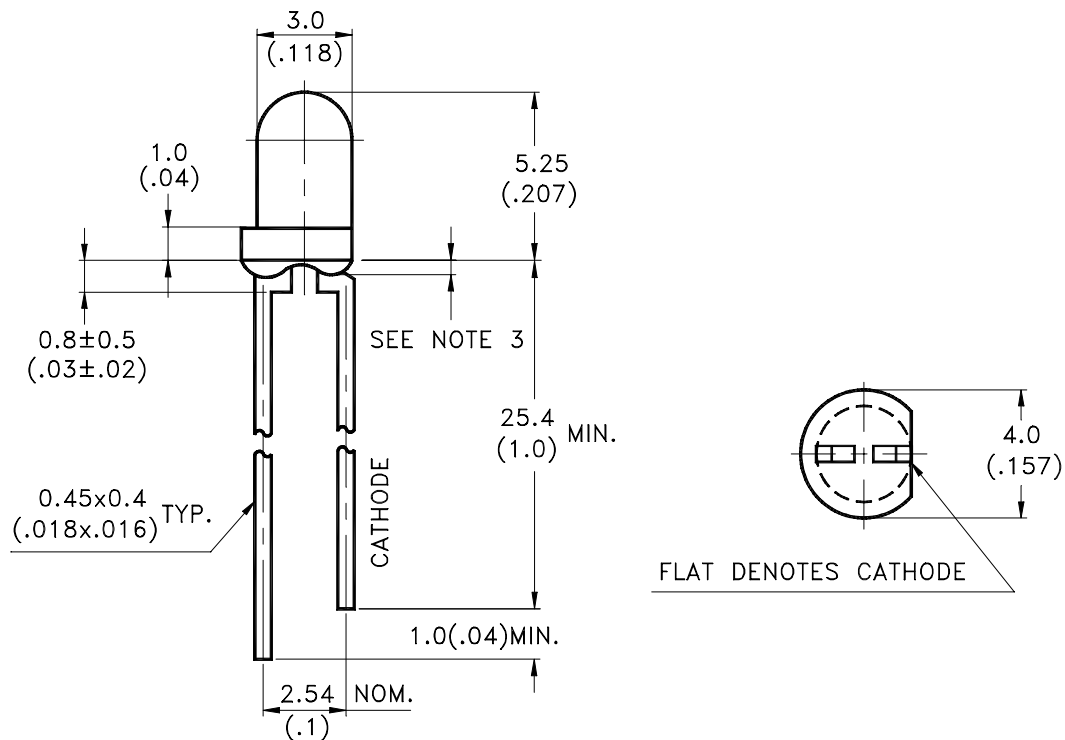


Features

- * High luminous intensity output.
- * Low power consumption.
- * High efficiency.
- * Versatile mounting on P.C. Board or panel.
- * I.C. Compatible/low current requirement.
- * Popular T-1 diameter package.

Package Dimensions



Part No.	Lens	Source Color
LTL42EVHJNT	White Diffused	AlInGaP Red Orange

Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}(.010")$ unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm(.04") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



LITE-ON ELECTRONICS, INC.

Property of Lite-On Only

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	120	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	90	mA
Continuous Forward Current	50	mA
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.6	mA/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to $+100^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to $+100^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	



Property of Lite-On Only

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	I_V	400	680		mcd	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$ Note 1
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$		40		deg	Note 2 (Fig.5)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_P		624		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λ_d		618		nm	Note 4
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		18		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F		2.0	2.4	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C		40		pF	$V_F = 0$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$

NOTE: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

3. I_V classification code is marked on each packing bag.

4. The dominant wavelength, λ_d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

Property of Lite-On Only

Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

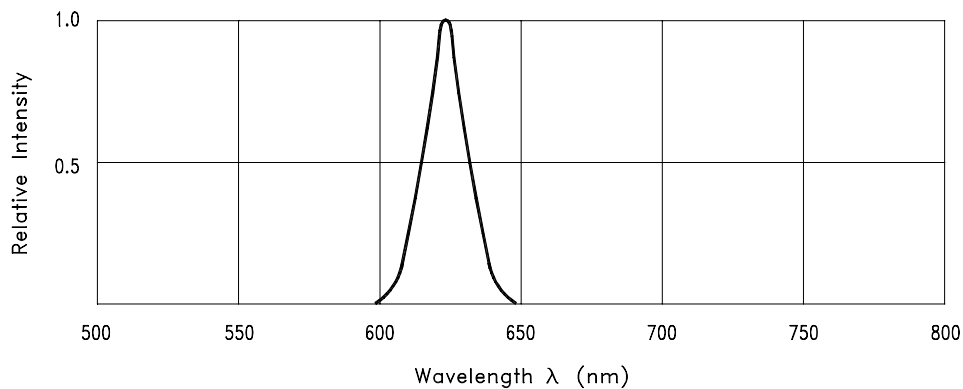


Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

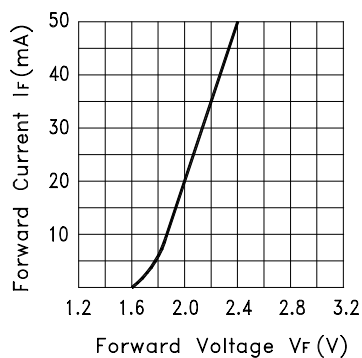


Fig.2 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

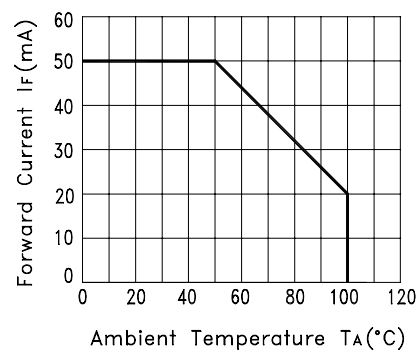


Fig.3 Forward Current Derating Curve

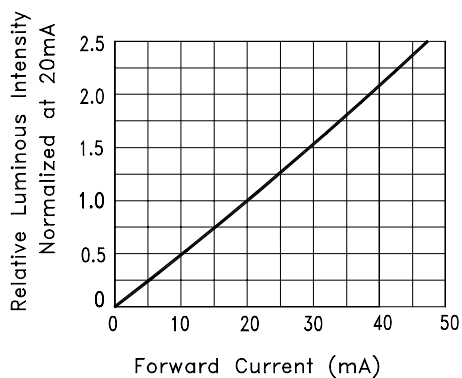


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

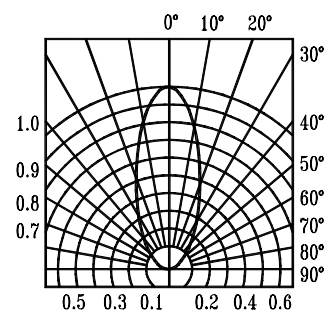


Fig.5 Spatial Distribution