

# 4-Mbit (512 K × 8) Static RAM with RadStop™ Technology

#### Radiation Performance

#### **Radiation Data**

- Total dose = 300 Krad
- Soft error rate (both heavy ion and proton) Heavy ions ≤ 1 × 10<sup>-10</sup> upsets/bit-day with single-error correction, double error detection error detection and correction (SEC-DED EDAC)
- Neutron =  $2.0 \times 10^{14} \text{ N/cm}^2$
- Dose rate  $\ge 2.0 \times 10^9$  (rad(Si)/s)
- Latch up immunity LET = 120 MeV.cm<sup>2</sup>/mg (125 °C)

## **Processing Flows**

- Q Grade Class Q flow in compliance with MIL-PRF 38535
- V Grade Class V flow in compliance with MIL-PRF 38535

## **Prototyping Options**

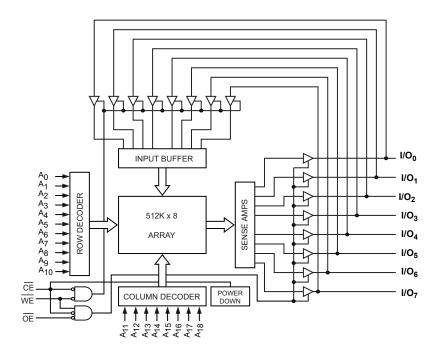
- CYPT1049DV33 protos with same functional and timing as flight units using non-radiation hardened die
- Characteristics in a 36-pin ceramic flat package

#### **Features**

- Temperature ranges

  □ Military/Space: –55 °C to 125 °C
- High speed
  □ t<sub>AA</sub> = 12 ns
- Low active power
  □ I<sub>CC</sub> = 95 mA at 12 ns (P<sub>MAX</sub> = 315 mW)
- Low CMOS standby power
  □ I<sub>SB2</sub> = 15 mA
- 2.0 V data retention
- Automatic power-down when deselected
- Transistor-transistor logic (TTL) compatible inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion with CE and OE features
- Available in Pb-free 36-pin ceramic flat package
  For a complete list of related documentation, click here.

# **Logic Block Diagram**





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## **Functional Description**

The CYRS1049DV33 is a high-performance complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) static RAM organized as 512 K words by 8 bits with RadStop™ technology. Cypress's state-of-the-art RadStop technology is radiation hardened through proprietary design and process hardening techniques. The 4-Mbit fast asynchronous SRAM with RadStop technology is also QML V certified with Defense Logistics Agency Land and Maritime (DLAM).

 $\overline{\text{Lo}}$  write to the device, take Chip Enable  $(\overline{\text{CE}})$  and Write Enable  $(\overline{\text{WE}})$  inputs LOW. Data on the eight I/O pins (I/O $_0$  through I/O $_7$ ) is then written into the location specified on the address pins (A $_0$  through A $_{18}$ ).

To read <u>from</u> the device, take Chip Enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ) <u>and</u> Output Enable ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ) LOW while forcing the Write Enable ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ) HIGH.

Under these conditions, the contents of the memory location specified by the address pins appear on the I/O pins. See the Truth Table on page 11 for a complete description of read and write modes.

The eight input or output pins (I/O $_0$  through I/O $_7$ ) are <u>placed</u> in a high impedance state when the device is deselected (CE HIGH), the outputs are <u>disabled</u> (OE HIGH), or during a write operation (CE LOW, and WE LOW)

The CYRS1049DV33 is available in a ceramic 36-pin Flat package with center power and ground (revolutionary) pinout.

Easy memory expansion is provided by utilizing  $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CE}}$ , and tri-state drivers.

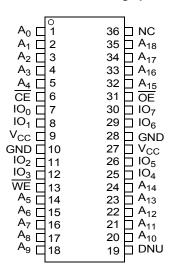
For best practice recommendations, refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines.

## **Selection Guide**

Description	Military/Space	Unit
Maximum access time	12	ns
Maximum operating current	95	mA
Maximum CMOS standby current	15	mA

# **Pin Configuration**

Figure 1. 36-pin Ceramic Flat Package pinout (Top View) [1]



#### Note

NC pins are not connected on the die.



# **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature ......-65 °C to +150 °C Ambient temperature with power applied ......–55 °C to +125 °C Supply voltage on  $V_{CC}$  relative to GND  $^{[2]}$  .....-0.3 V to +4.6 V

DC voltage applied to outputs in High Z state  $^{[2]}$  .....-0.5 V to V $_{\rm CC}$  + 0.5 V

DC input voltage [2]	0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
Current into outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static discharge voltage (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	>2001 V
Latch up current	> 140 mA

# **Operating Range**

Range	1emperature 00		Speed
Military/Space	–55 °C to +125 °C	$3.3~V\pm0.3~V$	12 ns

## **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Doromotor	Description	Toot Conditions	Test Conditions		Military/Space	
Parameter	Description Test Conditions			Min	Min Max	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high voltage	$V_{\rm CC}$ = Min, $I_{\rm OH}$ = -4.0 mA		2.4	_	V
$V_{OL}$	Output low voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA		_	0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub> <sup>[2]</sup>	Input high voltage			2.0	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub> [2]	Input low voltage			-0.3	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input leakage current	$GND \le V_I \le V_{CC}$	$GND \le V_{I} \le V_{CC}$			μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	GND ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> , output disab	oled	-1	+1	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> operating supply current	$V_{CC} = Max, f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$	83 MHz	_	95	mA
			66 MHz	_	85	mA
			40 MHz	_	75	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE power-down current – TTL inputs	Max $V_{CC}$ , $\overline{CE} \ge V_{IH}$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{IH}$ or $V_{IN} \le V_{IL}$ , $f = f_{MAX}$		-	15	mA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE power-down current – CMOS inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max V}_{\text{CC}}, \ \overline{\text{CE}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3 \text{ V}, \\ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ or V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3 \text{ V} \end{array}$	', f = 0	_	15	mA

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Note 2.  $V_{IL(min)}$  = -2.0 V and  $V_{IH(max)}$  =  $V_{CC}$  + 2 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.



# Capacitance

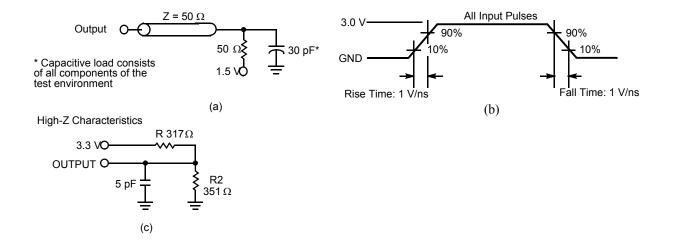
Parameter [3]	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, f = 1 \text{MHz}, V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{V}$	8	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	I/O capacitance		8	pF

# **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter [3]	Description	Test Conditions	Ceramic Flat Package	Unit
- 30	Thermal resistance (junction to case)	Test according to MIL-PRF 38538	3.6	°C/W

## **AC Test Loads and Waveforms**

Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveforms [4]



Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
 AC characteristics (except High Z) are tested using the load conditions shown in Figure 2 (a). High Z characteristics are tested for all speeds using the test load shown in Figure 2 (c).



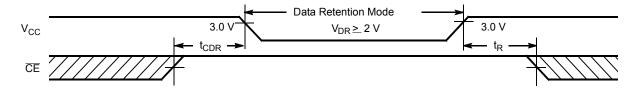
# **Data Retention Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions <sup>[5]</sup>	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DR}$	V <sub>CC</sub> for data retention	-	2.0	-	V
I <sub>CCDR</sub>	Data retention current	$V_{CC} = V_{DR} = 2.0 \text{ V},$	-	15	
		$\overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.3 \text{ V},$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.3 \text{ V or } V_{IN} \le 0.3 \text{ V}$			mA
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[6]</sup>	Chip deselect to data retention time	-	0	-	ns
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[7]</sup>	Operation recovery time	-	12	-	ns

# **Data Retention Waveform**

Figure 3. Data Retention Waveform



- Notes
  5. No input may exceed V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V.
  6. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
  7. Full device operation requires linear V<sub>CC</sub> ramp from V<sub>DR</sub> to V<sub>CC(min)</sub> ≥ 50 μs or stable at V<sub>CC(min)</sub> ≥ 50 μs.



# **AC Switching Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Parameter [8]	Description	Military	//Space	11!4
Parameter [9]	Description	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle		•	•	_
t <sub>power</sub> <sup>[9]</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> (typical) to the first access	100	_	μS
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read cycle time	12	_	ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to data valid	_	12	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data hold from address change	3	_	ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE LOW to data valid	_	12	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to data valid	_	6	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to Low Z [10]	0	_	ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High Z [10, 11]	_	6	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE LOW to Low Z [10]	3	_	ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE HIGH to High Z [10, 11]	_	6	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE LOW to Power-up	0	_	ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE HIGH to Power-down	_	12	ns
Write Cycle [12	, 13]			
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write cycle time	12	_	ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE LOW to write end	8	_	ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address setup to write end	8	_	ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address hold from write end	0	_	ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address setup to write start	0	_	ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE pulse width	8	_	ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data setup to write end	6	_	ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data hold from write end	0	_	ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low Z [10]	3	_	ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High Z [10, 11]	_	6	ns

<sup>8.</sup> Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0 V, and output loading of the specified I<sub>OL</sub>/I<sub>OH</sub> and 30-pF load capacitance.

<sup>9.</sup> t<sub>POWER</sub> gives the minimum amount of time that the power supply should be at typical V<sub>CC</sub> values until the first memory access is performed.

10. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZCE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZOE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZDE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZBE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZWE</sub> for any given device.

<sup>11.</sup> t<sub>HZOE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZEE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in part (c) of Figure 2 on page 5. Transition is measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.

<sup>12.</sup> The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  LOW and  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  LOW.  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  must be LOW to initiate a write and the transition of either of these signals can terminate the write. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the leading edge of the signal that terminates the write.

13. The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle No. 4 (WE controlled,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  LOW) is the sum of t<sub>HZWE</sub> and t<sub>SD</sub>.



# **Switching Waveforms**

# Figure 4. Read Cycle No. 1 [14, 15]

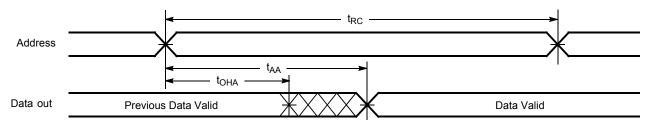
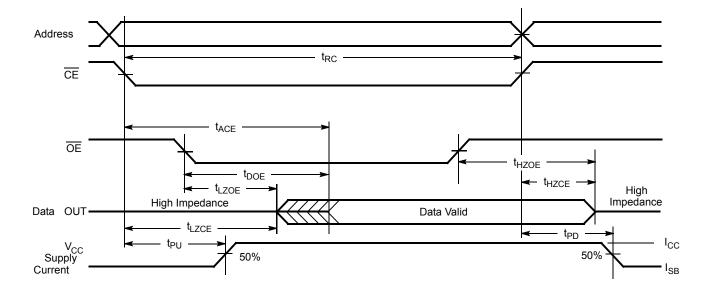


Figure 5. Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled) [15, 16]



<sup>14. &</sup>lt;u>Device</u> is continuously selected. <del>OE</del>, <del>CE</del> = V<sub>IL</sub>.

15. <del>WE</del> is HIGH for read cycle.

16. Address valid prior to or coincident with <del>CE</del> transition LOW.



# **Switching Waveforms**(continued)

Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 1 (CE Controlled) [17, 18]

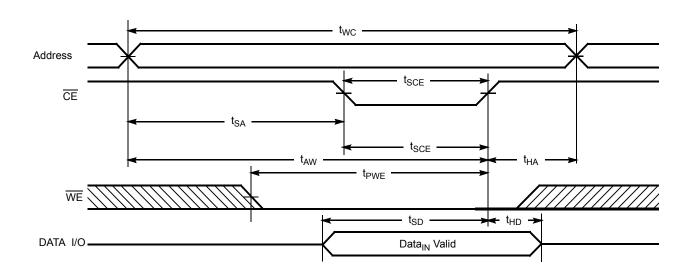
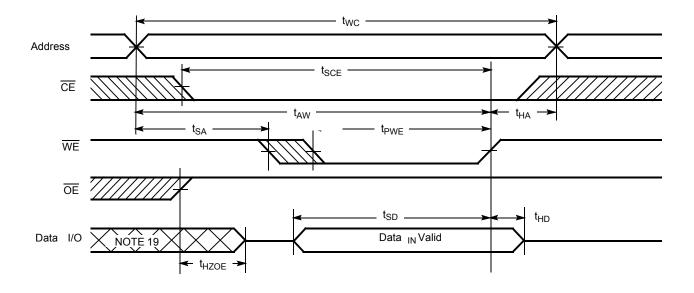


Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 2 (WE Controlled, OE HIGH During Write) [17, 18]

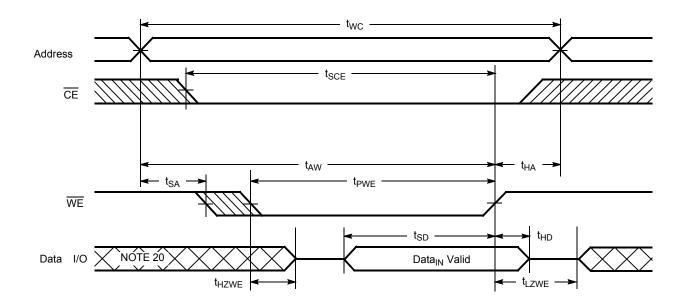


<sup>17.</sup> D<u>ata</u> I/O is high impedance if <del>OE</del> = V<sub>IH</sub> 18. If <del>CE</del> goes HIGH simultaneously with <del>WE</del> going HIGH, the output remains in a high impedance state. 19. During this period the I/Os are in the output state and input signals should not be applied.



# **Switching Waveforms**(continued)

Figure 8. Write Cycle No. 3 (WE Controlled, OE LOW)



#### Note

<sup>20.</sup> During this period the I/Os are in the output state and input signals should not be applied.



# **Truth Table**

CE	OE	WE	I/O <sub>0</sub> -I/O <sub>7</sub>	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Х	High Z	Power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB1</sub> or I <sub>SB2</sub> )
L	L	Н	Data out	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Х	L	Data in	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	High Z	Selected, Outputs disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )



# **Ordering Information**

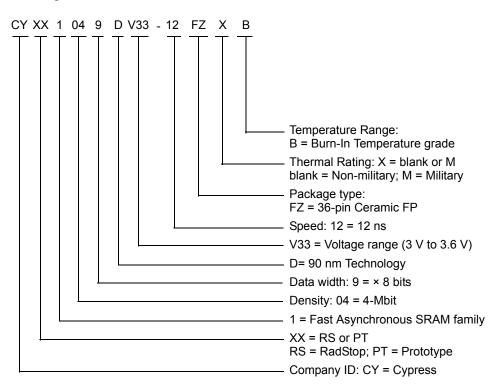
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Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
12	CYRS1049DV33-12FZMB	001-67583	36-pin ceramic flat package	Burn-In
12	CYPT1049DV33-12FZMB	001-67583	36-pin ceramic flat package, Prototype part	Burn-In
12	5962F1123501QXA	001-67583	36-pin ceramic flat package, DLAM part	Burn-In
12	5962F1123501VXA	001-67583	36-pin ceramic flat package, DLAM part	Burn-In

Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts

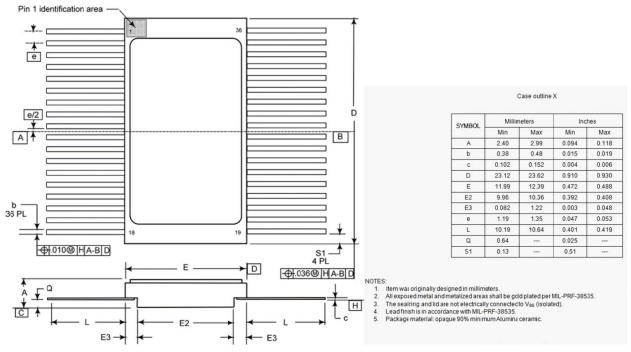
## Ordering Code Definitions





# **Package Diagram**

Figure 9. 36-pin Ceramic Flat Pack (Solder Seal Lid) Package Outline, 001-67583



001-67583 \*C



## **Acronyms**

Acronym	Description			
CE	Chip Enable			
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor			
DLAM	Defense Logistics Agency Land and Maritime			
DNU	Do Not Use			
EDAC	Error Detection and Correction			
I/O	Input/Output			
LET	Linear Energy Transfer			
ŌĒ	Output Enable			
QML	Qualified Manufacturers List			
SEC-DED	Single Error Correction – Double Error Detection			
SEL	Single-Event Latch-up			
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory			
TSOP	Thin Small Outline Package			
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic			
WE	Write Enable			

## **Document Conventions**

#### **Units of Measure**

Symbol	Unit of Measure			
°C	degree Celsius			
MHz	megahertz			
μΑ	microampere			
μs	microsecond			
mA	milliampere			
ns	nanosecond			
%	percent			
pF	picofarad			
V	volt			
W	watt			

# **Glossary**

**Total Dose** Permanent device damage due to ions over device life

**Heavy Ion** Instantaneous device latch up due to single ion **LET** Linear energy transfer (measured in MeVcm²)

**Krad** Unit of measurement to determine device life in radiation environments.

**Neutron** Permanent device damage due to energetic neutrons or protons

**Prompt Dose** Data loss of permanent device damage due to X-rays and gamma rays <20 ns

RadStop Technology Cypress's patented Rad Hard design methodology

**QML V** Space level certification from DSCC.

**DLAM** Defense Logistics Agency Land and Maritime

LSBU Logical Single Bit Upset. Single bits in a single correction word are in error.

LMBU Logical Multi Bit Upset. Multiple bits in a single correction word are in error



# **Document History Page**

Rev.	ECN No.	Origin of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	3098986	HRP	12/01/2010	New data sheet.
*A	3181475	PRAS	02/24/2011	Updated Package Diagram (Replaced 44-pin TSOP II package with 36-pin fla package).
*B	3438781	HRP	11/14/2011	Updated Package Diagram (to current revision).
*C	3554946	HRP	03/19/2012	Changed status from Preliminary to Final. Updated Radiation Performance (Updated Radiation Data, Prototyping Options). Updated Features (Added (P <sub>MAX</sub> = 315 mW)). Updated Functional Description (Added the paragraph "Easy memory expansion is provided by utilizing OE, CE, and tri-state drivers."). Updated Maximum Ratings (DC voltage applied to outputs in High Z state, DC input voltage). Updated AC Switching Characteristics(Changed the maximum value of tparameter from 7 ns to 6 ns). Updated Ordering Information (Additional part numbers added).
*D	3887928	HRP	02/07/2013	Updated Radiation Performance (Updated Processing Flows (Replaced V grade with Q grade), Prototyping Options (Added non-radiation hard, replaced V grade with Q grade)). Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers).
*E	4208547	VINI	12/03/2013	Updated Radiation Performance: Updated Processing Flows: Added "V Grade - Class V flow in compliance with MIL-PRF 38535". Updated Prototyping Options: Updated the first bullet as "CYPT1049DV33 protos with same functional and timing as flight units using non-radiation hardened die". Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers). Updated Package Diagram: spec 001-67583 – Changed revision from *A to *B. Updated in new template. Completing Sunset Review.
*F	4571914	VINI	11/17/2014	Added related documentation hyperlink in page 1. Updated Figure 9 in Package Diagram (spec 001-67583 *B to *C).



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