## Data Sheet



## Description

The Super 0.5 W Power PLCC-4 SMT LED is an extension of Power PLCC-4 SMT LEDs. The package can be driven at high current due to its superior package design. The product is able to dissipate the heat more efficiently compared to the Power PLCC-4 SMT LEDs. These LEDs produce higher light output with better flux performance compared to the Power PLCC-4 SMT LED.

The Super 0.5 W Power PLCC-4 SMT LEDs are designed for higher reliability, better performance, and operate under a wide range of environmental conditions. The performance characteristics of these new mid-power LEDs make them uniquely suitable for use in harsh conditions such as in automotive applications, and in electronics signs and signals.

To facilitate easy pick and place assembly, the LEDs are packed in EIA-compliant tape and reel. Every reel is shipped in single intensity and color bin (except for red), to provide close uniformity.

Super 0.5 W Power PLCC-4 SMT LED is available in red, red orange and amber colors.

## Features

- Industry Standard PLCC 4 platform ( $3.2 \times 2.8 \times 1.9$ mm)
- High reliability package with enhanced silicone resin encapsulation
- High intensity brightness with optimum flux performance using AllnGaP chip technologies
- Available in Red, Red Orange and Amber colors
- High optical efficiency
- Available in 8 mm carrier tape and 7 inch reel
- Low thermal resistance
- Super wide viewing angle at 120 degrees
- Longer life time with minimum degradation due to enhanced Silicone resin material
- JEDEC MSL 2a


## Applications

- Exterior automotive
- Turn signals
- Side repeaters
- CHSML
- Rear combination lamp
- Side markers
- Truck clearance lamp
- Electronic signs and signals
- Channel lettering
- Contour lighting
- Indoor variable message sign
- Office automation, home appliances, industrial equipment
- Front panel backlighting
- Push button backlighting
- Display backlighting


## Package Drawing



NOTES: 1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS.
2. LEAD POLARITY AS SHOWN IN FIGURE 13.
3. TERMINAL FINISH: Ag PLATING.
4. ENCAPSULATION MATERIAL: SILICONE RESIN.

Figure 1. Package drawing

Table 1. Device Selection Guide ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Color | Part Number | Luminous Flux, $\Phi{ }^{[1]}$ (Im) |  |  |  | Dice Technology |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Min. Flux } \\ & \text { (Im) } \end{aligned}$ | Typ. Flux (Im) | Max. Flux (Im) | Test Current (mA) |  |
| Amber | ASMT-QAB2-FDE0E | 9.0 | 11.4 | 15.0 | 150 | AllngaP |
| Red Orange | ASMT-QHB2-FEF0E | 11.5 | 14.0 | 19.5 | 150 | AllngaP |
| Red | ASMT-QRB2-FCD0E | 7.0 | 9.8 | 11.5 | 150 | AllnGaP |
| Notes: <br> 1. $\Phi_{\mathrm{V}}$ is the to <br> 2. Tolerance $=$ | inous flux output as me | $d$ with an in | ting sphere | ono pulse co |  |  |

## Part Numbering System

ASMT-Q X $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ B $2-\mathrm{F}_{2} \mathrm{X}_{3} \mathrm{X}_{4} \mathrm{X}_{5}$

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Parameters | ASMT-QxB2-Fxxxx |
| :--- | :--- |
| DC Forward Current ${ }^{[1]}$ | 150 mA |
| Peak Forward Current ${ }^{[2]}$ | 200 mA |
| Power Dissipation | 470 mW |
| Reverse Voltage | 5 V |
| Junction Temperature | $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating Temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Notes:

1. Derate I inearly as shown in Figure 6.
2. Duty Factor $=10 \%$, Frequency $=1 \mathrm{kHz}$.

Table 3. Optical Characteristics ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=\mathbf{2 5 ^ { \circ }} \mathrm{C}$ )

|  |  | Dic | Dominant Wavelength $\lambda_{D}{ }^{[1]}(\mathrm{nm})$ | Viewing Angle 2 $\theta^{1 / 2} 2^{[2]}$ (Degrees) | Luminous Efficiency <br> $\eta_{\mathrm{e}}(\mathrm{Im} / \mathrm{W})$ | Total Flux/ Luminous Intensity $\mathrm{FV}(\mathrm{lm}) / \mathrm{Iv}(\mathrm{cd})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Color | Part Number | Technology | Typ. | Typ. | Typ. | Typ. |
| Amber | ASMT-QAB2-Fxxxx | AllnGaP | 594.5 | 120 | 28 | 3.3 |
| Red Orange | ASMT-QHB2-Fxxxx | AllnGaP | 617.0 | 120 | 35 | 3.3 |
| Red | ASMT-QRB2-Fxxxx | AllnGaP | 624.0 | 120 | 21 | 3.3 |

Notes:

1. The dominant wavelength, $\lambda_{D}$, is derived from the CIE Chromaticity diagram and represents the color of the device.
2. $\theta_{1 / 2}$ is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is $1 / 2$ the peak intensity.

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=\mathbf{2 5 ^ { \circ }}$ )

| Part Number | Forward Voltage $V_{F}$ <br> (Volts) @ $I_{\mathrm{F}}=150 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | Reverse Voltage $V_{R} @ 100 \mu A$ | Thermal Resistance $R \theta_{J-p}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Typ. | Max. | Min. |  |
| ASMT-QAB2-Fxxxx | 2.70 | 3.25 | 5 | 60 |
| ASMT-QHB2-Fxxxx | 2.70 | 3.25 | 5 | 60 |
| ASMT-QRB2-Fxxxx | 3.10 | 3.55 | 5 | 60 |



Figure 2. Relative intensity vs. wavelength


Figure 4. Relative intensity vs. forward current


Figure 6a. Maximum forward current vs. ambient temperature. Derated based on TJmax $=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{R} \theta_{J-\mathrm{A}}=130^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}, 110^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}, 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ and $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$.


Figure 3. Forward current vs. forward voltage


Figure 5. Relative intensity vs. temperature


Figure 6b. Maximum forward current vs. solder point temperature. Derated based on $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{max}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{RJp}=60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$.


Figure 7a. Maximum pulse current vs. ambient temperature. Derated based on $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{R} \theta_{-\mathrm{A}}=110^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$.


Figure 8. Dominant wavelength vs. forward current - AllnGaP devices


Figure 10. Radiation pattern


Figure 7b. Maximum pulse current vs. ambient temperature.Derated vased on $T_{A}=85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, R \theta_{J-p}=110^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$.


Figure 9. Forward voltage shift vs. temperature


Figure11. Recommended pick and place nozzle size



Figure 12. Recommended Pb -free reflow soldering profile
Note: For detail information on reflow soldering of Avago surface mount LEDs, do refer to Avago Application Note AN 1060 Surface Mounting SMT LED Indicator Components.


Figure 13. Recommended soldering pad pattern


Figure 14. Tape leader and trailer dimensions


Figure 15. Tape dimensions


## Figure 16. Reeling orientation

## Device Color ( $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ )

| A | Amber |
| :---: | :---: |
| H | Red Orange |
| R | Red |

## Flux Bin Select ( $\mathrm{X}_{2} \mathrm{X}_{3}$ )

Individual reel will contain parts from one bin only.

| $X_{2}$ | Min Flux Bin |
| :--- | :--- |
| $X_{3}$ | Max Flux Bin |

## Flux Bin Limits

| Bin ID | Min. (Im) | Max. (Im) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 4.30 | 5.50 |
| B | 5.50 | 7.00 |
| C | 7.00 | 9.00 |
| D | 9.00 | 11.50 |
| E | 11.50 | 15.00 |
| F | 15.00 | 19.50 |
| G | 19.50 | 25.50 |
| H | 25.50 | 33.00 |
| J | 33.00 | 43.00 |
| K | 43.00 | 56.00 |
| L | 56.00 | 73.00 |

Tolerance of each bin limit $= \pm 12 \%$.

Color Bin Select ( $\mathrm{X}_{4}$ )
Individual reel will contain parts from one full bin only.

| $X_{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Full Distribution |
| A | 1 and 2 only |
| B | 2 and 3 only |
| C | 3 and 4 only |
| D | 4 and 5 only |
| E | 5 and 6 only |
| G | 1,2 and 3 only |
| H | 2,3 and 4 only |
| J | 3,4 and 5 only |
| K | 4,5 and 6 only |
| M | $1,2,3$ and 4 only |
| N | $2,3,4$ and 5 only |
| P | $3,4,5$ and 6 only |
| R | $1,2,3,4$ and 5 only |
| S | $2,3,4,5$ and 6 only |
| $Z$ | Special Color Bin |

Color Bin Limits

| Amber/Yellow | Min. (nm) | Max. (nm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 583.0 | 586.0 |
| 3 | 586.0 | 589.0 |
| 4 | 589.0 | 592.0 |
| 5 | 592.0 | 595.0 |
| 6 | 595.0 | 598.0 |
| Red Orange | Min. (nm) | Max. (nm) |
| 1 | 611.0 | 616.0 |
| 2 | 616.0 | 620.0 |
| 3 | 620.0 | 625.0 |
| Red |  |  |
| Min. (nm) | Max. (nm) |  |
| Full Distribution | 620.0 | 635.0 |

Tolerance of each bin limit $= \pm 1 \mathrm{~nm}$.

## $V_{F}$ Binning

| Bin | Min. | Max. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 D | 2.35 | 2.50 |
| 2 E | 2.50 | 2.65 |
| 2 F | 2.65 | 2.80 |
| 2 G | 2.80 | 2.95 |
| 2 H | 2.95 | 3.10 |
| 2 J | 3.10 | 3.25 |
| 2 K | 3.25 | 3.40 |
| 2 L | 3.40 | 3.55 |

Tolerance of each bin $= \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V}$.

## Packaging Option ( $\mathrm{X}_{5}$ )

| Option | Test Current | Package Type | Reel Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E | 150 mA | Top Mount | 7 Inch |

## Handling Precaution

The encapsulation of the product is made of silicone for better reliability of the product. As silicone is a soft material, please do not press on the silicone or poke a sharp object onto the silicone. This might damage the product and cause premature failure. During assembly or handling, the unit should be held on the body only. Please refer to Avago Application Note AN 5288 for detailed information.

## Moisture Sensitivity

This product is qualified as Moisture Sensitive Level 2a per Jedec J-STD-020. Precaution when handling this moisture sensitive product is important to ensure the reliability of the product. Do refer to Avago Application Note AN5305 Handling of Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices for details.
A. Storage before use

- Unopen moisture barrier bag (MBB) can be stored at $\angle 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 90 \% \mathrm{RH}$ for 12 months. If the actual shelf life has exceeded 12 months and the HIC indicates that baking is not required, then it is safe to reflow the LEDs per the original MSL rating.
B. Control after opening the MBB
- The humidity indicator card (HIC) shall be read immediately upon opening of MBB.
- The LEDs must be kept at $<30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 60 \% \mathrm{RH}$ at all times and all high temperature related processes, including soldering, curing or rework, need to be completed within 672 hours.
C. Control for unfinished reel
- For any unused LEDs, they need to be stored in sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at $<5 \%$ RH.
D. Control of assembled boards
- If the PCB soldered with the LEDs is to be subjected to other high temperature processes, the PCB needs to be stored in sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at $<5 \%$ RH to ensure no LEDs have exceeded their floor life of 672 hours.
E. Baking is required if:
- " $10 \%$ " is Not Green and " $5 \%$ " HIC indicator is Azure.
- The LEDs are exposed to condition of $>30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 60 \%$ RH at any time.
- The LEDs floor life exceeded 672 hours.

Recommended baking condition: $60 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 20 hours.

