#### Description

The Smart Power Relay E-1048-8C.- is a remotely controllable electronic load disconnecting relay with three functions in a single unit:

- electronic relay
- electronic overcurrent protection
- status indication

The 7 pin CUBIC version is designed for use with standard automotive relay sockets. A choice of current ratings is available from 1 A through 25 A. An operating voltage range of DC 9...32 V allows the connection of DC 12 V and DC 24 V loads.

In order to switch and protect loads remotely, it has until now been necessary to connect several discrete components together

- an electro-mechanic relay, control cable and integral contact to close the load circuit
- an additional protective element (circuit breaker or fuse) for
- cable or equipment protection
- a device for current measurement (shunt)

Now type E-1048-8C combines all these functions in a single unit, thus minimising the number of connections in the circuit and thereby reducing the risk of failures.

#### **Applications**

Type E-1048-8C. is suited to all applications with DC 12 V or DC 24 V circuits, where magnetic valves, motors or lamp loads have to be switched, protected or monitored:

- road vehicles (utility vehicles, buses, special vehicles)
- rail vehicles
- marine industry (ships, boats, yachts etc.)

The Power Relay is also suitable for industrial use (process control, machine-building, engineering) as an electronic coupling relay between PLC and DC 12 V or DC 24 V load

#### Features

- Integral power electronics provide a wear-resistant switching function, insensitive to shock and vibration.
- Only a fraction of the control power needed by electro-mechanical relays is required for switching loads. This is important for battery buffered load circuits which have to remain controlled even with the generator off line.
- The extremely low induced current consumption of less than 1 mA is absolutely necessary for battery buffered applications.
- The load circuit is disconnected in the event of an overload or short circuit, the trip curve is also suitable for smaller motor loads.
- The load circuit is permanently monitored for wire breakage.
- Two status outputs for control signal AS and group signal SF provide status indication. For processing the actual value of the current flow in a power management system an analogue output from 0 to 5 V is provided. This voltage signal may also be used as an input to a control circuit or to switch off the unit by means of external control in the event of low load current value.
- For switching and monitoring loads of 25 A plus it is possible to connect several units in parallel. Uniform power distribution between units must be ensured by symmetrical design of the supply cables (length and cross section).
- Coloured label, e. g. red = 10 A, see ordering information.



## Technical Data ( $T_U$ = 25°C, $U_B$ = DC 24 V) ( $T_U$ = ambient temperature at $U_N$ )

Power supply LINE +					
Туре	DC power supply with small $R_i$				
Voltage ratings U <sub>N</sub>	battery and generator etc. DC 12 V / DC 24 V				
Operating voltage U <sub>B</sub> :	DC 12 V / DC 24 V DC 932 V				
Load circuit LOAD	DC 9				
	Dowor N	AOSEET N	ah aida a	witching	
Load output Max. current rating I <sub>N</sub>	Power MOSFET, high side switching 25 A			switching	
Types of loads		, inductive	, capaciti	ve, lamp	
		notors (dep	ending o	n duration	
Current roting rongs		n current)	atin and)		
Current rating range IN		0 A (fixed r 5 °C ambie		ut load	
		n, 25 A up			
	Two basic versions with factory pre-				
	set ratings:				
	version 1: 1 A/2 A/3 A/5 A/7.5 A/10 A version 2: 15 A/20 A/25 A				
Induced current consumption		<u>2.</u> 10 A7 20	J R / 23 F	<b>N</b>	
$I_0$ of the unit (OFF condition)	< 1 mA				
Typical voltage drop U <sub>ON</sub>					
at rated current $I_{\text{N}}$ (at 25 °C)	I <sub>N</sub>	U <sub>ON</sub>	I <sub>N</sub>	U <sub>ON</sub>	
	1 A 2 A	50 mV	10 A	110 mV	
	2 A 3 A	55 mV 60 mV	15 A 20 A	70 mV 90 mV	
	5 A	80 mV	25 A	120 mV	
	7.5 A	90 mV			
Switching point		/ 1.3 x I <sub>N</sub>			
<b>-</b> ··· ()	(-40 °C+85 °C: 1.11.5 x I <sub>N</sub> ) typically 200 ms with switch-on onto overload and/or load increase on duty				
Trip time (standard curve)					
Current limitation	version 1: typically 75 A				
	version 2: typically 350 A				
Temperature disconnection	power transistor >150 °C - resettable via external control signal				
After trip	(low-high) at control input IN+				
		of supply ve	•		
Parallel connection of channels	s for loads of 25 A plus, several units of				
	identical current ratings may be connected in parallel. To ensure equal				
	distribution of current between units,				
				supply feed	
	is neces	sary (length	n and cros	ss section).	
Leakage current in OFF condition	version	1. may 10	ΔυΔ		
oonation	<u>version 1</u> : max. 100 μA <u>version 2</u> : max. 500 μA				
Free-wheeling diode	integral				
for connected load version 1: max. 40 A version 2: max. 100 A					
	version	<u>∠</u> : max. 10	υA		

Т	ec	hni	cal	D	Data (τι	= 25°C, $U_B$ = DC 24 V) (T <sub>U</sub> = ambient temperature at $U_N$ )	
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Delay time t <sub>on</sub> / t <sub>off</sub> (resistive load)	typ. 5 ms / typ. 1.5 ms (EMC filter in control input)	Temperature range ambient temperature
Wire breakage monitoring in ON and OFF	wire breakage thresholds: in OFF-condition (version1):	
condition of load	$R_{load}$ > typically 100 k $\Omega$ in OFF-condition (version2):	Tests
	$R_{load}$ > typically 10 kΩ in ON-condition: $I_{load}$ < typically 0.2 x $I_N$ indication via group fault signalisation	Humid heat
	FM (switching output) Fault indication will not be stored, i.e. after remedy of wire breakage fault	Temperature change
	indication will disappear (possible options: - wire breakage indication only in ON	Vibration (random)
	condition - wire breakage indication only in OFF condition	Shock Corrosion
Short circuit, overload in load circuit	<ul> <li>- no wire breakage indication)</li> <li>- disconnection of load, indication via group signal SF</li> </ul>	Protection class
	<ul> <li>no automatic re-start</li> <li>after remedy of the fault unit has to be reset via control input IN+</li> </ul>	EMC requirements
Control input IN+		
Control voltage IN+ Control current I <sub>E</sub>	05 V = "OFF", 8.532 V = "ON" 110 mA (8.5DC32V)	Terminals of CUBIC v
Reset in the event of a failure	<ul> <li>reset via external control signal (low</li> <li>high) at control input IN+</li> <li>via reset of supply voltage</li> </ul>	(7 pin, standard)
Dimmer operation (e.g. PWM signal)	possible, see max. switching frequency	
Switching frequency at resistive or inductive load	max. 100 Hz	Mounting:
Status and diagnostic func	tions	Housing CUBIC max. dimensions
Control signal AS	transistor output minus switching (LSS), open collector, short circuit and overload	Materials
	proof, max. load: DC 32 V/2 A	
Group signal SE	0 V-level: when unit is set (at IN+ = 8.432 V)	Mass
Group signal SF	0 V-level: when unit is set	Mass Approvals CE, e1 logo
Group signal SF Analogue output U(I)	0 V-level: when unit is set (at $IN$ + = 8.432 V) transistor output minus switching (LSS), open collector, short circuit and overload proof, load max. DC 32 V/2 A 0 V-level with overload and short circuit disconnection, wire breakage indication voltage output 0-5 V proportional to load current:	Approvals
	0 V-level: when unit is set (at IN+ = $8.432$ V) transistor output minus switching (LSS), open collector, short circuit and overload proof, load max. DC 32 V/2 A 0 V-level with overload and short circuit disconnection, wire breakage indication voltage output 0-5 V proportional to load current: 1 V = $0.2 \times I_N$	Approvals
	0 V-level: when unit is set (at IN+ = 8.432 V) transistor output minus switching (LSS), open collector, short circuit and overload proof, load max. DC 32 V/2 A 0 V-level with overload and short circuit disconnection, wire breakage indication voltage output 0-5 V proportional to load current: 1 V = 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V = 1.0 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V typically 6.5 V = overload range tolerance: (for I <sub>load</sub> > 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> )	Approvals
	0 V-level: when unit is set (at IN+ = $8.432$ V) transistor output minus switching (LSS), open collector, short circuit and overload proof, load max. DC 32 V/2 A 0 V-level with overload and short circuit disconnection, wire breakage indication voltage output 0-5 V proportional to load current: 1 V = $0.2 \times I_N$ 5 V = $1.0 \times I_N$ 5 V typically 6.5 V = overload range	Approvals
Analogue output U(I)	0 V-level: when unit is set (at IN+ = 8.432 V) transistor output minus switching (LSS), open collector, short circuit and overload proof, load max. DC 32 V/2 A 0 V-level with overload and short circuit disconnection, wire breakage indication voltage output 0-5 V proportional to load current: 1 V = 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V = 1.0 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V typically 6.5 V = overload range tolerance: (for I <sub>load</sub> > 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> ) <u>version 1:</u> $\pm$ 5 % of I <sub>N</sub> <u>version 2:</u> $\pm$ 8 % of I <sub>N</sub> max. output current 5 mA load resistance >1 k $\Omega$ against GND	Approvals
Analogue output U(I) Trip times	0 V-level: when unit is set (at IN+ = 8.432 V) transistor output minus switching (LSS), open collector, short circuit and overload proof, load max. DC 32 V/2 A 0 V-level with overload and short circuit disconnection, wire breakage indication voltage output 0-5 V proportional to load current: $1 V = 0.2 \times I_N$ $5 V = 1.0 \times I_N$ $5 V typically 6.5 V = overload rangetolerance: (for Iload > 0.2 x IN)version 1: ± 5 % of INversion 2: ± 8 % of INmax. output current 5 mAload resistance >1 k\Omega against GNDresponse time when switching on a load:$	Approvals
Analogue output U(I)	0 V-level: when unit is set (at IN+ = 8.432 V) transistor output minus switching (LSS), open collector, short circuit and overload proof, load max. DC 32 V/2 A 0 V-level with overload and short circuit disconnection, wire breakage indication voltage output 0-5 V proportional to load current: 1 V = 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V = 1.0 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V typically 6.5 V = overload range tolerance: (for I <sub>load</sub> > 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> ) <u>version 1:</u> $\pm$ 5 % of I <sub>N</sub> <u>version 2:</u> $\pm$ 8 % of I <sub>N</sub> max. output current 5 mA load resistance >1 k $\Omega$ against GND	Approvals
Analogue output U(I) Trip times definition of t <sub>90</sub> reached 90% of final value Visual status indication control signal AS	0 V-level: when unit is set (at IN+ = 8.432 V) transistor output minus switching (LSS), open collector, short circuit and overload proof, load max. DC 32 V/2 A 0 V-level with overload and short circuit disconnection, wire breakage indication voltage output 0-5 V proportional to load current: 1 V = 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V = 1.0 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V = 1.0 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V typically 6.5 V = overload range tolerance: (for I <sub>load</sub> > 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> ) <u>version 1:</u> ± 5 % of I <sub>N</sub> <u>version 2:</u> ± 8 % of I <sub>N</sub> max. output current 5 mA load resistance >1 kΩ against GND response time when switching on a load: t <sub>90</sub> = typically 20 ms response time of load change on duty: t <sub>90</sub> = typically 1 ms	Approvals
Analogue output U(I) Trip times definition of t <sub>90</sub> reached 90% of final value Visual status indication	0 V-level: when unit is set (at IN+ = 8.432 V) transistor output minus switching (LSS), open collector, short circuit and overload proof, load max. DC 32 V/2 A 0 V-level with overload and short circuit disconnection, wire breakage indication voltage output 0-5 V proportional to load current: 1 V = 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V = 1.0 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V = 1.0 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V typically 6.5 V = overload range tolerance: (for I <sub>load</sub> > 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> ) <u>version 1:</u> $\pm$ 5 % of I <sub>N</sub> <u>version 2:</u> $\pm$ 8 % of I <sub>N</sub> max. output current 5 mA load resistance >1 k $\Omega$ against GND response time when switching on a load: t <sub>90</sub> = typically 20 ms response time of load change on duty: t <sub>90</sub> = typically 1 ms	Approvals
Analogue output U(I) Trip times definition of t <sub>90</sub> reached 90% of final value Visual status indication control signal AS group fault signal SF	0 V-level: when unit is set (at IN+ = 8.432 V) transistor output minus switching (LSS), open collector, short circuit and overload proof, load max. DC 32 V/2 A 0 V-level with overload and short circuit disconnection, wire breakage indication voltage output 0-5 V proportional to load current: 1 V = 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V = 1.0 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V typically 6.5 V = overload range tolerance: (for I <sub>load</sub> > 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> ) <u>version 1:</u> ± 5 % of I <sub>N</sub> <u>version 2:</u> ± 8 % of I <sub>N</sub> max. output current 5 mA load resistance >1 kΩ against GND response time when switching on a load: t <sub>90</sub> = typically 20 ms response time of load change on duty: t <sub>90</sub> = typically 1 ms LED yellow LED red	Approvals
Analogue output U(I) Trip times definition of t <sub>90</sub> reached 90% of final value Visual status indication control signal AS group fault signal SF General data Reverse polarity protection Control circuit	0 V-level: when unit is set (at IN+ = 8.432 V) transistor output minus switching (LSS), open collector, short circuit and overload proof, load max. DC 32 V/2 A 0 V-level with overload and short circuit disconnection, wire breakage indication voltage output 0-5 V proportional to load current: 1 V = 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V = 1.0 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V = 1.0 x I <sub>N</sub> 5 V typically 6.5 V = overload range tolerance: (for I <sub>load</sub> > 0.2 x I <sub>N</sub> ) <u>version 1:</u> ± 5 % of I <sub>N</sub> <u>version 2:</u> ± 8 % of I <sub>N</sub> max. output current 5 mA load resistance >1 kΩ against GND response time when switching on a load: t <sub>90</sub> = typically 20 ms response time of load change on duty: t <sub>90</sub> = typically 1 ms LED yellow LED red	Approvals
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# Technical Data (TU = 25°C, UB = DC 24 V) (TU = ambient temperature at UN)

remperature range	
ambient temperature	- standard: -40+85 °C
	without load reduction (60 °C at 25 A)
	<ul> <li>for other temperature ranges please</li> </ul>
	see ordering key
Tests	
Humid heat	combined test, 9 cycles with
	functional test
	test to DIN EN 60068-2-30, Z/AD
Temperature change	min. temperature -40 °C,
	max. temperature +90 °C
	test to DIN IEC 60068-2-14, Nb
Vibration (random)	in operation, with temperature change
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	6 g eff. (10 Hz2000 Hz)
	test to DIN EN 60068-2-64
Shock	25 g/11 ms, 10 shocks
	test to DIN EN 60068-2-27
Corrosion	test to DIN EN 60068-2-52, severity 3
Protection class	housing -8C4 IP30 to DIN 40050
	housing -8C5 IP54 to DIN 40050,
	higher protection class upon request
EMC requirements	EMC directive:
Emorequienente	emitted interference EN 50081-1
	noise immunity EN 61000-6-2
	Automotive directive:
	emitted interference, noise immunity:
	72/245/EW6 und 95 / 54 / E6
Terminals of CUBIC version	
(7 pin, standard)	5 blade terminals 6.3 mm x 0.8 mm
	and 2 blade terminals
	2.8 mm x 0.6 mm to DIN 46244
	Contact material CuZn37F44
Mounting:	- on automotive relay socket 7 pole or
5	9 pole
Housing CUBIC	
max. dimensions	30 x 30 x 40 mm when plugged in
	30 x 30 x 51.6 mm including terminals
Materials	CUBIC: housing PA66-GF30
	base plate PA6-GF30
Mass	approx. 23 g43 g, depending on
	version
Approvals	
CE, e1 logo	according to EU, EMC and automotive
	directives, approvals no. e1 023880

# 図画示A Smart Power Relay E-1048-8C. (CUBIC)

**Dimensions CUBIC (7 pin version)** 

30 1.18 footprint to ISO 7588

> 51.6 2.03

Ordeni		
Туре		
E-1048-8C	Smart Power Relay DC 12 V/24 V - 1 A20 A (25 A)	with all options: - LED indications AS/SF - signal outputs AS/SF
	in CUBIC housing	- analogue output U (I)
	Housing / temperature range4with housing -40 °C85 °C (60 °C at I <sub>N</sub> = 25 A)	
	5 with housing -40 °C85 °C (60 °C at $I_N = 25 A$ )	
	increased environmental	3 2 1 2 2, 4, 5, 6 and 8 - blade terminals 6.3 x 0.8
	requirements (IP protection class etc.)	1 and 3 - blade terminals 2.8 x 0.6
	Control input	
	C with control input (+ control 8.532 V)	
	LEDs	
	0 without	
	3 2 LEDs: AS yellow, SF red	footprint to ISO 7588
	Status output minus-switching	
	A without	
	B with control signal AS	
	C with group fault signal SF D with AS and SF	
	Contents of group fault signal SF/	
	LED indication SF	3 9 9 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2
	0 without	2.03
	1 short circuit / overload	
	2 short circuit / overload + wire breakage off	
	3 short circuit / overload + wire breakage on	
	4 short circuit / overload + wire breakage	
	off + wire breakage on	
	V0 without	
	VI 05V	30
	Characteristic curve	1.18
	1 50 ms (switch-off delay with	
	overload)	
	2 100 ms (switch-off delay with	
	overload)	8 2 2
	4 200 ms standard	
	(switch-off delay with overload)	
	Voltage rating	
	U3 DC 12/24 V	
	Current ratings /	LED yellow LED red
	colour of label	
	1 A / black	Dimensione RASIC (4 nin version)
	2 A / grey	Dimensions BASIC (4 pin version)
	3 A / purple 5 A / light-brown	
	7.5 A / brown	without options. LED indication AC/CE
	10 A / red	without options: - LED indication AS/SF - signal outputs AS/SF
	15 A / blue	- analogue output U (I)
	20 A / yellows	
	25 A / white	
		2 2, 4, 6 and 8 - blade terminals 6.3 x 0.8
E-1048-8C		
	ample 1: "DELUXE"-version 7 pin	6 4
E-1048-8C	<b>4 - C 0 A 0 V0 - 4 U3 - 5 A</b> ample 2: "BASIC"-version 4 pin	<u>ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا </u>
ordening exa		

# **Ordering Information**

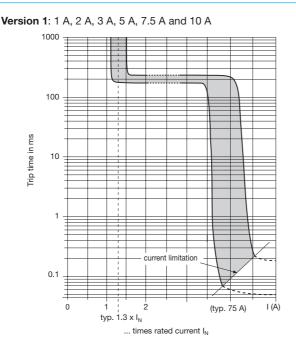
# 7

05/06

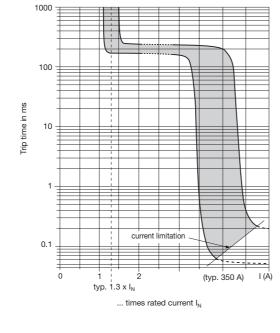
40

30 1.18 0

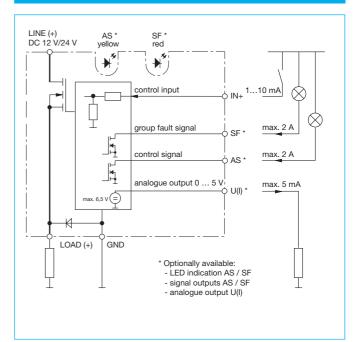
# Typical time/current characteristics (standard 200 ms)



Version 2: 15 A, 20 A and 25 A



# **Connection diagram**



#### **Pin selection (7 pin = "DELUXE")**

E-1048	-8C.	Cubic	
AS	(1)	control signal ( <sup>≜</sup> LED yellow)	
LINE + SF	(2) (3)	plus U <sub>B</sub> (DC 12 V/24 V) group fault signal ( <sup>^</sup> LED red)	3 2 1
IN+	(4)	control input	5
U(I)	(5)	0 5 V analogue output	
GND	(6)	minus U <sub>B</sub>	
LOAD	(8)	load output	

### Pin selection (4 pin = "BASIC")

E-1048	-8C.	Cubic	
LINE +	(1) (2) (3)	plus U <sub>B</sub> (DC 12 V/24 V)	
IN+ (4)	(5)	control input	6 4
GND	(6)	minus U <sub>B</sub>	
LOAD	(8)	load output	

All dimensions without tolerances are for reference only. In the interest of improved design, performance and cost effectiveness the right to make changes in these specifications without notice is reserved. Product markings may not be exactly as the ordering codes. Errors and omissions excepted.