

BRIGHT RED MAN412C, MAN413C GREEN MAN442C, MAN443C HIGH EFF. RED MAN492C, MAN493C

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

13.0 (0.51) 9.9 (0.39) Date Code & Category 7.0 (0.28) 0.51 2.54 X 4 = 10.16 (0.40) 2.54 X 4 = 10.16 (0.40)

NOTES: Dimensions are in mm (inch). All pins are 0.5 (0.02) diameter Tolerances are \pm 0.25 (0.1) unless otherwise noted.

FEATURES

Easy to read digits.

Common anode or cathode.

Low power consumption.

Bold segments that are highly visible.

High brightness with high contrast

White segments on a grey face.

Directly compatible with integrated circuits.

Rugged plastic/epoxy construction.

APPLICATIONS

Digital readout displays. Instrument panels.

MODEL NUMBERS

Part number	<u>Color</u>	<u>Description</u>					
MAN412C	Bright Red	1 Digit, Common Anode, Rt. Hand Decimal					
MAN413C	Bright Red	1 Digit, Common Cathode, Rt Hand Decimal.					
MAN442C	Green	1 Digit, Common Anode, Rt Hand Decimal.					
MAN443C	Green	1 Digit, Common Cathode, Rt Hand Decimal.					
MAN492C	High Eff. Red	1 Digit, Common Anode, Rt Hand Decimal.					
MAN493C	High Eff. Red	1 Digit, Common Cathode, Rt Hand Decimal.					
(For other color options, contact your local area Sales Office)							



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (Ta=25°C unless otherwise specified)

	B.Red MAN	Green MAN	High Eff. Red MAN	
	412C	442C	492C	
Part number	413C	443C	493C	Units
Continuous forward current (I _f)				
Per Segment	15	25	25	mA
Peak forward current per die (I _f) (at f = 10.0 KHz, Duty factor = 1/10)	60	90	90	mA
Power dissipation (P _D)	40*	70*	70*	mW
*Derate Linearly from 25°C	0.17	0.33	0.33	mW/°C
Reverse voltage per dice				
Operating and Storage temperature range5 sec				

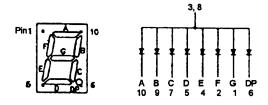
ELECTRO - OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

	B. Red Green		High Eff. Red	
	MAN	MAN	MAN	
	412C	442C	492C	Test
Part number	413C	443C	493C	Condition
Luminous intensity (ucd)				
minimum	300	800	900	l, = 20 mA
typical	700	2000	2200	l, = 20 mA
Forward voltage (V,)				
typical	2.1	2.1	2.0	l, = 20 mA
maximum	2.6	2.8	2.8	l, = 20 mA
Peak wavelength (nm)	697	570	635	$I_r = 20 \text{ mA}$
Spectral line half width (nm)	90	30	45	I, = 20 mA
Reverse breakdown voltage (V _R)	5	5	5	I _R =100 uA

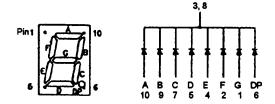


PINOUT

MAN4X2C - Common Anode

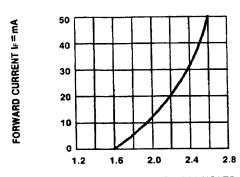


MAN4X3C - Common Cathode

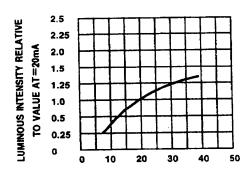




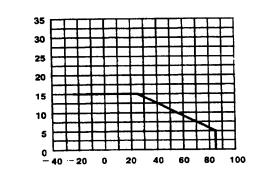
GRAPHICAL DETAIL: Bright Red (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)



FORWARD VOLTAGE (VF)-VOLTS
Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

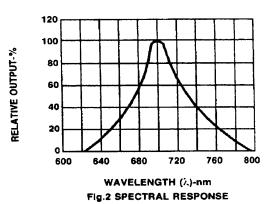


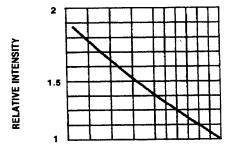
IF-FORWARD CURRENT-MA
FIG.3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY
VS. FORWARD CURRENT



IDCMAX-MAXIMUM DC CURRENT-mA

TA AMBIENT TEMPERATURE C
Fig.4 MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER
SEGMENT VS. A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT
TEMPERATURE.



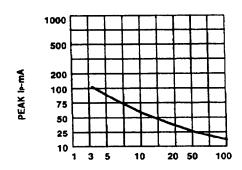


20

DUTY CYCLE % PER SEGMENT
(AVERAGE IF=10mA)
Fig.5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. DUTY CYCLE

40

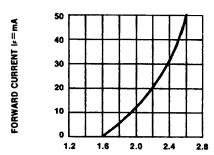
DC



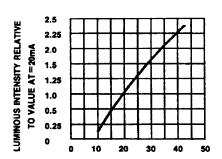
DUTY CYCLE %
Fig. 6 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS. DUTY CYCLE %
(REFRESH RATE f=1 KHz)



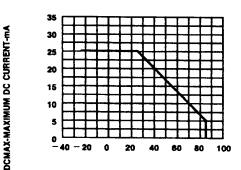
GRAPHICAL DETAIL: Green (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)



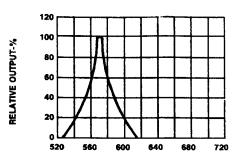
FORWARD VOLTAGE (Vr)-VOLTS
Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.



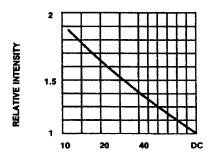
IF-FORWARD CURRENT-MA
Fig.3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY
VS. FORWARD CURRENT



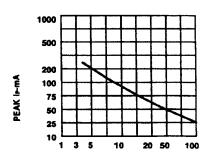
TA AMBIENT TEMPERATURE C
Fig.4 MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER
SEGMENT CS. A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT
TEMPERATURE.



WAVELENGTH (λ)-nm Fig.2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



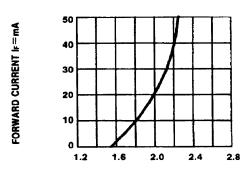
DUTY CYCLE % PER SEGMENT
(AVERAGE I==10mA)
Fig.5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. DUTY CYCLE



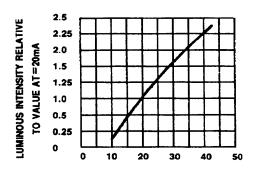
DUTY CYCLE %
Fig. 6 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS. DUTY CYCLE %
(REFRESH RATE 1=1 KHz)



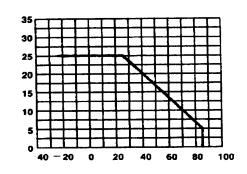
GRAPHICAL DETAIL: High Efficiency Red (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)



FORWARD VOLTAGE (Vr)-VOLTS
Fig.1 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE.

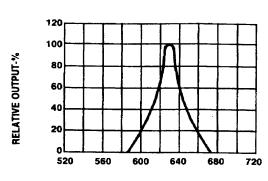


IF-FORWARD CURRENT-MA
FIG.3 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY
VS. FORWARD CURRENT

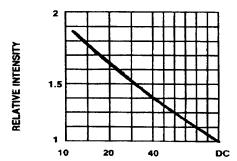


IDCMAX-MAXIMUM DC CURRENT-MA

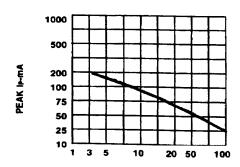
TA AMBIENT TEMPERATURE C Fig.4 MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DC CURRENT PER SEGMENT VS. A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.



WAVELENGTH (λ)-nm Fig.2 SPECTRAL RESPONSE



DUTY CYCLE % PER SEGMENT
(AVERAGE IF=10mA)
Fig.5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. DUTY CYCLE



DUTY CYCLE %
Fig. 6 MAX PEAK CURRENT VS. DUTY CYCLE %
(REFRESH RATE f=1 KHz)



DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

- Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user.
- A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.