

# Data and Signal Line Chokes

Series/Type: B82796C2

The following products presented in this data sheet are being withdrawn.

Ordering Code	Substitute Product		Deadline Last Orders	Last Shipments
B82796C2474N215		2015-07-10	2015-12-31	2016-03-31
B82796C2473N201		2015-07-10	2015-12-31	2016-03-31
B82796C2225N265		2015-07-10	2015-12-31	2016-03-31



Ordering Code	Substitute Product	Date of Withdrawal	Deadline Last Orders	Last Shipments
B82796C2113N201		2015-07-10	2015-12-31	2016-03-31

For further information please contact your nearest EPCOS sales office, which will also support you in selecting a suitable substitute. The addresses of our worldwide sales network are presented at www.epcos.com/sales.



## Data and signal line chokes

Common-mode chokes, ring core

Rated voltage 42 V AC/80 V DC Rated inductance 0.011 mH to 2.2 mH Rated current 100 mA to 200 mA

## Construction

- Current-compensated ring core quad choke
- Ferrite core
- Polycarbonate case (UL 94 V-0)
- Silicone potting
- Bifilar winding

#### Features

- Suitable for automatic insertion
- Suitable for wave soldering
- RoHS-compatible

## Applications

Suppression of asymmetrical interference coupled in on lines, whereas data signals up to some MHz can pass unaffectedly

#### Terminals

- Base material CuNi18Zn20
- Layer composition Ni, Sn
- Hot-dipped

## Marking

Manufacturer, ordering code, date of manufacture (YWWD)

## **Delivery mode**

Cardboard box

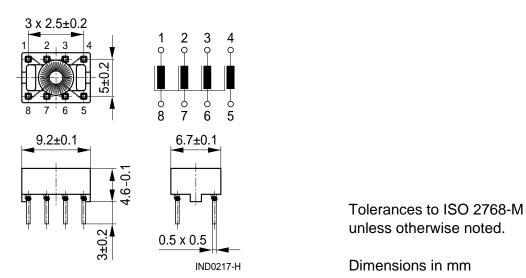




# Data and signal line chokes

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## Dimensional drawing and pin configuration



#### Technical data and measuring conditions

Rated voltage V <sub>R</sub>	42 V AC (50/60 Hz) / 80 V DC	
Rated temperature T <sub>R</sub>	60 °C	
Rated current I <sub>R</sub>	Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature	
Rated inductance L <sub>R</sub>	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 0.1 mA, 20 °C Measuring frequency: $L_R \le 1$ mH = 100 kHz $L_R > 1$ mH = 10 kHz Inductance is specified per winding.	
Inductance tolerance	–30%/+50% at 20 °C	
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	< 10% at DC magnetic bias with I <sub>R</sub> , 20 °C	
Stray inductance L <sub>stray,typ</sub>	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Measured with Agilent 4284A at 5 mA, 20 °C, typical values} \\ \mbox{Measuring frequency: } L_R \leq 11 \ \mu H = 100 \ kHz \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	
DC resistance R <sub>typ</sub>	Measured at 20 °C, typical values, specified per winding	
Solderability (lead-free)	Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: $(245 \pm 5)$ °C, $(3 \pm 0.3)$ s Wetting of soldering area $\ge 95\%$ (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta)	
Resistance to soldering heat (wave soldering)	(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)	
Climatic category	40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)	
Storage conditions (packaged)	–25 °C … +40 °C, ≤75% RH	
Weight	Approx. 0.4 g	



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## Characteristics and ordering codes

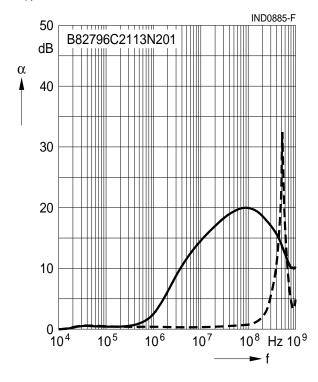
L <sub>R</sub>	L <sub>stray,typ</sub>	I <sub>R</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	R <sub>typ</sub>	V <sub>test</sub>	Ordering code
mH	nH	mA	mΩ	V DC, 2 s	
0.011	70	200	60	750	B82796C2113N201
0.047	120	150	150	750	B82796C2473N201
0.47	120	100	350	750	B82796C2474N215
2.2	180	100	400	750	B82796C2225N265

**Insertion loss**  $\alpha$  (typical values at  $|Z| = 50 \Omega$ , 20 °C)

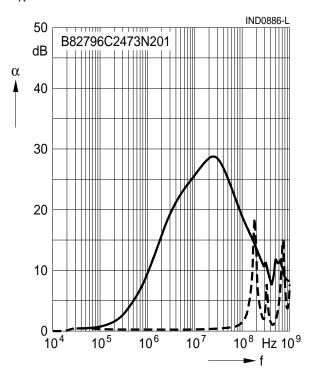
## asymmetrical, all branches in parallel (common mode)

- - - - - - symmetrical (differential mode)

 $L_{R} = 0.011 \text{ mH}$ 



 $L_{R} = 0.047 \text{ mH}$ 



<sup>1)</sup> Types with higher rated current on request.

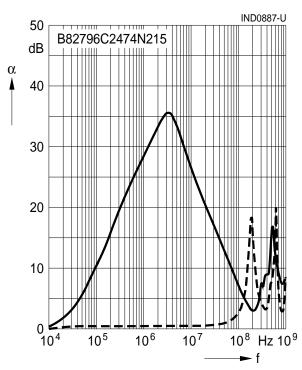


## Data and signal line chokes

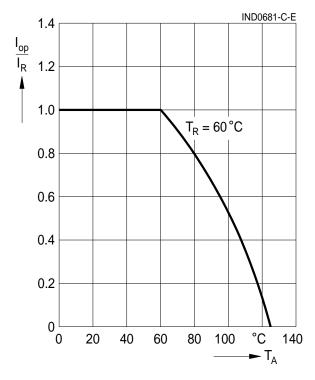
## Common-mode chokes, ring core

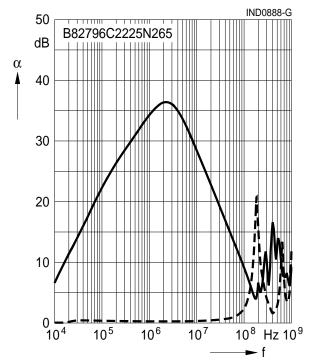
----- symmetrical (differential mode)

 $L_{R} = 0.47 \text{ mH}$ 



Current derating I<sub>op</sub>/I<sub>R</sub> versus ambient temperature





 $L_{R} = 2.2 \text{ mH}$ 

5



#### **Cautions and warnings**

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
  - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
  - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
  - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
  - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
  - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.



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