



## DF-BluetoothV3 Bluetooth module (SKU:TEL0026)

From Robot Wiki



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### Introduction

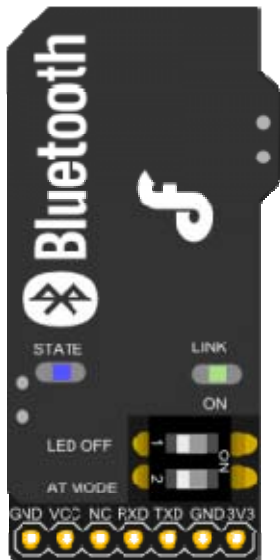
This DF-Bluetooth module offers an affordable way to let your microcontroller talk to your Bluetooth devices such as Bluetooth mobile phones, laptop, and Bluetooth adapter. The Bluetooth module provides TTL level UART interface which is supported by almost every microcontroller in the market.

It is also designed to be compatible with most popular Arduino controller. Simply plug into Arduino IO Expansion Shield, a Bluetooth Arduino is ready to use.

## Specification

- Chips: CSR BC417143
- Bluetooth Protocol: Bluetooth Specification v2.0 +EDR
- Working Frequency: 2.4-2.48GHz unlicensed ISM Band
- Modulation Mode: GFSK (Gaussian Frequency Shift Keying)
- Power:  $\leq 4\text{dBm}$ , Class 2
- Transmission Distance: 20-30 in free space
- Sensitivity:  $\leq -84\text{ dBm}$  at 0.1% BER
- Transmission rate: Asynchronous: 2.1 Mbps (Max)/160 kbps; Synchronous: 1Mbps/1Mbps
- Security: Authentication and encryption
- Support profiles: Bluetooth serial port
- LED indicator: LINK
- Power Supply: +3.5V-+8V DC/50 mA
- Working Temperature:  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ - $+55^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Dimension: 43x19.3x11mm

## PinOut



Pin	Definition
GND	GND
VCC	3.5-8V DC
RXD	RX (TTL Level)
TXD	TX (TTL Level)

## Set module in AT mode

### How to enter into AT mode

The DF-Bluetooth V3 module has two switches on the module.

- The NO.1 switch is used to set the LINK-LED on/off for power saving.
- The NO.2 switch(AT mode) is used to control the Bluetooth module
  - In AT mode
  - In Functional mode

So if you turn the NO.2 switch on, you can use the AT mode to set the Bluetooth module, e.g. name, baud rate, master/slave mode etc.

## Preparation

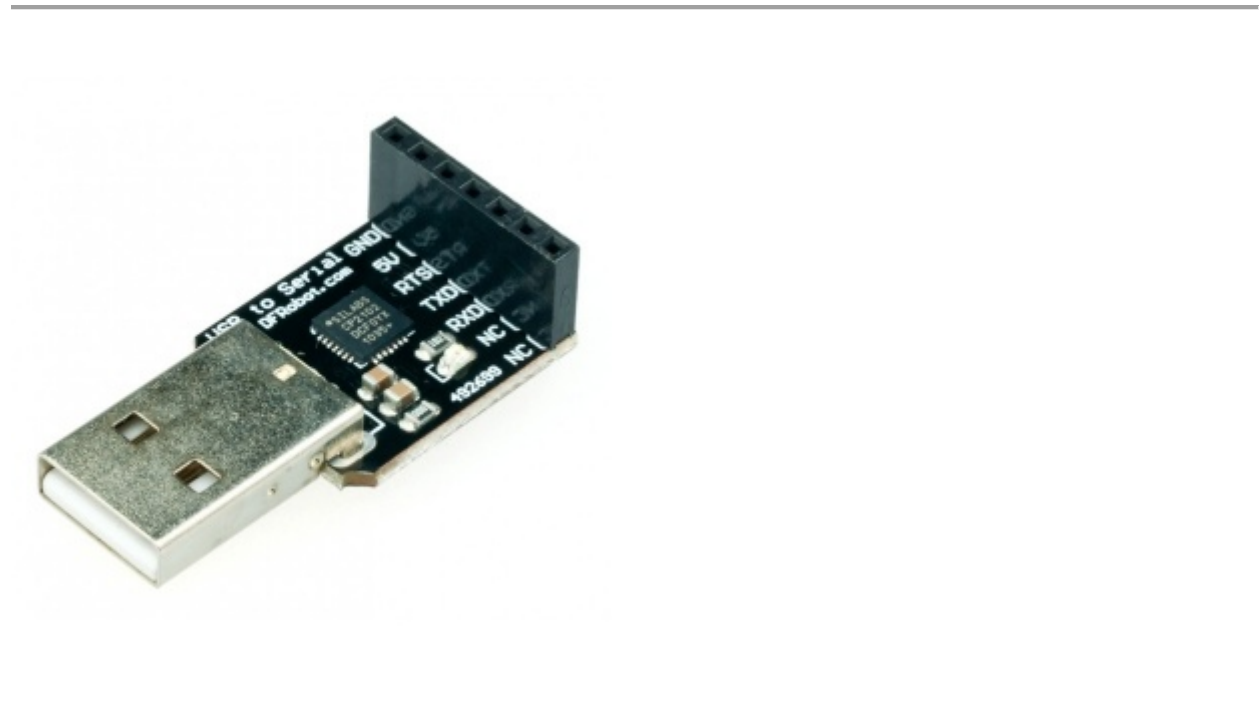
- USB to TTL Converter x1
- Bluetooth module x1
- Software: **CoolTerm**, you can also use Arduino IDE serial monitor

<http://freeware.the-meiers.org/>

## Steps

### Part 1: Ready to go

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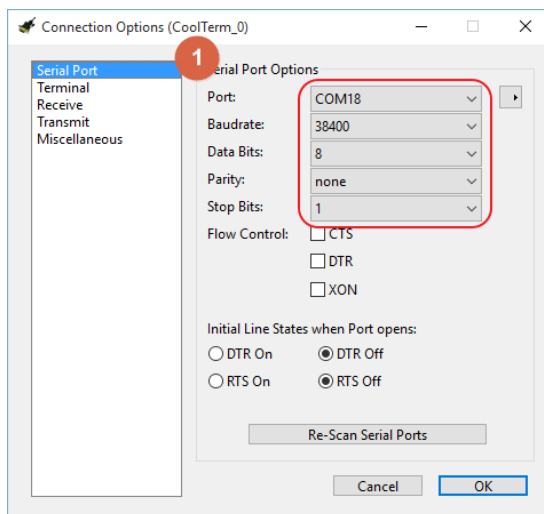
### USB to TTL module

1. Plug the Bluetooth module into the **USB to TTL module**;
2. Turn on the AT mode switch of the Bluetooth module;
3. Connect the **USB to TTL module** to your computer;
4. Install the driver for the USB to Serial module if it can't be recognized.

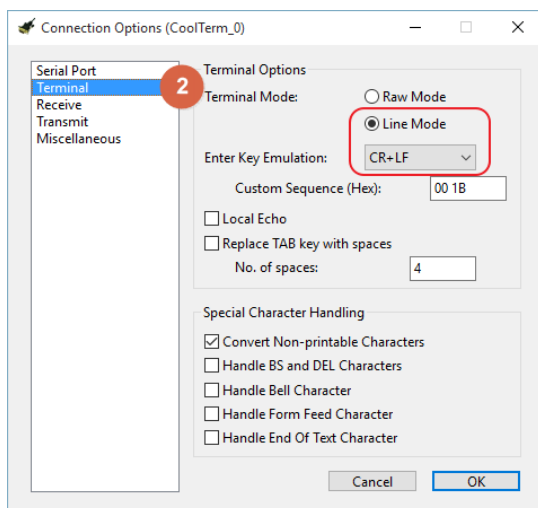
## Part 2: Setting

After connecting the module to computer, we can use **CoolTerm** software to talk with Bluetooth module.

1. Click **Connection** --> Choose **Options** to set several parameters in **CoolTerm**.
2. Set **Serial Port**
  1. **Port**: the port number can be got from the Device Manager of the computer
  2. **Baudrate**: 38400
  3. **Data Bits**: 8
  4. **Parity**: none
  5. **Stop Bits**: 1
3. Set **Terminal**
  1. **Terminal Mode**: Line Mode
  2. **Key Emulation**: CR+LF

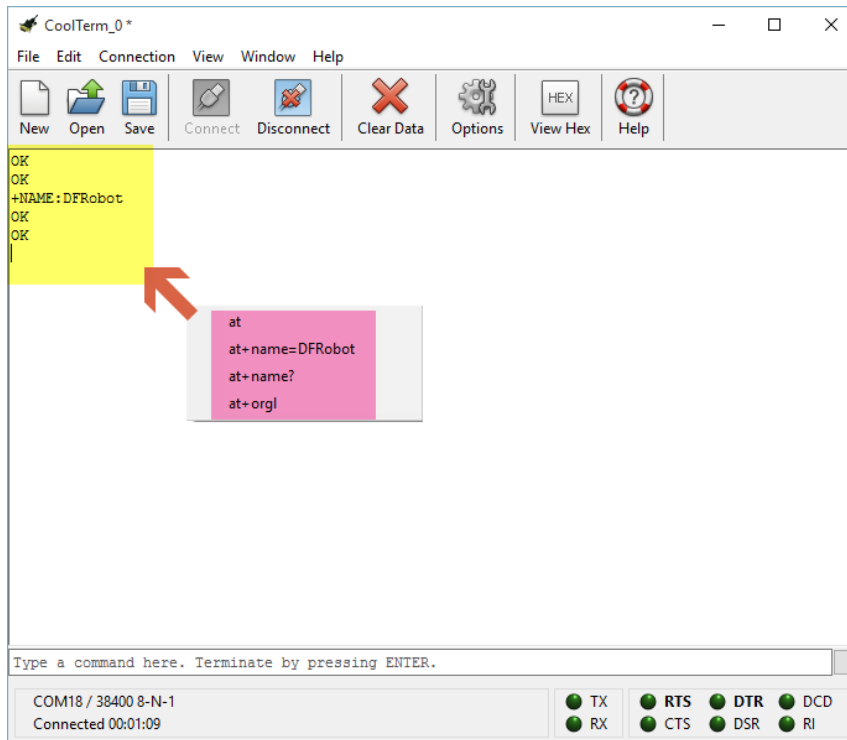


Set Serial Port



Set Terminal

### Part 3: Setting



Send AT command & return value

Now use the **CoolTerm** to send AT commands to the Bluetooth Module and see what information the Bluetooth will answer to the computer.

For example:

- Input: at

Return: OK

- Input: at+name=DFRobot

Return: OK

- Input: at+name?

Return:+name: DFRobot OK

- Input: at+role=0  
Return: OK
- Input: at+role?  
Return: +role:0 OK
- AT+PSWD?  
+PSWD:1234 OK
- AT+ORGL (Restore the default setting:)  
Return: OK
- AT+UART=115200,0,0 **Return:** OK
  - Param1: baud rate (bits/s) 4800/ 9600/ 19200/ 38400/ 57600/ 115200/ 230400/ 460800/ 912600/ 1382400
  - Param2: stop bit , 0- 1 bit/ 1- 2 bits
  - Param3: parity bit, 0- None/ 1- Odd/ 2- Even
- AT+RESET  
Return: OK
- **Default setting**
  1. Device class: 0
  2. Inquiry code: 0x009e8b33
  3. Device mode: Slave mode
  4. Binding mode: SPP
  5. Serial port: 38400 bits/s; 1 stop bit, no parity (In datasheet, it said the default baud rate is 9600 which is wrong.)
  6. Pairing code: "1234"
  7. Device name: "HHW-SPP-1800-2"

More AT command can be obtained from the [TEL0026\\_Datasheet](#).

[http://image.dfrobot.com/image/data/TEL0026/TEL0026\\_Datasheet.pdf](http://image.dfrobot.com/image/data/TEL0026/TEL0026_Datasheet.pdf)

#### **Part 4: Exit AT mode**

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Please turn the AT mode switch off and then repower the Bluetooth module.

## Tutorial

The DF-Bluetooth module is based on the specification of Bluetooth V2.0, compatible with V1.1. A Bluetooth adaptor is required to communicate with the DF-Bluetooth module. When it is paired with other Bluetooth devices, the DF-Bluetooth is always set to slave mode.

The IVT BlueSoleil is recommended to manager all your Bluetooth devices.

### STEPS

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*Step 1:* Connect a Bluetooth adapter to the computer so that the computer can find the Bluetooth module.

*Step 2:* Put the Bluetooth module on the Arduino board

*Step 3:* Open BlueSoleil software (Figure 1) and right click the yellow ball in the centre screen, click “Search Devices”, an icon named EPBMX-COM will appear after few seconds. The EPBMX-COM is the DF-Bluetooth module.

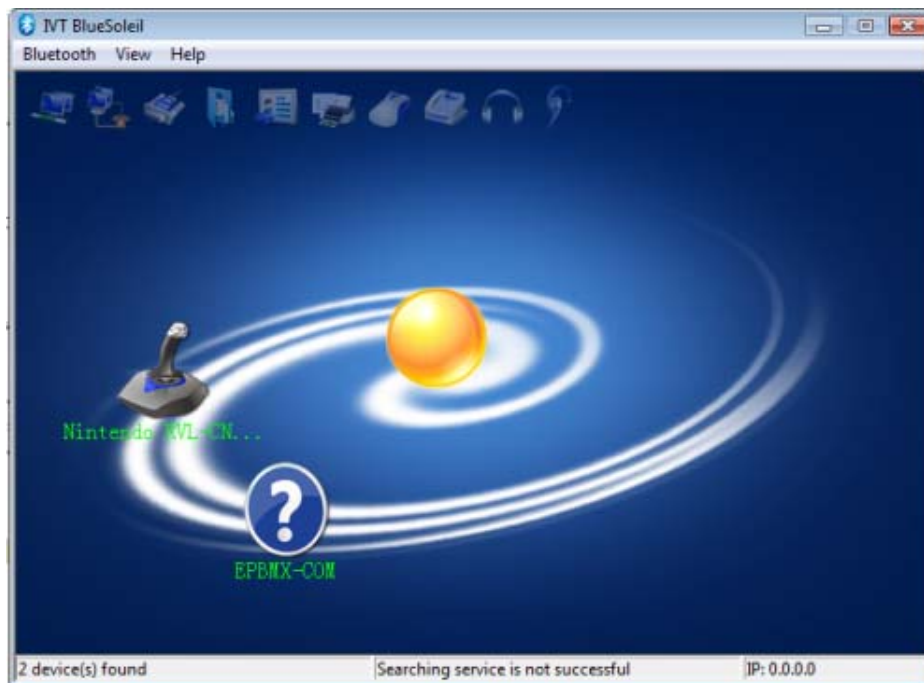


Figure 1

*Step 4:* Right click EPBMX-COM icon, click “Pair”. A window will popup ask for PassKey

which is “1234” by default (Figure 2).LINK-LED on the Bluetooth will blink if the Pair is successful and the LED is on.

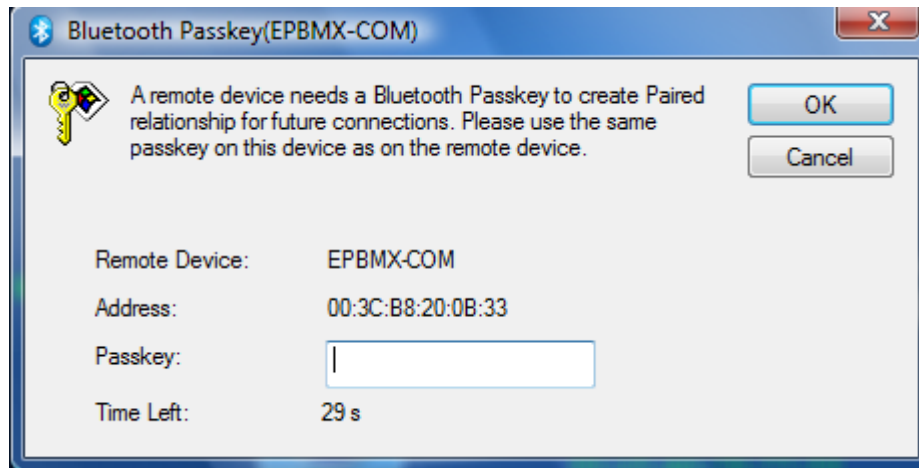


Figure 2

*Step 5:* Right click EPBMX-COM, click “Search Service”. Then a serial port will appear and right click EPBMX-COM again and choose the choice “Connect Bluetooth Serial Port (COMXX)” and you can see the LINK-LED on the Bluetooth will be lit if the LED switch is on.



Figure 3



*Step 6:* Upload test code to Arduino. Please unplug the Bluetooth module from the Arduino board while uploading test code.

```
void setup()
{
    Serial.begin(9600);           //Set serial baud rate to 9600
}

void loop()
{
    Serial.print("Hello!");       //print out hello string
    delay(1000);                  //1 second delay
}
```

## Result

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Plug the Bluetooth module on the Arduino board again after finishing uploading the codes. Then open the serial monitor to see what Arduino is sending to Bluetooth module. You can also use **CoolTerm** to check the communication.

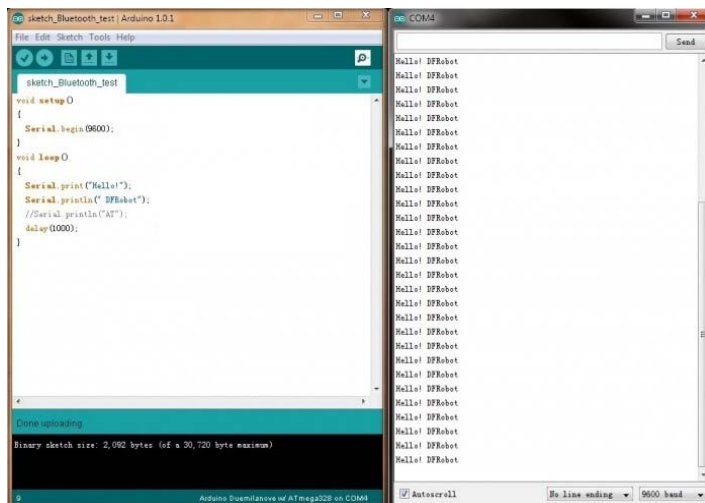


Figure 4

**NOTE:**

1. Check the serial setting! Make sure the baud rate is set to 9600 on both master and slave.
2. When the DF-Bluetooth is used on Arduino, please make sure you disconnect the DF-Bluetooth module before uploading any code to your Arduino. Or it will fail to upload any sketch as the DF-Bluetooth module occupying the TX/RX pins.

For any question/ advice/ cool idea to share with us, please visit [DFRobot Forum](#)