

MP38115

Ultra Low Voltage, 4A, 5.5V Synchronous Step-Down Switching Regulator

The Future of Analog IC Technology

DESCRIPTION

The MP38115 is an internally compensated 1.5MHz fixed frequency PWM synchronous step-down regulator. MP38115 operates from a 1.1V to 5.5V input and generates an output voltage as low as 0.8V.

The MP38115 integrates a $60m\Omega$ high-side switch and a $60m\Omega$ synchronous rectifier for high efficiency without an external Schottky diode. With peak current mode control and internal compensation, the MP38115 based solution delivers a very compact footprint with a minimum component count.

The MP38115 is available in a small 3mm x 3mm 10-lead QFN package.

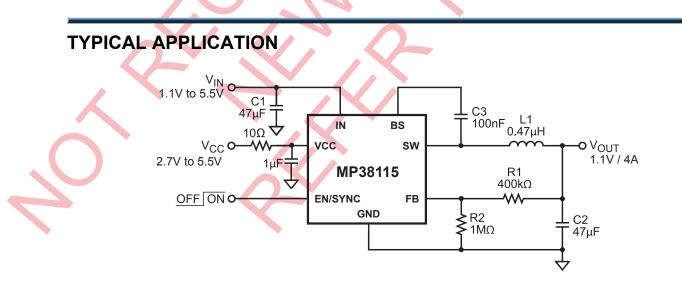
FEATURES

- 4A Output Current
- Input Operation Range: 1.1V to 5.5V
- 60mΩ Internal Power MOSFET Switches
- All Ceramic Capacitor Design
- Up to 95% Efficiency
- 1.5MHz Fixed Switching Frequency
- Adjustable Output from 0.8V to 0.9xV_{IN}
- Internal Soft-Start
- Frequency Synchronization Input
- Power Good Output
- Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting
- Hiccup Short Circuit Protection
- Thermal Shutdown
- 3mm x 3mm 10-lead QFN Package

APPLICATIONS

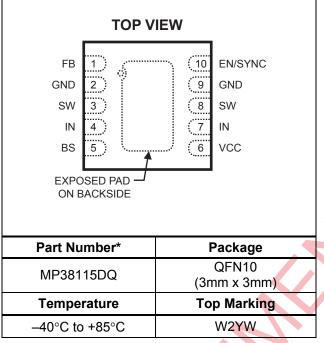
- µP/ASIC/DSP/FPGA Core and I/O Supplies
- Printers and LCD TVs
- Network and Telecom Equipment
- Point of Load Regulators

"MPS" and "The Future of Analog IC Technology" are Registered Trademarks of Monolithic Power Systems, Inc.





PACKAGE REFERENCE



 For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (e.g. MP38115DQ–Z)
For RoHS Compliant Packaging, add suffix –LF (e.g. MP38115DQ–LF–Z)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

IN to GND	0.3V to +6.0V
VCC to GND	–0.3V to + 6.0V
SW to GND	–0.3V to V _{IN} + 0.3V
–2.5V to	V_{IN} + 2.5V for < 50ns
FB, EN/SYNC to GND	–0.3V to +6.5V
BS to SW	–0.3V to +6.5V
Junction Temperature	150°C
Lead Temperature	260°C
Storage Temperature	–65°C to +150°C

					(2)
Da	00000	andad	Onaratina	Conditions	(4)
Re	COIIII	ieriaea	Operating	CONDITIONS	

Supply Volts V _{IN}	
Supply Voltage Vcc	
Output Voltage Vout	0.8V to 0.9 x V _{IN}
Operating Temperature	40°C to +85°C
The super I Design to I (3)	

Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its
- operating conditions.
- 3) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (4)

 $V_{cc} = V_{EN} = 3.6V$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

Parameters	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Current	$V_{EN} = V_{CC}$ $V_{FB} = 0.85V$		750		μA
Shutdown Current	$V_{EN} = 0V, V_{CC} = 5.5V$		1		μA
VCC Undervoltage Lockout Threshold	Rising Edge		2.59	2.69	V
VCC Undervoltage Lockout Hysteresis			210		mV
Regulated FB Voltage	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	0.784	0.800	0.816	V
FB Input Current	V _{FB} = 0.85V		±50		nA
EN High Threshold	–40°C ≤ T _A ≤ +85°C	1.6			V
EN Low Threshold	_40° C ≤ T _A ≤ +85°C			0.4	V
Internal Soft-Start Time			120		μs
High-Side Switch On-Resistance	I _{SW} = 300mA		60		mΩ
Low-Side Switch On-Resistance	I _{SW} = -300mA		60		mΩ
SW Leakage Current	$V_{EN} = 0V; V_{CC} = 5.5V, V_{IN} = 5.5V$ $V_{SW} = 0V \text{ or } 5.5V$	-10		10	μA
BS Under Voltage Lockout Threshold			1.8		V



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ⁽⁴⁾ (continued)

 $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 3.6V$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

Parameters	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
High-Side Switch Current Limit	Sourcing		6.5		Α
Low-Side Switch Current Limit	Sinking		3.5		Α
Oscillator Frequency		1.2	1.5	1.8	MHz
Maximum Synch Frequency			2		MHz
Minimum Synch Frequency			1		MHz
Minimum On Time			50		ns
Maximum Duty Cycle			90		%
Thermal Shutdown Threshold	Hysteresis = 20°C		150		°C

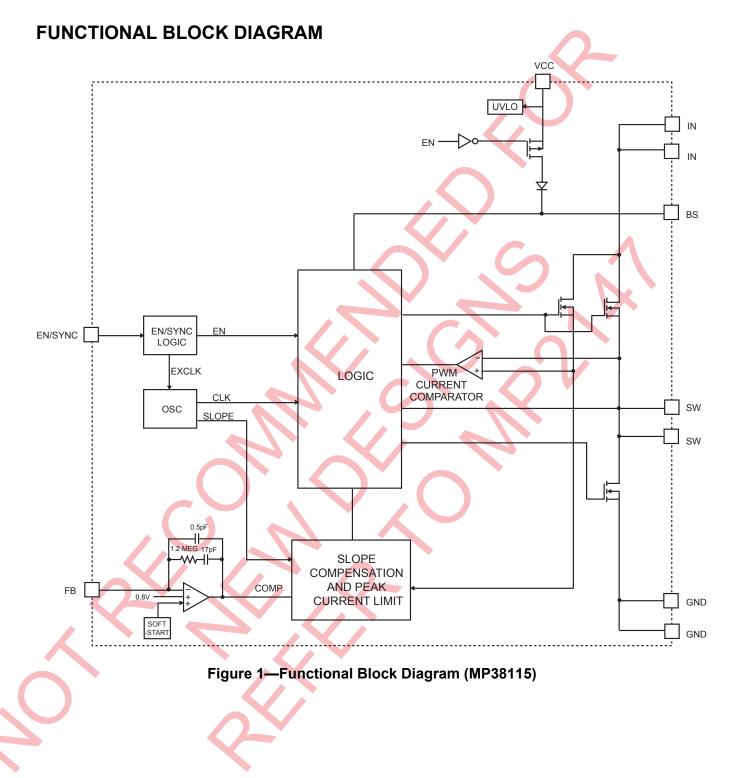
Note:

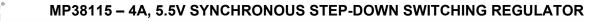
4) Production test at +25°C. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin #	Name	Description
6	VCC	Bias Supply. This supplies power to both the internal control circuit and the gate drivers. A decoupling capacitor to ground is required close to this pin.
4, 7	IN	Input Supply. A decoupling capacitor to ground is required close to these pins to reduce switching spikes.
3, 8	SW	Switch Node Connection to the Inductor. These pins connect to the internal high and low- side power MOSFET switches. All SW pins must be connected together externally.
2, 9	GND	Ground. Connect these pins with larger copper areas to the negative terminals of the input and output capacitors.
5	BS	Bootstrap. A capacitor between this pin and SW provides a floating supply for the high-side gate driver.
1	FB	Feedback. This is the input to the error amplifier. An external resistive divider connects this pin between the output and GND. The voltage on the FB pin compares to the internal 0.8V reference to set the regulation voltage.
10	EN/SYNC	Enable and Frequency Synchronization Input Pin. Forcing this pin below 0.4V shuts down the part. Forcing this pin above 1.6V turns on the part. Applying a 1MHz to 2MHz clock signal to this pin synchronizes the internal oscillator frequency to the external clock.







FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

PWM Control

The MP38115 is a constant frequency peakcurrent-mode control PWM switching regulator. Refer to the functional block diagram. The high side N-Channel DMOS power switch turns on at the beginning of each clock cycle. The current in the inductor increases until the PWM current comparator trips to turn off the high side DMOS switch. The peak inductor current at which the current comparator shuts off the high side power switch is controlled by the COMP voltage at the feedback error amplifier. output of The transconductance from the COMP voltage to the output current is set at 11.25A/V.

This current-mode control greatly simplifies the feedback compensation design by approximating the switching converter as a single-pole system. Only Type II compensation network is needed, which is integrated into the MP38115. The loop bandwidth is adjusted by changing the upper resistor value of the resistor divider at the FB pin. The internal compensation in the MP38115 simplifies the compensation design, minimizes external component counts, and keeps the flexibility of external compensation for optimal stability and transient response.

Enable and Frequency Synchronization (EN/SYNC PIN)

This is a dual function input pin. Forcing this pin below 0.4V for longer than 4us shuts down the part; forcing this pin above 1.6V for longer than 4µs turns on the part. Applying a 1MHz to 2MHz clock signal to this pin also synchronizes the internal oscillator frequency to the external clock. When the external clock is used, the part turns on after detecting the first few clocks regardless of duty cycles. If any ON or OFF period of the clock is longer than 4µs, the signal will be intercepted as an enable input and disables the synchronization.

Soft-Start and Output Pre-Bias Startup

When the soft-start period starts, an internal current source begins charging an internal soft-start capacitor. During soft-start, the voltage on the softstart capacitor is connected to the non-inverting input of the error amplifier. The soft-start period lasts until the voltage on the soft-start capacitor exceeds the reference voltage of 0.8V. At this point the reference voltage takes over at the noninverting error amplifier input. The soft-start time is internally set at 120µs. If the output of the MP38115 is pre-biased to a certain voltage during startup, the IC will disable the switching of both high-side and low-side switches until the voltage on the internal soft-start capacitor exceeds the sensed output voltage at the FB pin.

Over Current Protection

The MP38115 offers cycle-to-cycle current limiting for both high-side and low-side switches. The highside current limit is relatively constant regardless of duty cycles. When the output is shorted to ground, causing the output voltage to drop below 70% of its nominal output, the IC is shut down momentarily and begins discharging the soft start capacitor. It will restart with a full soft-start when the soft- start capacitor is fully discharged. This hiccup process is repeated until the fault is removed.

Bootstrap (BST PIN)

The gate driver for the high-side N-channel DMOS power switch is supplied by a bootstrap capacitor connected between the BS and SW pins. When the low-side switch is on, the capacitor is charged through an internal boost diode. When the high-side switch is off and the low-side switch turns on, the voltage on the bootstrap capacitor is boosted above the input voltage and the internal bootstrap diode prevents the capacitor from discharging.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Output Voltage Setting

The external resistor divider sets the output voltage (see Page 1, Schematic Diagram). The feedback resistor R1 also sets the feedback loop bandwidth with the internal compensation (refer to description function). The relation between R1 and feedback loop bandwidth (f_c), output capacitance (C_o) is as follows:

$$R1(K\Omega) = \frac{1.24 \times 10^6}{fc(KHz) \times C_{\Omega}(\mu F)}$$

The feedback loop bandwidth (f_c) is no higher than 1/10th of switching frequency of MP2107. In the case of ceramic capacitor as C_o, it is usually set in the range of 50KHz and 150KHz for optimal transient performance and good phase margin. If an electrolytic capacitor is used, the loop bandwidth is no higher than 1/4 of the ESR zero frequency (f_{ESR}). f_{ESR} is given by:

$$f_{ESR} = \frac{1}{2\pi \times R_{ESR} \times C_0}$$

For example, choose f_c =70KHz with a ceramic capacitor, C_o =47µF, R1 is estimated to be 400K Ω . R2 is then given by:

$$R2 = \frac{R1}{\frac{V_{OUT}}{0.8V}} - 1$$

Table 1—Resistor Selection vs. Output Voltage Setting

Vout	R1	R2	L	Cout (Ceramic)
1.2V	400kΩ	806kΩ	0.47µH-1µH	47µF
1.5V	400kΩ	453kΩ	0.47µH-1µH	47µF
1.8V	400kΩ	316kΩ	0.47µH-1µH	47µF
2.5V	400kΩ	187kΩ	0.4 7µ H-1µH	47µF
3.3V	400kΩ	127kΩ	0.47µH-1µH	47µF

Inductor Selection

A 0.47 μ H to 1 μ H inductor with DC current rating at least 25% higher than the maximum load current is recommended for most applications. For best efficiency, the inductor DC resistance shall be <10m Ω . See Table 2 for recommended inductors and manufacturers. For most designs, the inductance value can be derived from the following equation:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT} x (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{V_{IN} x \Delta I_L x f_{OSC}}$$

where ΔI_{L} is Inductor Ripple Current. Choose inductor ripple current approximately 30% of the maximum load current, 4A.

The maximum inductor peak current is:

$$I_{L(MAX)} = I_{LOAD} + \frac{\Delta I_{L}}{2}$$

Under light load conditions, larger inductance is recommended for improved efficiency.

Input Capacitor Selection

The input capacitor reduces the surge current drawn from the input and the switching noise from the device. The input capacitor impedance at the switching frequency shall be less than input source impedance to prevent high frequency switching current passing to the input source. Ceramic capacitors with X5R or X7R dielectrics are highly recommended because of their low ESR and small temperature coefficients. For most applications, a 47μ F capacitor is sufficient.

Output Capacitor Selection

The output capacitor keeps output voltage ripple small and ensures a stable regulation loop. The output capacitor impedance shall be low at the switching frequency. Ceramic capacitors with

X5R or X7R dielectrics are recommended. The output ripple ΔV_{OUT} is approximately:

$$\Delta V_{\text{OUT}} \leq \frac{V_{\text{OUT}} x (V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}})}{V_{\text{IN}} x \text{fosc} x L} x (\text{ESR} + \frac{1}{8 x \text{fosc} x C_3})$$

External Schottky Diode

For this part, an external schottky diode is recommended to be placed close to "SW" and "GND" pins, especially when the output current is larger than 2A.

With the external schottky diode, the voltage spike and negative kick on "SW" pin can be minimized; moreover, the conversion efficiency can also be improved a little.

For the external schottky diode selection, it's noteworthy that the maximum reverse voltage rating of the external diode should be larger than the maximum input voltage. As for the current rating of this diode, 0.5A rating should be sufficient.



Manufacturer	Part Number	Inductance (µH)	Max DCR (mΩ)	Current Rating (A)	Dimensions L x W x H (mm3)
Nurth Electronics					
	744310055	0.55	4.5	14	7×6.9×3
	744310095	0.95	7.4	11	7×6.9×3
гоко					
	B1015AS-1R0N	1	11	6.9	8.4×8.3×4

Table 2—Suggested	I Surface	Mount	Inductors
-------------------	-----------	-------	-----------

PCB Layout Guide

PCB layout is very important to achieve stable operation. It is highly recommended to duplicate EVB layout for optimum performance. If change is necessary, please follow these guidelines as follows. Here, the typical application circuit is taken as an example to illustrate the key layout rules should be followed.

1) For MP38115, a PCB layout with more than (or) four layers is recommended.

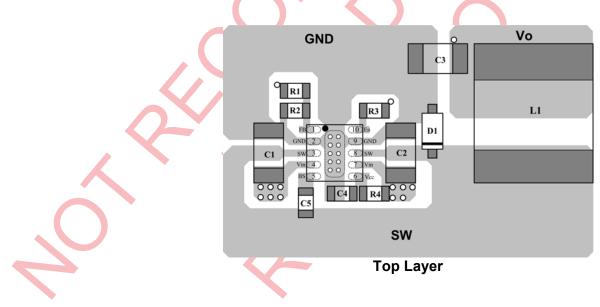
2) The high current paths (GND, IN and SW) should be placed very close to the device with short, direct and wide traces.

3) For MP38115, two input ceramic capacitors (2 x $(10\mu F \sim 22\mu F)$) are strongly recommended to be placed on both sides of the MP38115 package and keep them as close as possible to the "IN" and "GND" pins.

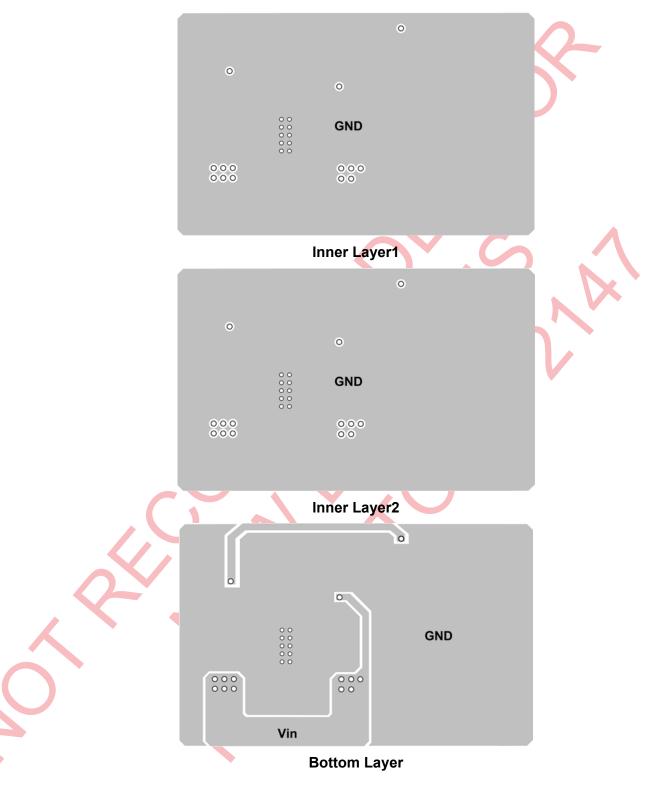
4) An RC low pass filter is recommended for VCC supply. The VCC decoupling capacitor must be placed as close as possible to "VCC" pin and "GND" pin.

5) The external feedback resistors shall be placed next to the FB pin. Keep the FB trace as short as possible. Don't place test points on FB trace if possible.

6) Keep the switching node SW short and away from the feedback network.

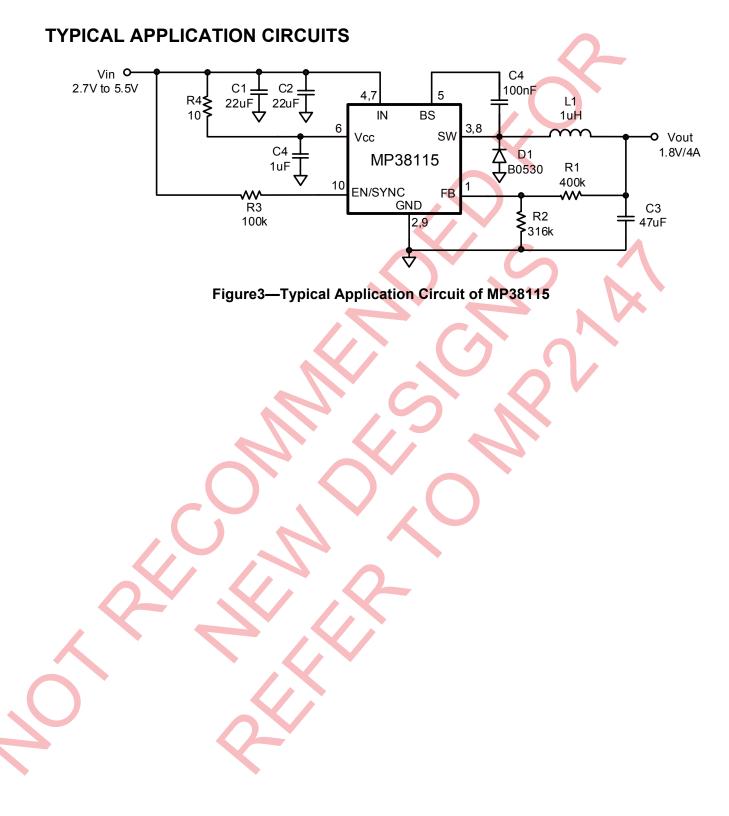














PACKAGE INFORMATION QFN10 (3mm x 3mm) 2.90 0.30 1.45 PIN 1 ID 3.10 0.50 1.75 SEE DETAIL A PIN 1 ID MARKING 0.18 10 1 0.30 2.90 2.25 PIN 1 ID 2.55 3.10 0.50 INDEX AREA BSC 6 5 **TOP VIEW BOTTOM VIEW PIN 1 ID OPTION A** PIN 1 ID OPTION B R0.20 TYP. R0.20 TYP. 0.80 1.00 0.20 REF 0.00 0.05 SIDE VIEW **DETAIL A** NOTE: 2.90 1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. 0.70 2) EXPOSED PADDLE SIZE DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. 3) LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE 0.10 MILLIMETER MAX. 4) DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO-229, VARIATION VEED-5. 0.2 5) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE. -2.50 0.50 RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

NOTICE: The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Users should warrant and guarantee that third party Intellectual Property rights are not infringed upon when integrating MPS products into any application. MPS will not assume any legal responsibility for any said applications.