## Features

- No External Components Except PIN Diode
- Supply-voltage Range: 4.5V to 5.5 V
- Automatic Sensitivity Adaptation (AGC)
- Automatic Strong Signal Adaptation (ATC)
- Enhanced Immunity Against Ambient Light Disturbances
- Available for Carrier Frequencies between 33 kHz to 40 kHz; Adjusted by Zener Diode Fusing
- TTL and CMOS Compatible
- Suitable Minimum Burst Length $\geq 10$ Pulses/Burst


## Applications

- Audio Video Applications
- Home Appliances
- Remote Control Equipment


## 1. Description

The IC ATA2525 is a complete IR receiver for data communication that was developed and optimized for use in carrier-frequency-modulated transmission applications. Its function can be described using the block diagram (see Figure 1-1 on page 2). The input stage meets two main functions. First, it provides a suitable bias voltage for the PIN diode. Secondly, the pulsed photo-current signals are transformed into a voltage by a special circuit which is optimized for low-noise applications. After amplification by a Controlled Gain Amplifier (CGA), the signals have to pass a tuned integrated narrow bandpass filter with a center frequency $f_{0}$ which is equivalent to the chosen carrier frequency of the input signal. The demodulator is used to convert the input burst signal into a digital envelope output pulse and to evaluate the signal information quality, i.e., unwanted pulses will be suppressed at the output pin. All this is done by means of an integrated dynamic feedback circuit which varies the gain as a function of the present environmental condition (ambient light, modulated lamps etc.). Other special features are used to adapt to the current application to secure best transmission quality. The ATA2525 operates in a supply-voltage range of 4.5 V to 5.5 V .

ATA2525

Preliminary

Figure 1-1. Block Diagram


## 2. Pin Configuration

Figure 2-1. Pinning TSSOP8


Table 2-1. Pin Description

| Pin | Symbol | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | VS | Supply voltage |
| 2 | NC | Not connected |
| 3 | OUT | Data output |
| 4 | NC | Not connected |
| 5 | IN | Input PIN diode |
| 6 | GND | Ground |
| 7 | NC | Not connected |
| 8 | NC | Not connected |

## 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

| Parameters | Symbol | Value | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | -0.3 to +6 | V |
| Supply current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | 3 | mA |
| Input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | -0.3 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | V |
| Input DC current at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | 0.75 | mA |
| Output voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | -0.3 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | V |
| Output current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | 10 | mA |
| Operating temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}$ | -25 to +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | -40 to +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Power dissipation at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{tot}}$ | 30 | mW |

## 4. Thermal Resistance

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Junction ambient TSSOP8 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{thJA}}$ | 110 | K/W |

## 5. Electrical Characteristics

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V unless otherwise specified.

| No. | Parameters | Test Conditions | Pin | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Type* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1 | Supply-voltage range |  | 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | 4.5 | 5 | 5.5 | V | C |
| 1.2 | Supply current | $\mathrm{I}_{1 \times}=0$ | 1 | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {S }}$ | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.4 | mA | B |
| 2 | Output |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.1 | Internal pull-up resistor | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; see <br> Figure 8-7 on page 8 | 1,3 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{PU}}$ |  | 40 |  | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ | A |
| 2.2 | Output voltage low | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=2 \mathrm{~mA}$; see Figure 8-7 on page 8 | 3,6 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ |  |  | 250 | mV | B |
| 2.3 | Output voltage high |  | 3,1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}-0.25$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | V | B |
| 2.4 | Output current clamping | $R_{2}=0 ; \text { see }$ <br> Figure 8-7 on page 8 | 3,6 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OCL}}$ |  | 8 |  | mA | B |
| 3 | Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.1 | Input DC current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0 ; \text { see }$ <br> Figure 8-7 on page 8 | 5 | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {IN_DCMAX }}$ | -85 |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | C |
| 3.2 | Input DC current; Figure 8-1 on page 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0 ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{s}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | 5 | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {IN_DCMAX }}$ | -530 | -960 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | B |

[^0]
## 5. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V unless otherwise specified.

| No. | Parameters | Test Conditions | Pin | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Type* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.3 | Minimum detection threshold current; Figure 8-2 on page 5 | Test signal: see Figure 8-6 on page 7 $V_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN} \mathrm{DC}}=1 \mu \mathrm{~A} ;$ <br> square pp, burst $\mathrm{N}=16$, $\mathrm{f}=\mathrm{f}_{0} ; \mathrm{t}_{\text {PER }}=10 \mathrm{~ms}$, Figure 8-6 on page 7; BER $=50^{(1)}$ | 3 | $I_{\text {Eemin }}$ |  | -520 |  | pA | B |
| 3.4 | Minimum detection threshold current with AC current disturbance IIN_AC100 $=3 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ at 100 Hz | Test signal: see Figure 8-6 on page 7 $V_{S}=5 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN} \text { _d }}=1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, square pp, burst $\mathrm{N}=16$, $\mathrm{f}=\mathrm{f}_{0} ; \mathrm{t}_{\text {PER }}=10 \mathrm{~ms}$, Figure 8-6 on page 7; BER $=50 \%{ }^{(1)}$ | 3 | $I_{\text {Eemin }}$ |  | -800 |  | pA | C |
| 3.5 | Maximum detection threshold current with $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}>0 \mathrm{~V}$ | Test signal: see Figure 8-6 on page 7 $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN} \text { _dC }}=1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$; square pp, burst $\mathrm{N}=16$, $\mathrm{f}=\mathrm{f}_{0}$; $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PER }}=10 \mathrm{~ms}$, Figure 8-6 on page 7; BER $=5 \%^{(1)}$ | 3 | $I_{\text {Eemax }}$ | -400 |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | D |
| 4 | Controlled Amplifier and Filter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.1 | Maximum value of variable gain (CGA) |  |  | $\mathrm{G}_{\text {VARMAX }}$ |  | 51 |  | dB | D |
| 4.2 | Minimum value of variable gain (CGA) |  |  | $\mathrm{G}_{\text {VARMIN }}$ |  | -5 |  | dB | D |
| 4.3 | Total internal amplification ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | $\mathrm{G}_{\text {MAX }}$ |  | 71 |  | dB | D |
| 4.4 | Center frequency fusing accuracy of bandpass | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {O_FUSE }}$ | -3 | $\mathrm{f}_{0}$ | +3 | \% | A |
| 4.5 | Overall accuracy center frequency of bandpass |  |  | $\mathrm{f}_{0}$ | -6.7 | $\mathrm{f}_{0}$ | +4.1 | \% | C |
| 4.6 | BPF bandwidth | $-3 \mathrm{~dB} ; \mathrm{f}_{0}=38 \mathrm{kHz}$; see Figure 8-4 on page 6 |  | B |  | 3.5 |  | kHz | B |

${ }^{*}$ ) Type means: $A=100 \%$ tested, $B=100 \%$ correlation tested, $C=$ Characterized on samples, $D=$ Design parameter
Notes: 1. $B E R=$ Bit Error Rate; e.g., $B E R=5 \%$ means that with $P=20$ at the input pin $19 \ldots 21$ pulses can appear at the pin OUT
2. After transformation of input current into voltage
6. ESD

All pins $\Rightarrow 4000 \mathrm{~V}$ HBM; 400V MM, MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015.7
LU 100 mA; Jedec 17/78

## 7. Reliability

Electrical qualification ( 1000 h at $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) in molded SO8 plastic package
8. Typical Electrical Curves at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Figure 8-1. $\quad \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ versus $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}_{\mathrm{N}} \mathrm{DC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$


Figure 8-2. $\quad I_{\text {Eemin }}$ versus $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}_{\mathrm{ND}} \mathrm{DC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$


Figure 8-3. Data Transmission Rate, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$


Figure 8-4. Typical Bandpass Curve

$Q=f_{0} / \Delta f ; \Delta f=-3 d B$ values. Example: $Q=1 /(1.047-0.954)=11$

Figure 8-5. Illustration of Used Terms


Example: $\mathrm{f}=30 \mathrm{kHz}$, burst with 16 pulses, 16 periods
Figure 8-6. Test Circuit


Figure 8－7．Application Circuit


## 9. Chip Dimensions

Figure 9-1. Chip Size in $\mu \mathrm{m}$


Note: Pad coordinates are for lower left corner of the pad in $\mu \mathrm{m}$ from the origin 0,0

| Dimensions | Length inclusive scribe | 1.04 mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Width inclusive scribe | 1.11 mm |
|  | Thickness | $290 \mu \pm 5 \%$ |
|  | Pads | $80 \mu \times 80 \mu$ |
| Pad metallurgy | Fusing pads | $60 \mu \times 60 \mu$ |
|  | Material | $\mathrm{AlCu} / \mathrm{AlSiTi}^{(1)}$ |
|  | Thickness | $0.8 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Finish | Material | $\mathrm{Si}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{4} / \mathrm{SiO}_{2}{ }^{(1)}$ |
|  | Thickness | $0.7 / 0.3 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ |

Note: 1. Value depends on manufacture location.

## 10. Ordering Information

| Extended Type Number | $\mathbf{D}^{(3)}$ | Type |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| ATA2525P1. $\mathrm{xx}^{(1)}$-yyy ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1493 | Standard type: high data rate |
| ATA2525P3.xx ${ }^{(1)}$-yyy ${ }^{(2)}$ | 980 | Lamp type: enhanced suppression of disturbances, secure data transmission |
| ATA2525P5.xx ${ }^{(1)}$-yyy ${ }^{(2)}$ | 730 | Noise type: best suppression of disturbances, low data rate |

Notes: 1. xx means the used carrier frequency value ( $33,36,38$ or 40 kHz )
2. yyy means kind of packaging:

DDW --> unsawn wafers in box
6AQ --> (only on request, TSSOP8 taped and reeled)
3. Maximum data transmission rate up to bits/s with $f_{0}=40 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ (see Figure $8-2$ on page 5)

## 11. Pad Layout

Figure 11-1. Pad Layout (DDW or TSSOP8)


Table 11-1. Pin Description

| Symbol | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| OUT | Data output |
| VS | Supply voltage |
| GND | GND |
| IN | Input pin diode |
| Zapping | $\mathrm{f}_{0}$ adjust |
| Versioning | type adjust |

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[^0]:    *) Type means: $A=100 \%$ tested, $B=100 \%$ correlation tested, $C=$ Characterized on samples, $D=$ Design parameter
    Notes: 1. BER = Bit Error Rate; e.g., BER $=5 \%$ means that with $P=20$ at the input pin 19... 21 pulses can appear at the pin OUT
    2. After transformation of input current into voltage

