



## **SAW Components**

### **SAW filter**

Short range devices

<b>Series/type:</b>	<b>B3775</b>
<b>Ordering code:</b>	<b>B39431B3775Z810</b>
<b>Date:</b>	<b>May 15, 2006</b>
<b>Version:</b>	<b>2.0</b>



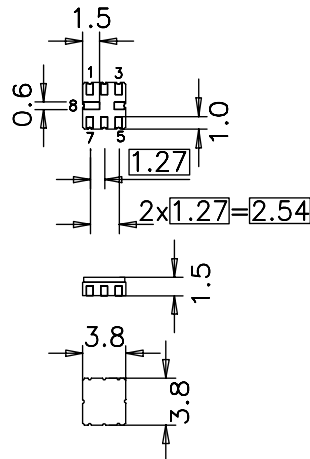
**Application**

- Low-loss RF filter for remote control receivers
- Balanced and unbalanced operation possible



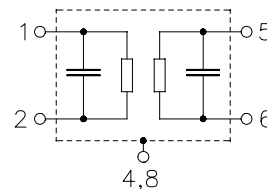
**Features**

- Package size 3.8 x 3.8 x 1.5 mm<sup>3</sup>
- Package code QCC8B
- RoHS compatible
- Approximate weight 0.07 g
- Package for **Surface Mount Technology (SMT)**
- Ni, gold-plated terminals
- Lead free soldering compatible with J - STD20C
- Passivation layer Elpas
- AEC-Q200 qualified component family
- **Electrostatic Sensitive Device (ESD)**



**Pin configuration<sup>1)</sup>**

- 1 Input ground (recommended) or input
- 2 Input (recommended) or input ground
- 5 Output (recommended) or output ground
- 6 Output ground (recommended) or output
- 4,8 Case - ground
- 3,7 to be grounded



1) The recommended pin configuration usually offers best suppression of electrical crosstalk. The filter characteristics refer to this configuration.



**SAW Components**

**B3775**

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**433.92 MHz**

Data sheet



**Characteristics**

Temperature range for specification:  $T = -40\text{ °C to }+95\text{ °C}$   
 Terminating source impedance:  $Z_S = 50\ \Omega$  and matching network  
 Terminating load impedance:  $Z_L = 50\ \Omega$  and matching network

		min.	typ. @ 25 °C	max.	
<b>Center frequency</b>	$f_C$	—	433.92	—	MHz
<b>Minimum insertion attenuation</b>	$\alpha_{min}$				
incl. loss in matching elements ( $Q_L = 47$ )		—	1.9	2.6	dB
excl. loss in matching elements		—	1.6	2.3	dB
<b>Pass band (relative to <math>\alpha_{min}</math>)</b>					
433.76 ... 434.08 MHz		—	0.5	2.0	dB
433.74 ... 434.10 MHz		—	0.7	3.0	dB
433.70 ... 434.14 MHz		—	1.0	6.0	dB
<b>Relative attenuation (relative to <math>\alpha_{min}</math>)</b>	$\alpha_{rel}$				
10.00 ... 414.00 MHz		47	52	—	dB
414.00 ... 423.50 MHz		45	50	—	dB
423.50 ... 432.12 MHz		32	36	—	dB
432.12 ... 433.10 MHz		17	21	—	dB
434.92 ... 438.90 MHz		13	16	—	dB
438.90 ... 441.90 MHz		34	42	—	dB
441.90 ... 500.00 MHz		40	45	—	dB
500.00 ... 700.00 MHz		50	55	—	dB
700.00 ... 805.00 MHz		45	50	—	dB
805.00 ... 1000.00 MHz		60	65	—	dB
1000.00 ... 2500.00 MHz		50	60	—	dB
<b>Impedance for pass band matching<sup>1)</sup></b>					
Input: $Z_{IN} = R_{IN} \parallel C_{IN}$		—	280    2.4	—	$\Omega$    pF
Output: $Z_{OUT} = R_{OUT} \parallel C_{OUT}$		—	280    2.4	—	$\Omega$    pF

<sup>1)</sup> Impedance for passband matching bases on an ideal, perfect matching of the SAW filter to source- and to load impedance (here 50 Ohm). After removal of the SAW filter the input impedance of the input and output matching network is calculated. The conjugate complex value of these characteristic impedances are the input and output impedances for flat passband. For more details we refer to EPCOS application note #4.



SAW Components

B3775

SAW filter

433.92 MHz

Data sheet



### Maximum ratings

Operable temperature range	T	-45/+120	°C	
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-45/+120	°C	
DC voltage	V <sub>DC</sub>	6	V	
Source power	P <sub>S</sub>	10	dBm	source impedance 50 Ω



SAW Components

B3775

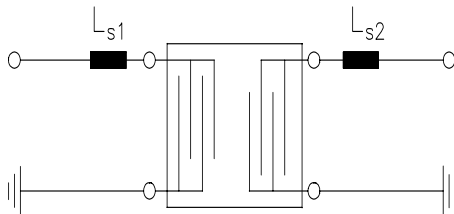
SAW filter

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Data sheet



Matching network to 50  $\Omega$  (element values depend on pcb layout and equivalent circuit)



$$L_{s1} = 33 \text{ nH}$$

$$L_{s2} = 33 \text{ nH}$$

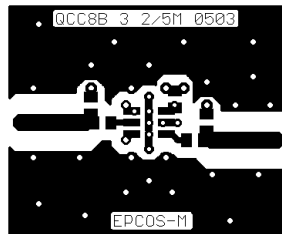
### Minimising the crosstalk

For a good ultimate rejection a low crosstalk is necessary. Low crosstalk can be realised with a good RF layout. The major crosstalk mechanism is caused by the “ground-loop” problem.

Grounding loops are created if input- and output transducer GND are connected on the top-side of the PCB and fed to the system grounding plane by a common via hole. To avoid the common ground path, the ground pin of the input- and output transducer are fed to the system ground plane (bottom PCB plane) by their own via hole. The transducers' grounding pins should be isolated from the upper grounding plane.

A common GND inductivity of 0.5nH degrades the ultimate rejection (crosstalk) by 20dB.

The optimised PCB layout, including matching network for transformation to 50 Ohm, is shown here. In this PCB layout the grounding loops are minimised to realise good ultimate rejection



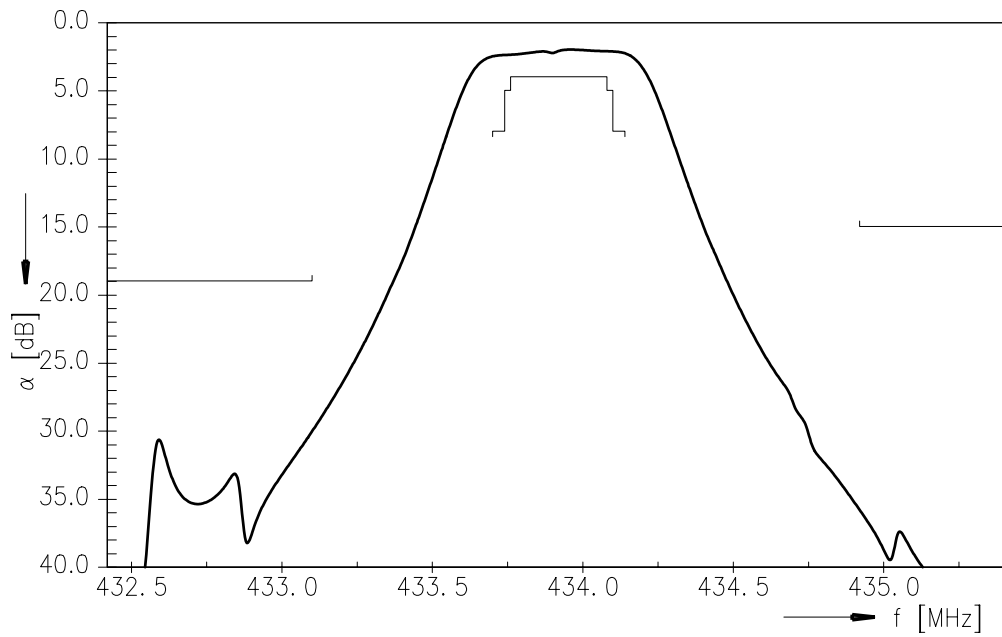
Optimised PCB layout for SAW filters in QCC8B package, pinning 2,5 (top side, scale 1:1)

The bottom side is a copper plane (system ground area). The input and output grounding pins are isolated and connected to the common ground by separated via holes.

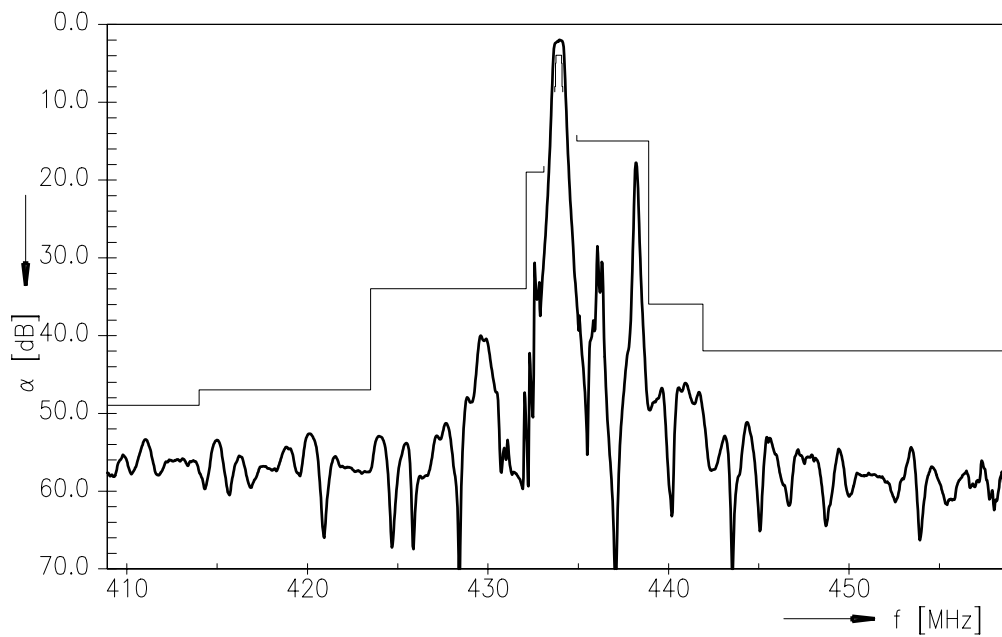
For good contact of the upper grounding area with the lower side it is necessary to place enough via holes.



Transfer function



Transfer function (wideband)





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B3775

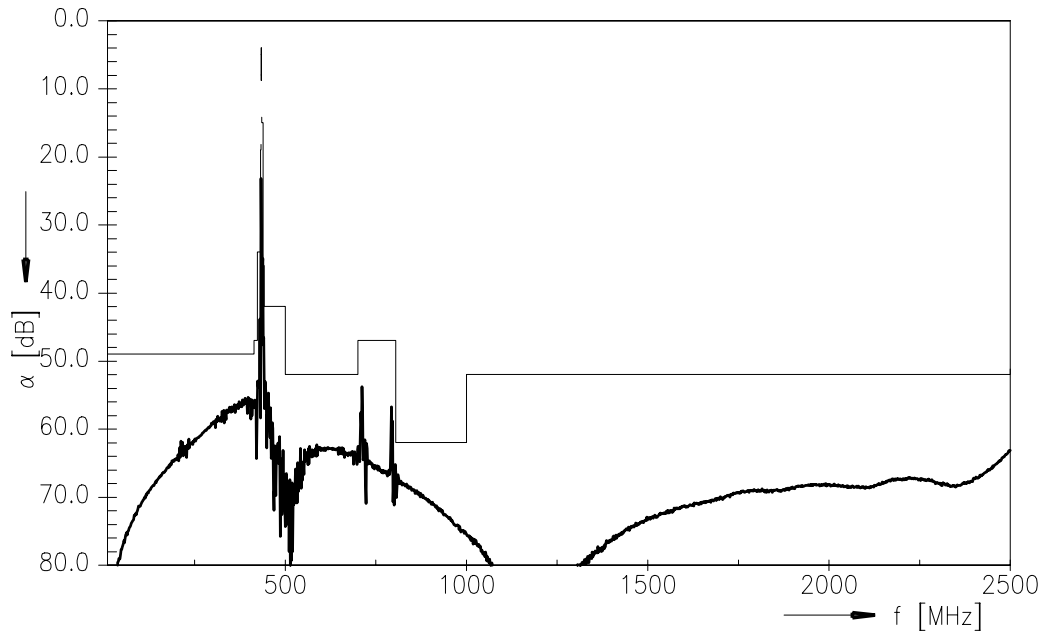
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Data sheet



Transfer function (ultimate rejection)



Please read *cautions and warnings and important notes* at the end of this document.



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<b>SAW filter</b>	<b>433.92 MHz</b>
Data sheet	

## References

<b>Type</b>	B3775
<b>Ordering code</b>	B39431B3775Z810
<b>Marking and package</b>	C61157-A7-A46
<b>Packaging</b>	F61074-V8167-Z000
<b>Date codes</b>	L_1126
<b>S-parameters</b>	B3775_SB.s2p B3775_WB.s2p
<b>Soldering profile</b>	S_6001
<b>RoHS compatible</b>	defined as compatible with the following documents: "DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment. 2005/618/EC from April 18th, 2005, amending Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council for the purposes of establishing the maximum concentration values for certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment."

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**Published by EPCOS AG**  
**Surface Acoustic Wave Components Division**  
**P.O. Box 80 17 09, 81617 Munich, GERMANY**

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