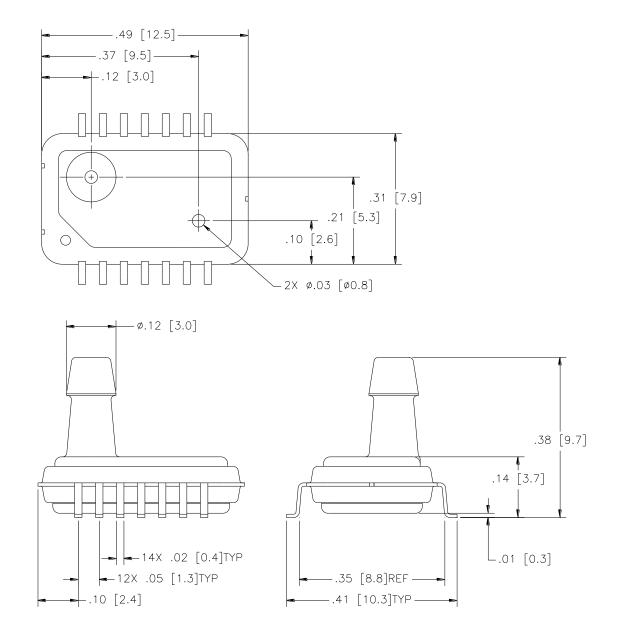


## MS5525DSO-STxxxyS

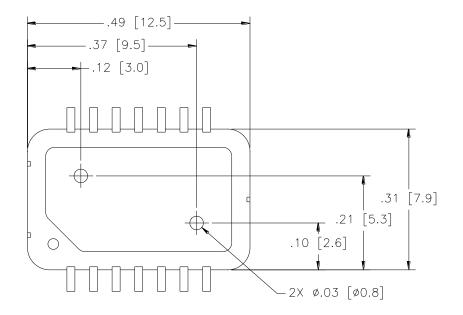


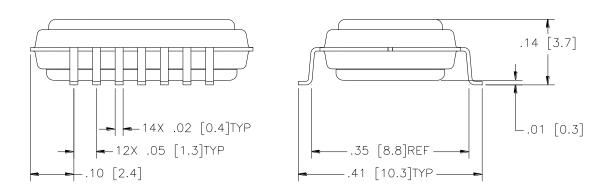


## MS5525DSO-SBxxxyS

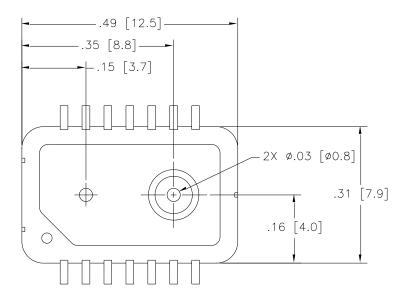


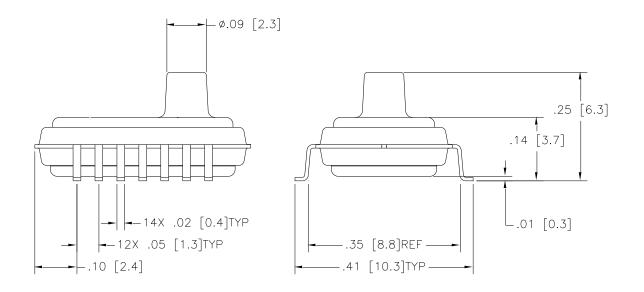
## MS5525DSO-DHxxxyS





#### MS5525DSO-FTxxxyS





## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

5525DSO	-	DB	DB 005 G		S
Model	-	Package Style	le Pressure Pressure Range Type		Pin Style
MS5525DSO	-	DB = Dual Barb SB = Single Barb ST = Single Tube DH = Dual Hole FT = Front Tube	001 002 005 015 030	<ul> <li>A = Absolute</li> <li>D = Differential</li> <li>G = Gauge</li> </ul>	S = Gull Wing

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