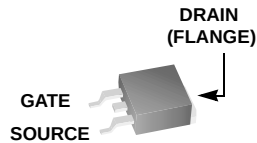


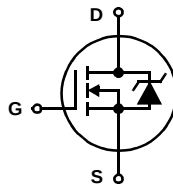
**11A, 200V, 0.275 Ohm, N-Channel,
UltraFET® Power MOSFET**

Packaging



**HUF75925D3ST
JEDEC TO-252AA**

Symbol



Features

- Ultra Low On-Resistance
 - $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.275\Omega$, $V_{GS} = 10V$
- Simulation Models
 - Temperature Compensated PSPICE® and SABER™ Electrical Models
 - Spice and SABER Thermal Impedance Models
 - www.fairchildsemi.com
- Peak Current vs Pulse Width Curve
- UIS Rating Curve

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
HUF75925D3ST	TO-252AA	75925D

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number.

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$, Unless Otherwise Specified

	HUF75925D3ST	UNITS
Drain to Source Voltage (Note 1)	200	V
Drain to Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20k\Omega$) (Note 1)	200	V
Gate to Source Voltage	± 20	V
Drain Current		
Continuous ($T_C = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{GS} = 10V$) (Figure 2)	11	A
Continuous ($T_C = 100^{\circ}C$, $V_{GS} = 10V$) (Figure 2)	8	A
Pulsed Drain Current	Figure 4	
Pulsed Avalanche Rating	Figures 6, 14, 15	
Power Dissipation	100	W
Derate Above $25^{\circ}C$	1.5	W/ $^{\circ}C$
Operating and Storage Temperature	-55 to 175	$^{\circ}C$
Maximum Temperature for Soldering		
Leads at 0.063in (1.6mm) from Case for 10s.	300	$^{\circ}C$
Package Body for 10s, See Techbrief TB334.	260	$^{\circ}C$

NOTE:

1. $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ to $150^{\circ}C$.

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

HUF75925D3ST

Electrical Specifications $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
OFF STATE SPECIFICATIONS							
Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	BV _{DSS}	I _D = 250μA, V _{GS} = 0V (Figure 11)	200	-	-	V	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{DSS}	V _{DS} = 190V, V _{GS} = 0V	-	-	1	μA	
		V _{DS} = 180V, V _{GS} = 0V, T _C = 150 ⁰ C	-	-	250	μA	
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I _{GSS}	V _{GS} = ±20V	-	-	±100	nA	
ON STATE SPECIFICATIONS							
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(TH)}	V _{GS} = V _{DS} , I _D = 250μA (Figure 10)	2	-	4	V	
Drain to Source On Resistance	r _{DS(ON)}	I _D = 11A, V _{GS} = 10V (Figure 9)	-	0.220	0.275	¼	
THERMAL SPECIFICATIONS							
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	R _{θJC}	TO-220	-	-	1.5	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	R _{θJA}	TO-220	-	-	62	°C/W	
		TO-252	-	-	100	°C/W	
SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS (V _{GS} = 10V)							
Turn-On Time	t _{ON}	V _{DD} = 100V, I _D = 11A V _{GS} = 10V, R _{GS} = 12Ω (Figures 18, 19)	-	-	45	ns	
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)}		-	9	-	ns	
Rise Time	t _r		-	21	-	ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(OFF)}		-	60	-	ns	
Fall Time	t _f		-	27	-	ns	
Turn-Off Time	t _{OFF}		-	-	130	ns	
GATE CHARGE SPECIFICATIONS							
Total Gate Charge	Q _{g(TOT)}	V _{GS} = 0V to 20V	V _{DD} = 100V, I _D = 11A, I _{g(REF)} = 1.0mA (Figures 13, 16, 17)	-	59	78	nC
Gate Charge at 10V	Q _{g(10)}	V _{GS} = 0V to 10V		-	32	42	nC
Threshold Gate Charge	Q _{g(TH)}	V _{GS} = 0V to 2V		-	2.0	3.2	nC
Gate to Source Gate Charge	Q _{gs}			-	4.0	-	nC
Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge	Q _{gd}			-	11	-	nC
CAPACITANCE SPECIFICATIONS							
Input Capacitance	C _{ISS}	V _{DS} = 25V, V _{GS} = 0V, f = 1MHz (Figure 12)	-	1030	-	pF	
Output Capacitance	C _{OSS}		-	120	-	pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{RSS}		-	15	-	pF	

Source to Drain Diode Specifications

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Source to Drain Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	$I_{SD} = 11\text{A}$	-	-	1.25	V
		$I_{SD} = 5\text{A}$	-	-	1.00	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$I_{SD} = 11\text{A}$, $dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	190	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge	Q_{RR}	$I_{SD} = 11\text{A}$, $dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	940	nC

Typical Performance Curves

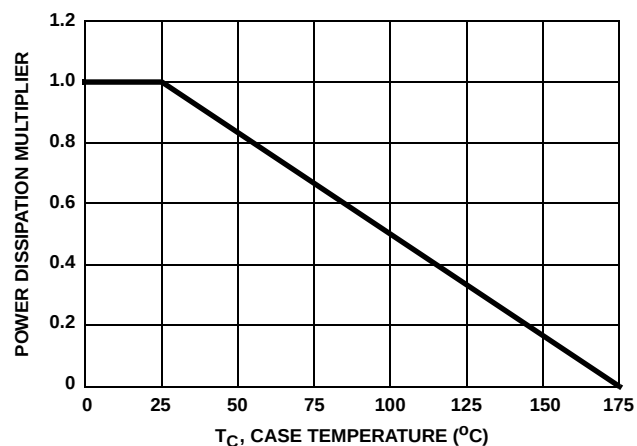


FIGURE 1. NORMALIZED POWER DISSIPATION vs CASE TEMPERATURE

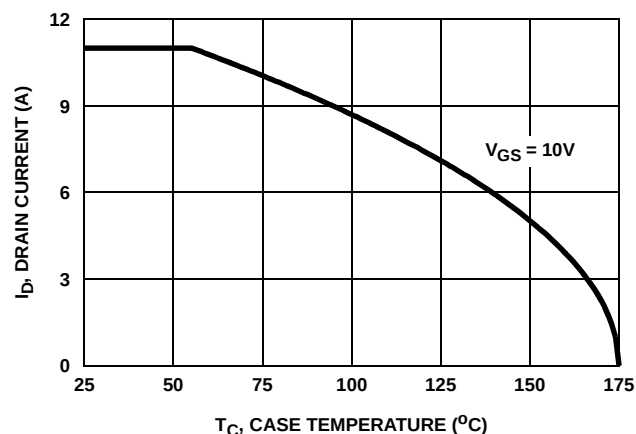


FIGURE 2. MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS DRAIN CURRENT vs CASE TEMPERATURE

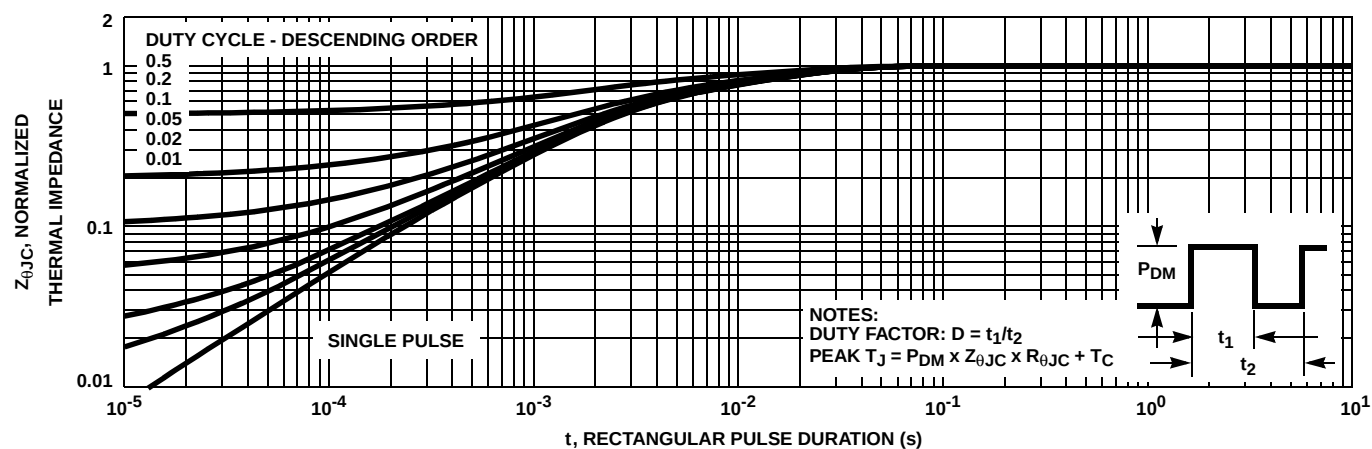


FIGURE 3. NORMALIZED MAXIMUM TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE

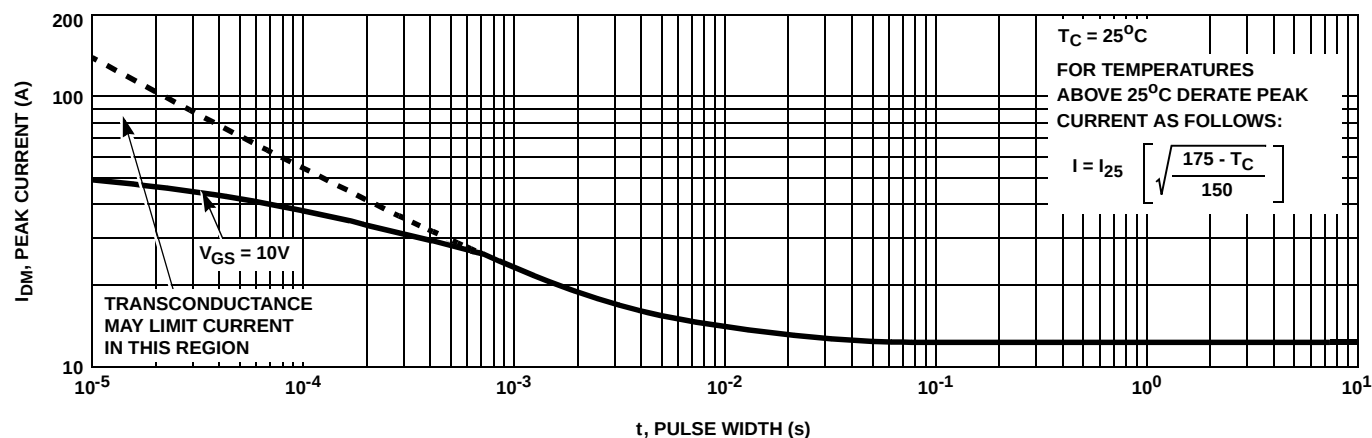


FIGURE 4. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

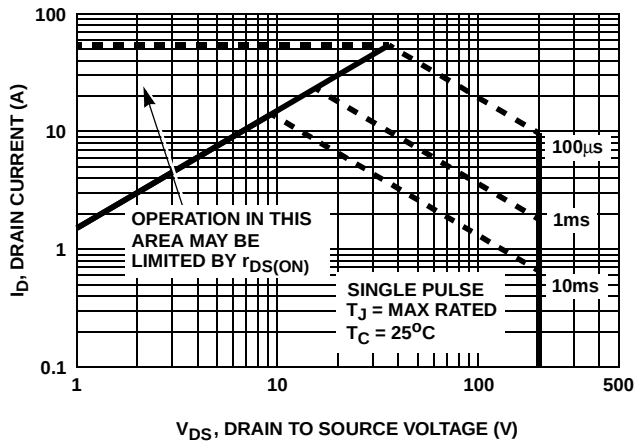
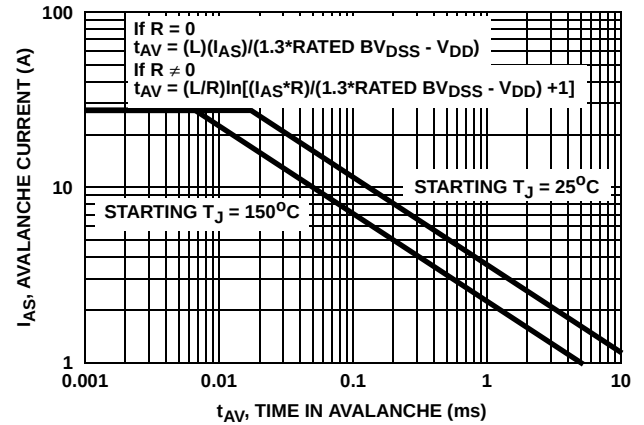


FIGURE 5. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN9321 and AN9322.

FIGURE 6. UNCLAMPED INDUCTIVE SWITCHING CAPABILITY

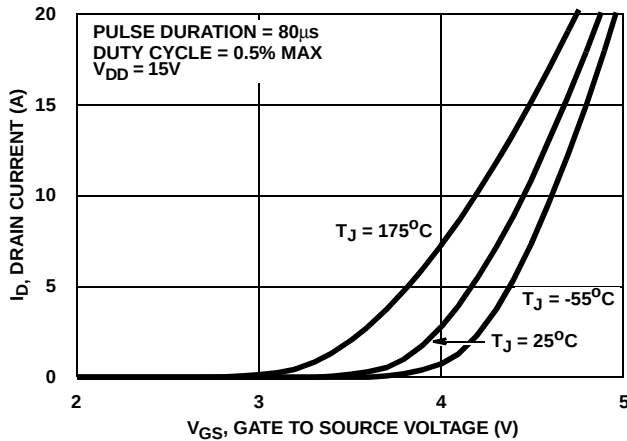


FIGURE 7. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

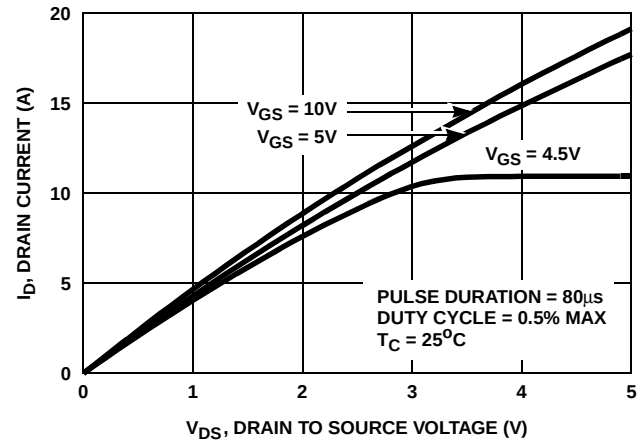


FIGURE 8. SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS

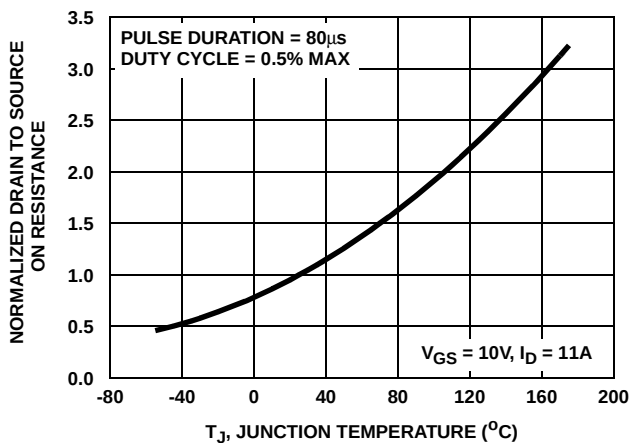


FIGURE 9. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

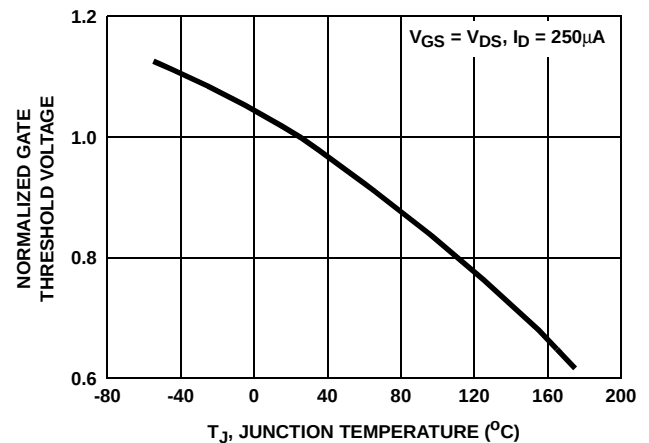


FIGURE 10. NORMALIZED GATE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

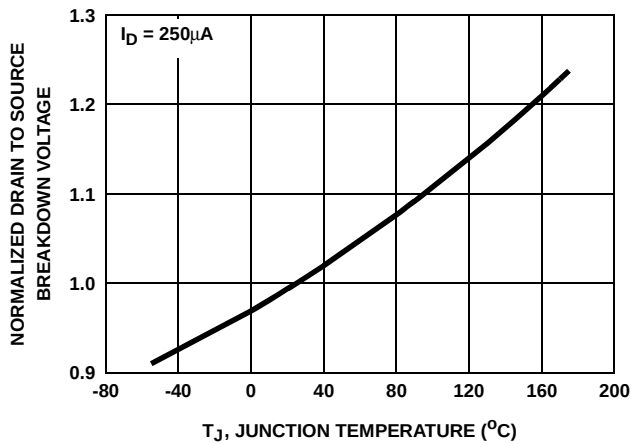


FIGURE 11. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

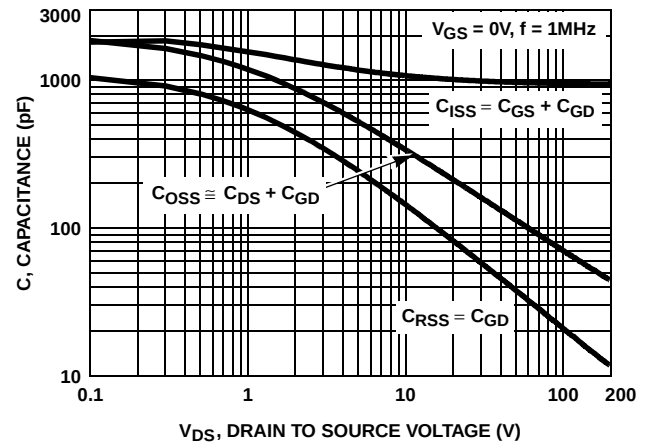
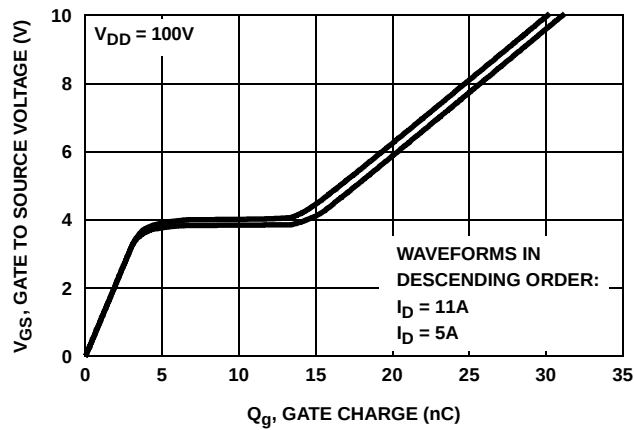


FIGURE 12. CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN7254 and AN7260.

FIGURE 13. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS FOR CONSTANT GATE CURRENT

Test Circuits and Waveforms

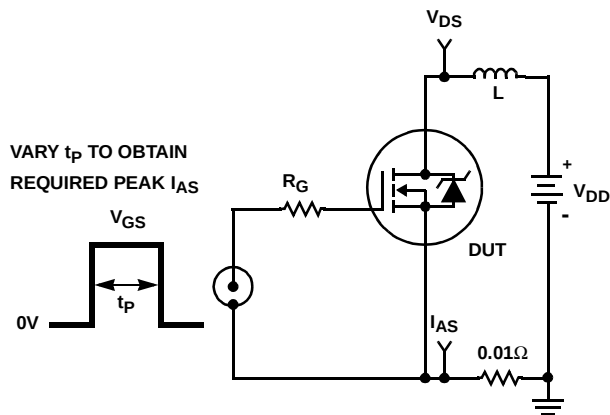


FIGURE 14. UNCLAMPED ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

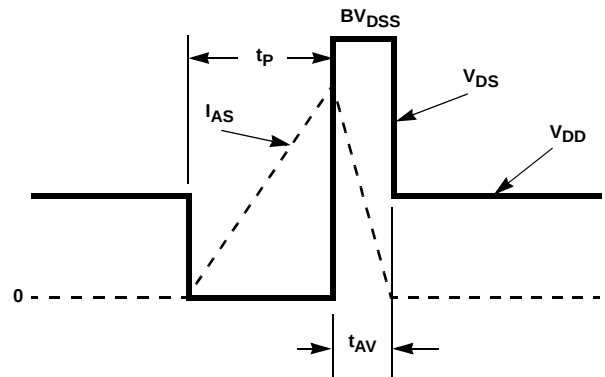


FIGURE 15. UNCLAMPED ENERGY WAVEFORMS

Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)

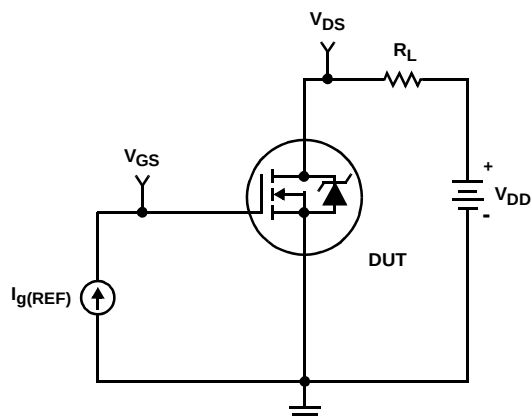


FIGURE 16. GATE CHARGE TEST CIRCUIT

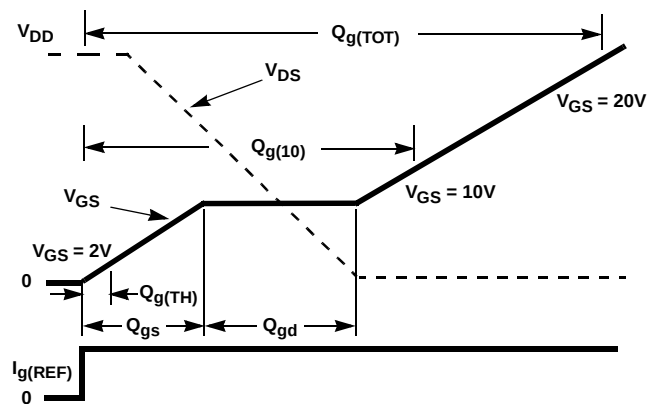


FIGURE 17. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS

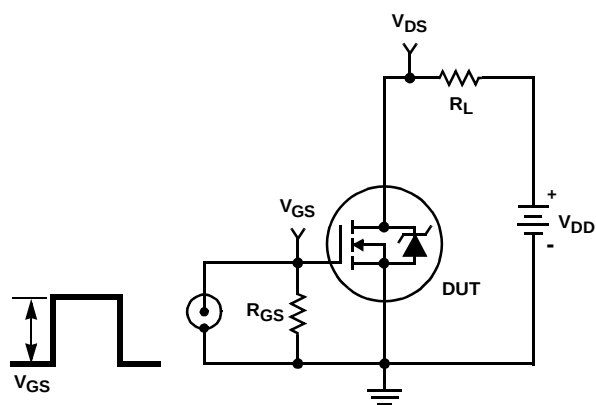


FIGURE 18. SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT

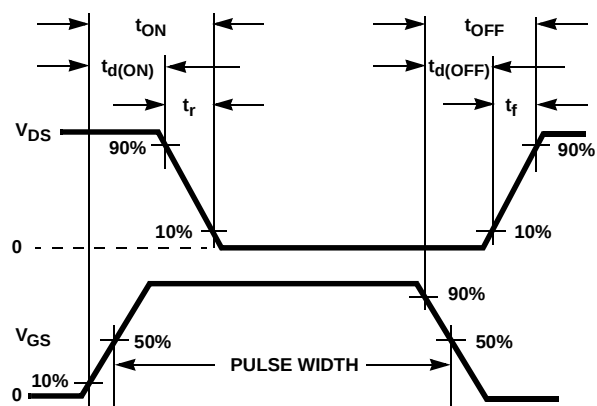


FIGURE 19. SWITCHING TIME WAVEFORM

PSPICE Electrical Model

.SUBCKT HUF75925 2 1 3 ; rev 19 October 2000

CA 12 8 1.6e-9
CB 15 14 1.75e-9
CIN 6 8 9.3e-8

DBODY 7 5 DBODYMOD
DBREAK 5 11 DBREAKMOD
DPLCAP 10 5 DPLCAPMOD

EBREAK 11 7 17 18 227
EDS 14 8 5 8 1
EGS 13 8 6 8 1
ESG 6 10 6 8 1
EVTHRES 6 21 19 8 1
EVTEMP 20 6 18 22 1

IT 8 17 1

LDRAIN 2 5 1e-9
LGATE 1 9 5.12e-9
LSOURCE 3 7 4.24e-9

MMED 16 6 8 8 MMEDMOD
MSTRO 16 6 8 8 MSTROMOD
MWEAK 16 21 8 8 MWEAKMOD

RBREAK 17 18 RBREAKMOD 1
RDRAIN 50 16 RDRAINMOD 1.98e-1
RGATE 9 20 1.61
RLDRAIN 2 5 10
RLGATE 1 9 51.2
RLSOURCE 3 7 42.4
RSLC1 5 51 RSLCMOD 1e-6
RSLC2 5 50 1e3
RSOURCE 8 7 RSOURCEMOD 1e-2
RVTHRES 22 8 RVTHRESMOD 1
RVTEMP 18 19 RVTEMPMOD 1

S1A 6 12 13 8 S1AMOD
S1B 13 12 13 8 S1BMOD
S2A 6 15 14 13 S2AMOD
S2B 13 15 14 13 S2BMOD

VBAT 22 19 DC 1

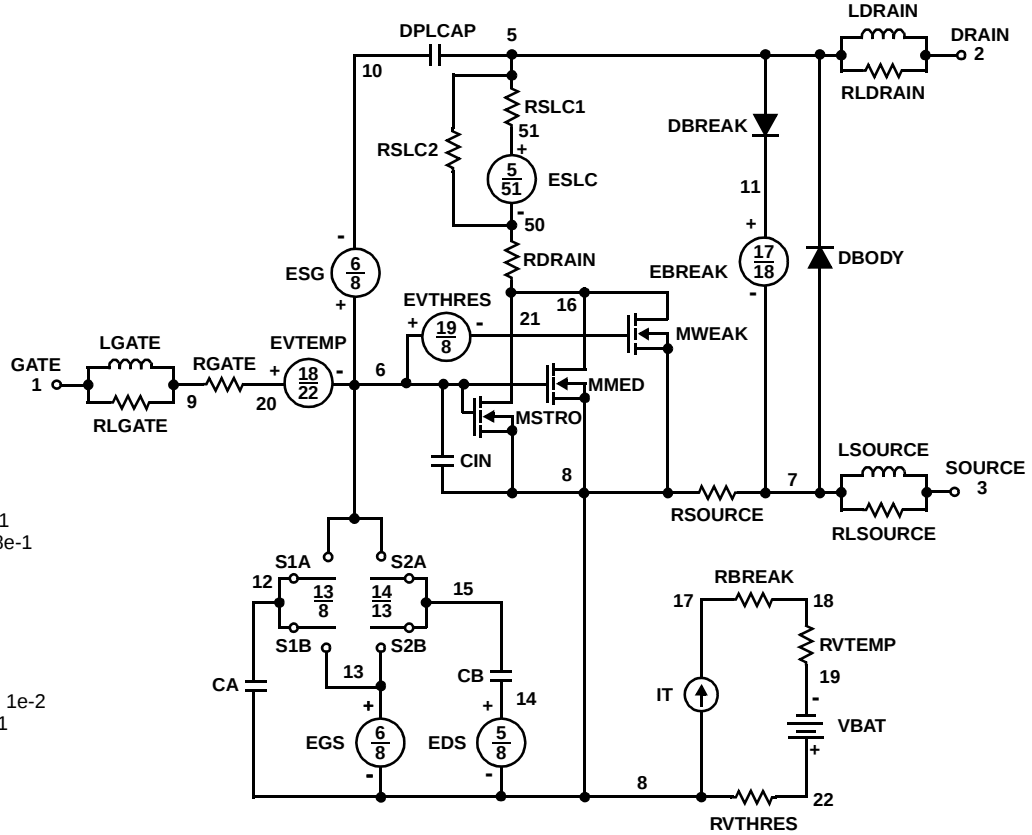
ESLC 51 50 VALUE={ (V(5,51)/ABS(V(5,51))) * (PWR(V(5,51)/(1e-6*19),2.5)) }

.MODEL DBODYMOD D (IS = 1e-12 N=1.02 RS = 7.75e-3 TRS1 = 2.5e-3 TRS2 = 2e-5 CJO = 8.5e-10 TT = 9.6e-6 M = 0.61 XTI=5.5)
.MODEL DBREAKMOD D (RS = 4.2 TRS1 = 1e-3 TRS2 = -8.9e-6)
.MODEL DPLCAPMOD D (CJO = 1.15e-9 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 M = 0.86)
.MODEL MMEDMOD NMOS (VTO = 3.25 KP = 5 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u RG = 1.61)
.MODEL MSTROMOD NMOS (VTO = 3.65 KP = 28 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u)
.MODEL MWEAKMOD NMOS (VTO = 2.8 KP = 0.05 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u RG = 16.1 RS=.1)
.MODEL RBREAKMOD RES (TC1 = 1.3e-3 TC2 = 2e-6)
.MODEL RDRAINMOD RES (TC1 = 1e-2 TC2 = 3.7e-5)
.MODEL RSLCMOD RES (TC1 = 4e-3 TC2 = 1e-6)
.MODEL RSOURCEMOD RES (TC1 = 1e-3 TC2 = 1e-6)
.MODEL RVTHRESMOD RES (TC1 = -2e-3 TC2 = -1.3e-5)
.MODEL RVTEMPMOD RES (TC1 = -3e-3 TC2 = 1.9e-6)

.MODEL S1AMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -7.5 VOFF = -5)
.MODEL S1BMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -.5 VOFF = -7.5)
.MODEL S2AMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -0.1 VOFF = 0.2)
.MODEL S2BMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = 0.2 VOFF = -0.1)

.ENDS

NOTE: For further discussion of the PSPICE model, consult **A New PSPICE Sub-Circuit for the Power MOSFET Featuring Global Temperature Options**; IEEE Power Electronics Specialist Conference Records, 1991, written by William J. Hepp and C. Frank Wheatley.



SPICE Thermal Model

REV 19 October 2000

HUF75925T

CTHERM1 th 6 8.0e-4
 CTHERM2 6 5 2.6e-3
 CTHERM3 5 4 3.5e-3
 CTHERM4 4 3 5.2e-3
 CTHERM5 3 2 7.0e-3
 CTHERM6 2 tl 3.3e-2

R THERM1 th 6 1.0e-3
 R THERM2 6 5 4.5e-3
 R THERM3 5 4 4.2e-2
 R THERM4 4 3 2.5e-1
 R THERM5 3 2 3.9e-1
 R THERM6 2 tl 5.0e-1

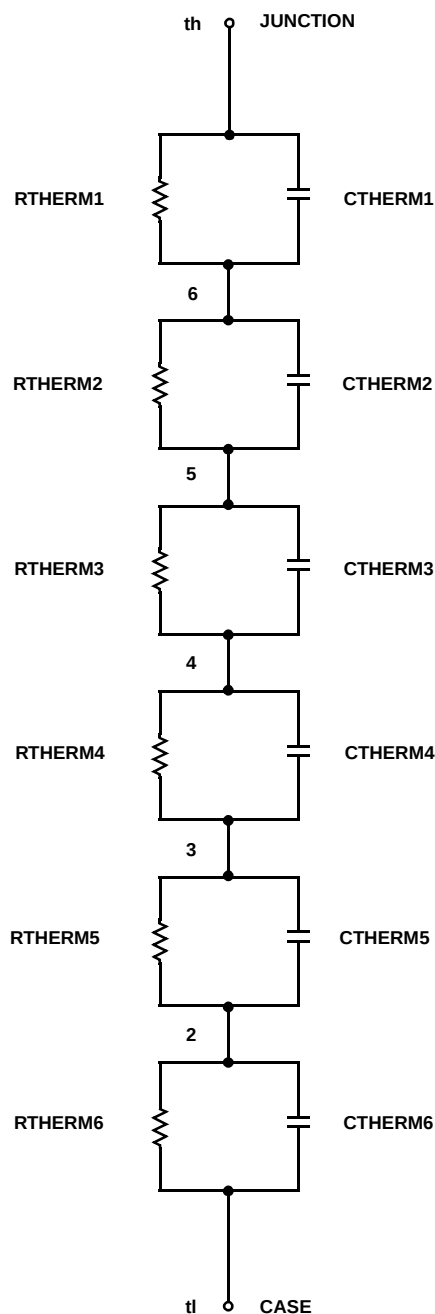
SABER Thermal Model

SABER thermal model HUF75925T

template thermal_model th tl
 thermal_c th, tl

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  ctherm.ctherm1 th 6 = 8.0e-4
  ctherm.ctherm2 6 5 = 2.6e-3
  ctherm.ctherm3 5 4 = 3.5e-3
  ctherm.ctherm4 4 3 = 5.2e-3
  ctherm.ctherm5 3 2 = 7.0e-3
  ctherm.ctherm6 2 tl = 3.3e-2
```

```
rtherm.rtherm1 th 6 = 1.0e-3
rtherm.rtherm2 6 5 = 4.5e-3
rtherm.rtherm3 5 4 = 4.2e-2
rtherm.rtherm4 4 3 = 2.5e-1
rtherm.rtherm5 3 2 = 3.9e-1
rtherm.rtherm6 2 tl = 5.0e-1
}
```



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Bottomless TM	FPS TM	MICROCOUPLER TM	PowerTrench [®]	SuperSOT TM -6
CoolFET TM	FRFET TM	MicroFET TM	QFET [®]	SuperSOT TM -8
CROSSVOLT TM	GlobalOptoisolator TM	MicroPak TM	QS TM	SyncFET TM
DOME TM	GTO TM	MICROWIRE TM	QT Optoelectronics TM	TinyLogic [®]
EcoSPARK TM	HiSeC TM	MSX TM	Quiet Series TM	TINYOPTO TM
E ² C ^{MOS} TM	I ² C TM	MSXPro TM	RapidConfigure TM	TruTranslation TM
EnSigna TM	i-Lo TM	OCX TM	RapidConnect TM	UHC TM
FACT TM	ImpliedDisconnect TM	OCXPro TM	μSerDes TM	UltraFET [®]
FACT Quiet Series TM		OPTOLOGIC [®]	SILENT SWITCHER [®]	VCX TM
Across the board. Around the world. TM		OPTOPLANAR TM	SMART START TM	
The Power Franchise [®]		PACMAN TM	SPM TM	
Programmable Active Droop TM		POP TM	Stealth TM	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

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