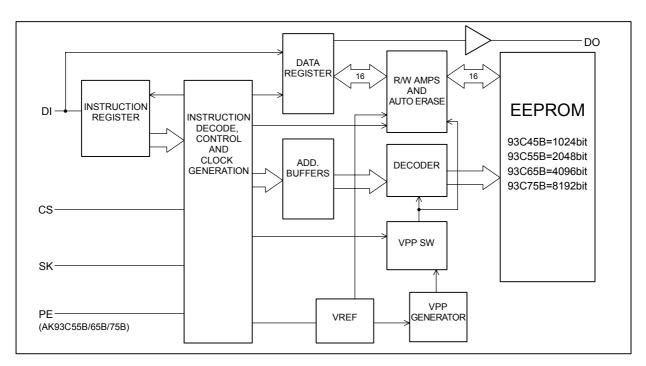


# AK93C45B / 55B / 65B / 75B

1K / 2K / 4K / 8Kbit Serial CMOS EEPROM

#### **Features**

- ☐ ADVANCED CMOS EEPROM TECHNOLOGY
- ☐ READ/WRITE NON-VOLATILE MEMORY
- ☐ WIDE VCC OPERATION: VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V
- ☐ AK93C45B ·· 1024 bits, 64 x 16 organization
  - AK93C55B •• 2048 bits, 128 x 16 organization
  - AK93C65B ••4096 bits, 256 x 16 organization
  - AK93C75B 8192 bits, 512 x 16 organization
- ☐ SERIAL INTERFACE
  - Interfaces with popular microcontrollers and standard microprocessors
- ☐ LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
  - 0.8μA Max. Standby
- ☐ High Reliability
  - Endurance : 100K cyclesData Retention : 10 years
- ☐ Automatic address increment (READ)
- ☐ Automatic write cycle time-out with auto-ERASE
- ☐ Busy/Ready status signal
- ☐ Software controlled write protection
- ☐ IDEAL FOR LOW DENSITY DATA STORAGE
  - Low cost, space saving, 8-pin package (MSOP, SON)



**Block Diagram** 

## **General Description**

The AK93C45B/55B/65B/75B is a 1024/2048/4096/8192-bit serial CMOS EEPROM divided into 64/128/256/512 registers of 16 bits each. The AK93C45B/55B/65B/75B has 4 instructions such as READ, WRITE, EWEN and EWDS. Those instructions control the AK93C45B/55B/65B/75B.

The AK93C45B/55B/65B/75B can operate full function under wide operating voltage range from 1.8V to 5.5V. The charge up circuit is integrated for high voltage generation that is used for write operation.

A serial interface of AK93C45B/55B/65B/75B, consisting of chip select (CS), serial clock (SK), data-in (DI) and data-out (DO), can easily be controlled by popular microcontrollers or standard microprocessors. AK93C45B/55B/65B/75B takes in the write data from data input pin (DI) to a register synchronously with rising edge of input pulse of serial clock pin (SK). And at read operation, AK93C45B/55B/65B/75B takes out the read data from a register to data output pin (DO) synchronously with rising edge of SK.

The DO pin is usually in high impedance state. The DO pin outputs "L" or "H" in case of data output or Busy/Ready signal output.

### Software and Hardware controlled write protection

When VCC is applied to the part, the part automatically powers up in the ERASE/WRITE Disable state. In the ERASE/WRITE disable state, execution of WRITE instruction is disabled. Before WRITE instruction is executed, EWEN instruction must be executed. The ERASE/WRITE enable state continues until EWDS instruction is executed or VCC is removed from the part.

Execution of a read instruction is independent of both EWEN and EWDS instructions.

The PE is internally pulled up to VCC. If the PE is left unconnected, the part will accept WRITE, EWEN and EWDS instructions. ••AK93C55B/65B/75B

#### Busy/Ready status signal

After a write instruction, the DO output serves as a Busy/Ready status indicator. After the falling edge of the CS initiates the self-timed programming cycle, the DO indicates the Busy/Ready status of the chip if the CS is brought high after a minimum of 250ns (Tcs). DO=logical "0" indicates that programming is still in progress. DO=logical "1" indicates that the register at the address specified in the instruction has been written with the new data pattern contained in the instruction and the part is ready for a next instruction.

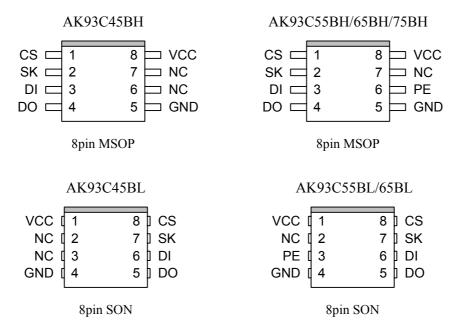
The Busy/Ready status indicator is only valid when CS is active (high). When CS is low, the DO output goes into a high impedance state.

The Busy/Ready signal outputs until a start bit (Logic"1") of the next instruction is given to the part.

### ■ Type of Products

Model	Memory size	Temp. Range	VCC	Package	
AK93C45BH	1K bits	-40°C to +85°C	1.8V to 5.5V	8pin Plastic MSOP	
AK93C45BL	IK DIIS	-40°C to +85°C	1.8V to 5.5V	8pin Plastic SON	
AK93C55BH	2K bits	-40°C to +85°C	1.8V to 5.5V	8pin Plastic MSOP	
AK93C55BL	ZK DIIS	-40°C to +85°C	1.8V to 5.5V	8pin Plastic SON	
AK93C65BH	4K bits	-40°C to +85°C	1.8V to 5.5V	8pin Plastic MSOP	
AK93C65BL	4K 0115	-40°C to +85°C	1.8V to 5.5V	8pin Plastic SON	
AK93C75BH	8K bits	-40°C to +85°C	1.8V to 5.5V	8pin Plastic MSOP	

## Pin Arrangement



Pin Name	Function
CS	Chip Select
SK	Serial Data Clock
DI	Serial Data Input
DO	Serial Data Output
GND	Ground
PE	Program Enable
VCC	Power Supply
NC	Not Connected

(note) The PE is internally pulled up to VCC ( R = typ.2.5M $\Omega$ , VCC=5V ).

## **Functional Description**

The AK93C45B/55B/65B/75B has 4 instructions such as READ, WRITE, EWEN and EWDS. A valid instruction consists of a Start Bit (Logic"1"), the appropriate Op Code and the desired memory Address location.

The CS pin must be brought low for a minimum of 250ns (Tcs) between each instruction when the instruction is continuously executed.

Instruction	Start Bit	Op Code	Address	Data	Comments
READ	1	10	A5-A0	D15-D0	Reads data stored in memory, at specified address.
WRITE	1	01	A5-A0	D15-D0	Writes register.
EWEN	1	00	11XXXX		Write enable must precede all programming modes.
EWDS	1	00	00XXXX		Disables all programming instructions.
WRAL	1	00	01XXXX	D15-D0	Writes all registers.

X: Don't care

table 1. Instruction Set for the AK93C45B

Instruction	Start Bit	Op Code	Address	Data	Comments
READ	1	10	X A6-A0	D15-D0	Reads data stored in memory, at specified address.
WRITE	1	01	X A6-A0	D15-D0	Writes register.
EWEN	1	00	11XXXXXX		Write enable must precede all programming modes.
EWDS	1	00	00XXXXXX		Disables all programming instructions.
WRAL	1	00	01XXXXXX	D15-D0	Writes all registers.

X: Don't care

table2. Instruction Set for the AK93C55B

Instruction	Start Bit	Op Code	Address	Data	Comments
READ	1	10	A7-A0	D15-D0	Reads data stored in memory, at specified address.
WRITE	1	01	A7-A0	D15-D0	Writes register.
EWEN	1	00	11XXXXXX		Write enable must precede all programming modes.
EWDS	1	00	00XXXXXX		Disables all programming instructions.
WRAL	1	00	01XXXXXX	D15-D0	Writes all registers.

X: Don't care

table3. Instruction Set for the AK93C65B

Instruction	Start Bit	Op Code	Address	Data	Comments
READ	1	10	X A8-A0	D15-D0	Reads data stored in memory, at specified address.
WRITE	1	01	X A8-A0	D15-D0	Writes register.
EWEN	1	00	11XXXXXXXX		Write enable must precede all programming modes.
EWDS	1	00	00XXXXXXXX		Disables all programming instructions.
WRAL	1	00	01XXXXXXXX	D15-D0	Writes all registers.

X: Don't care

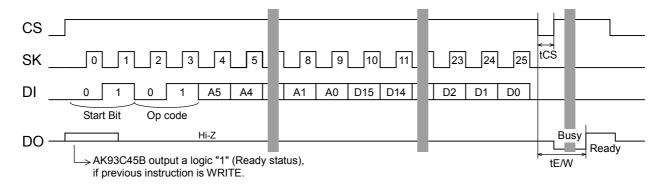
table4. Instruction Set for the AK93C75B

(Note) • The WRAL instruction are used for factory function test only. User can't use the WRAL instruction.

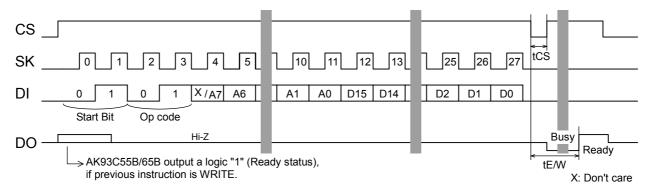
• The AK93C45B/55B/65B/75B perceives the start bit in the logic"1" and also "01".

#### **WRITE**

The write instruction is followed by 16 bits of data to be written into the specified address. After the last bit of data is put on the DI pin, the CS pin must be brought low before the next rising edge of the SK clock. This falling edge of the CS initiates the self-timed programming cycle. The DO indicates the Busy/Ready status of the chip if the CS is brought high after a minimum of 250ns (Tcs). DO=logical "0" indicates that programming is still in progress. DO=logical "1" indicates that the register at the address specified in the instruction has been written with the new data pattern contained in the instruction and the part is ready for a next instruction.

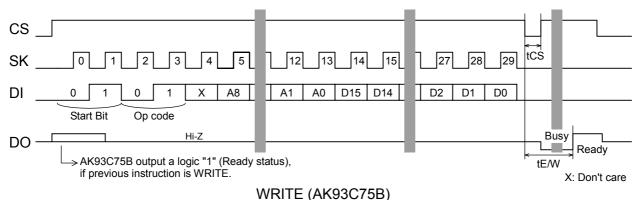


WRITE (AK93C45B)



\*Address bit A7 becomes a "don't care" for AK93C55B.

### WRITE (AK93C55B/65B)



( .... ( .... ( .... )

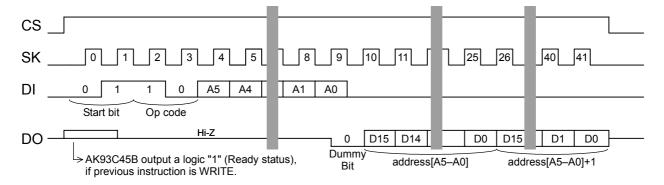
### **READ**

The read instruction is the only instruction which outputs serial data on the DO pin.

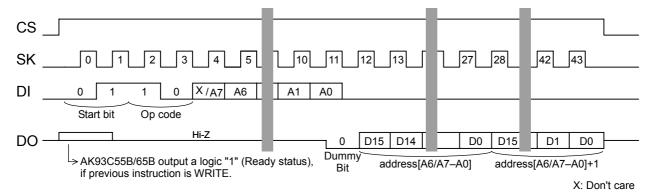
Following the Start bit, first Op code and address are decoded, then the data from the selected memory location is available at the DO pin. A dummy bit (logical "0") precedes the 16-bit data from the selected memory location. The output data changes are synchronized with the rising edges of the serial clock (SK).

The data in the next address can be read sequentially by continuing to provide clock. The address automatically cycles to the next higher address after the 16bit data shifted out.

When the highest address is reached, the address counter rolls over to address \$00 or \$000 allowing the read cycle to be continued indefinitely.

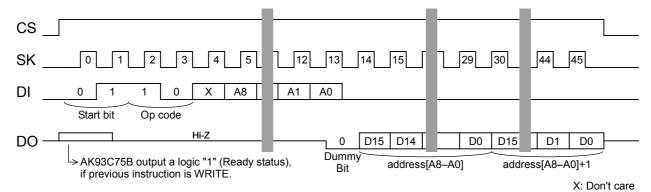


## READ (AK93C45B)



\*Address bit A7 becomes a "don't care" for AK93C55B.

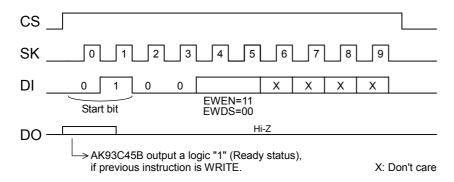
#### READ (AK93C55B/65B)



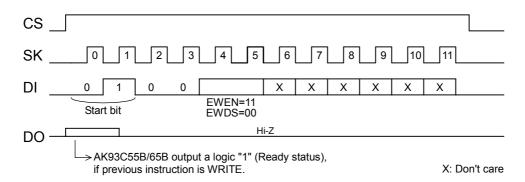
READ (AK93C75B)

#### **EWEN / EWDS**

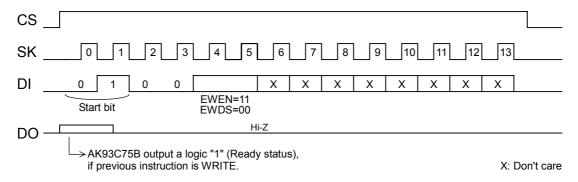
When VCC is applied to the part, the part automatically powers up in the ERASE/WRITE Disable state. In the ERASE/WRITE disable state, execution of WRITE instruction is disable. Before WRITE instruction is executed, EWEN instruction must be executed. The ERASE/WRITE enable state continues until EWDS instruction is executed or VCC is removed from the part. Execution of a read instruction is independent of both EWEN and EWDS instructions.



EWEN / EWDS (AK93C45B)



EWEN / EWDS (AK93C55B/65B)



EWEN / EWDS (AK93C75B)

# Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Power Supply	VCC	-0.6	+7.0	V
All Input Voltages with Respect to Ground	VIO	-0.6	VCC+0.6	V
Ambient storage temperature	Tst	-65	+150	°C

Stress above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## Recommended Operating Condition

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Power Supply	VCC	1.8	5.5	V
Ambient Operating Temperature	Ta	-40	+85	°C

# **Electrical Characteristics**

## (1) D.C. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### ♦AK93C45B/55B/65B

(  $1.8V \le VCC \le 5.5V$ ,  $-40^{\circ}C \le Ta \le 85^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified )

Paremeter	Symbol	Cond	dition		Min.	Max.	Unit
Current Dissipation	ICC1	VCC=5.5V, tS	KP=1.0μs, '	*1		4.0	mA
(WRITE)	ICC2	VCC=1.8V,	93C45B			1.5	mA
		tSKP=4μs,*1	93C55B/65B	В		2.0	mA
Current Dissipation	ICC3	VCC=5.5V, tS	KP=1.0μs, '	*1		0.5	mA
(READ, EWEN, EWDS)	ICC4	VCC=2.5V, tS	KP=2.0μs, *	*1		0.2	mA
	ICC5	VCC=1.8V, tS	KP=4.0μs, '	*1		0.1	mA
Current Dissipation (Standby)	ICCsb	VCC=5.5V	,	*2		0.8	μА
Input High Voltage	VIH1	VCC=5.0V±1	0%		2.0	VCC + 0.5	V
	VIH2	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤	5.5V		0.8 x VCC	VCC + 0.5	V
	VIH3	1.8V ≤ VCC <	2.5V		0.8 x VCC	VCC + 0.5	V
Input Low Voltage	VIL1	VCC=5.0V±1	0%		-0.1	0.8	V
	VIL2	$2.5V \le VCC \le 5.5V$			-0.1	0.15 x VCC	V
	VIL3	1.8V ≤ VCC <	2.5V		-0.1	0.2 x VCC	V
Output High Voltage	VOH1	VCC=5.0V±10 IOH=-0.4mA	0%		2.2		V
	VOH2	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ IOH=-0.1mA	5.5V		0.8 x VCC		V
	VOH3	1.8V ≤ VCC < IOH=-0.1mA	2.5V		0.8 x VCC		V
Output Low Voltage	VOL1	VCC=5.0V±10 IOL=1.5mA	0%			0.4	V
	VOL2	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ IOL=1.0mA	5.5V			0.4	V
	VOL3	1.8V ≤ VCC < IOL=0.1mA	2.5V			0.4	V
Input Leakage	ILI	VCC=5.5V, V	IN=5.5V *	*3		±1.0	μΑ
Output Leakage	ILO	VCC=5.5V, VOUT=5.5V,	CS=GND			±1.0	μА

<sup>\*1:</sup> VIN=VIH/VIL, DO=Open

<sup>\*2:</sup> VIN=VCC/GND, CS=GND, DO=Open, PE=Open(AK93C55B/65B)

<sup>\*3 :</sup> CS, SK, DI pin

## ♦AK93C75B

(  $1.8V \le VCC \le 5.5V$ ,  $-40^{\circ}C \le Ta \le 85^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified )

Paremeter	Symbol	Condition		Min.	Max.	Unit
Current Dissipation	ICC1	VCC=5.5V, tSKP=1.0μs,	*4		4.0	mA
(WRITE)	ICC2	VCC=1.8V, tSKP=4.0μs,	*4		2.0	mA
Current Dissipation	ICC3	VCC=5.5V, tSKP=1.0μs,	*4		0.4	mA
(READ, EWEN, EWDS)	ICC4	VCC=1.8V, tSKP=4.0μs,	*4		0.1	mA
Current Dissipation (Standby)	ICCsB	VCC=5.5V	*5		0.8	μА
Input High Voltage	VIH			0.8 x VCC	VCC + 0.5	V
Input Low Voltage	VIL			-0.1	0.2 x VCC	V
Output High Voltage	VOH1	$2.5V \le VCC \le 5.5V$ IOH=-0.1mA		0.8 x VCC		V
	VOH2	$1.8V \leq VCC < 2.5V$ $IOH=-0.1mA$		0.8 x VCC		V
Output Low Voltage	VOL1	$2.5V \leq VCC \leq 5.5V$ IOL=1.0mA			0.4	V
	VOL2	$\begin{array}{l} 1.8V \leq VCC < 2.5V \\ IOL = 0.1 mA \end{array}$			0.4	V
Input Leakage	ILI	VCC=5.5V, VIN=5.5V	*6		±1.0	μΑ
Output Leakage	ILO	VCC=5.5V, VOUT=5.5V, CS=GND			±1.0	μΑ

\*4: VIN=VIH/VIL, DO=Open

\*5: VIN=VCC/GND, CS=GND, DO=PE=Open

\*6: CS, SK, DI pin

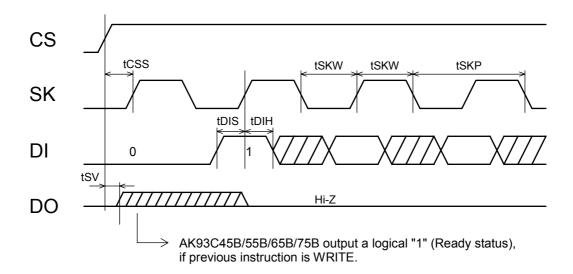
# (2) A.C. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(  $1.8V \le VCC \le 5.5V$ ,  $-40^{\circ}C \le Ta \le 85^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified )

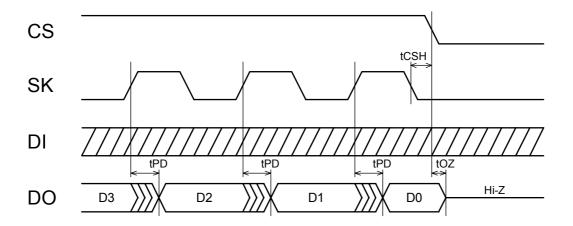
Paremeter	Symbol		Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
SK Cycle Time	tSKP1	4.5V ≤ V(	CC ≤ 5.5V	1.0		μS
	tSKP2	2.0V ≤ V0	CC < 4.5V	2.0		μS
	tSKP3	1.8V ≤ V0	CC < 2.0V	4.0		μS
SK Pulse Width	tSKW1	4.5V ≤ V0	CC ≤ 5.5V	500		ns
	tSKW2	2.0V ≤ V(	CC < 4.5V	1.0		μS
	tSKW3	1.8V ≤ V0	CC < 2.0V	2.0		μS
CS Setup Time	tCSS			100		ns
CS Hold Time	tCSH			0		ns
Data Setup Time	tDIS			200		ns
Data Hold Time	tDIH			200		ns
Output delay *7	tPD1	4.5V ≤ V(	CC ≤ 5.5V		500	ns
	tPD2	2.0V ≤ V0	CC < 4.5V		1.0	μS
	tPD3	1.8V ≤ V0	CC < 2.0V		2.0	μS
Selftimed	tE/W1	93C45B/	55B/65B		10	ms
Programming Time	tE/W2	93C75B	4.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V		8	ms
	tE/W3		1.8V ≤ VCC < 4.5V		10	ms
Min CS Low Time	tCS			250		ns
CS to Status Valid	tSV	CL=100p	F		500	ns
CS to Output High-Z	tOZ1	2.0V ≤ V0	CC ≤ 5.5V		100	ns
	tOZ2	1.8V ≤ V0	CC < 2.0V		250	ns

\*7 : CL=100pF

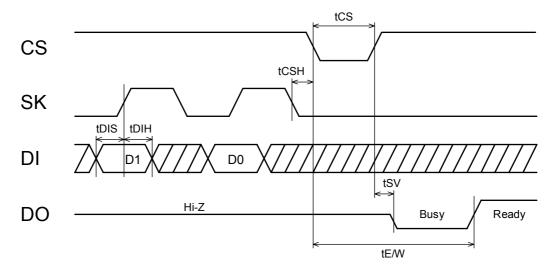
# Synchronous Data timing



The Start of Instruction



The End of Instruction



Busy/Ready Signal Output

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